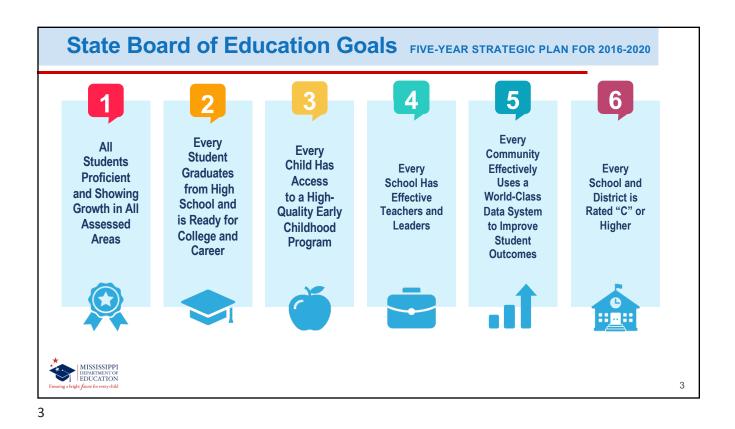
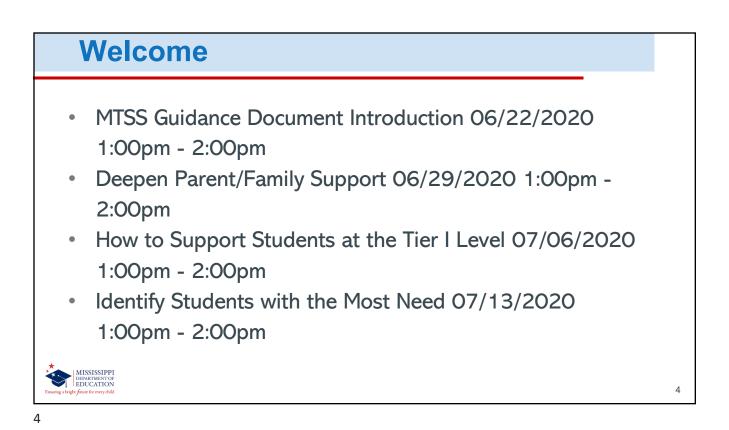
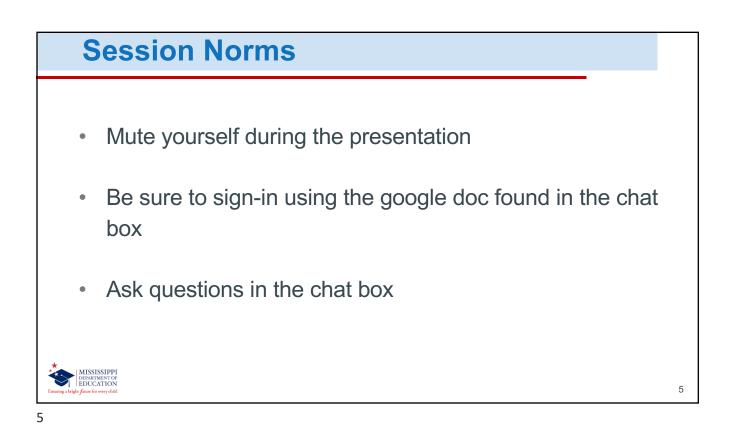


Mississippi Department of Education VISION To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens MISSION To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community







<section-header> b. Acurie Weathersby – Bureau Director b. Melissa Banks – Instructional Technology Specialist c. Jayda Brantley – Intervention Specialist c. Jen Cornett – Gifted Specialist Sandy Elliott – English Learner Specialist c. Ginger Koestler – Behavior Specialist c. Mat Sheriff – Intervention Specialist



Purpose

- MTSS Overview and Components
- Section Breakdown
- Gifted
- English learner
- Section 17 Distance Learning
- Question and Answer



Introduction

INTRODUCTION

This Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) guidance document is designed to:

- 1. Assist stakeholders in understanding a Multi-Tiered System of Supports
- 2. Provide an in-depth look at the essential components of an effective MTSS Model
- 3. Clarify the usefulness and value of MTSS in regard to student outcomes

4. Explain best practices for the implementation of MTSS for ALL students.

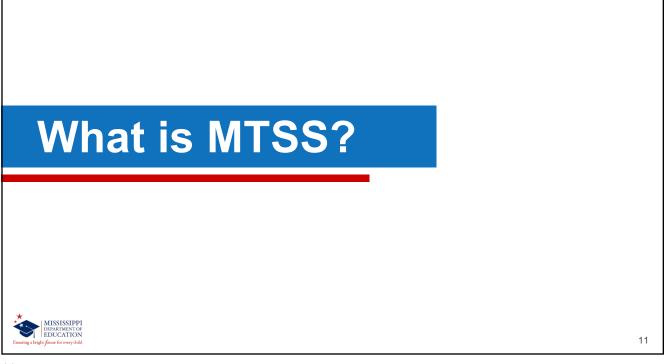
The information in this guidance document is not intended to be a substitute for training; it is intended to increase understanding of the MTSS framework and the Three-Tiered Model. For additional supports or training on MTSS and the Three-Tiered Model, please contact Intervention Services in The Office of Elementary Education and Reading or visit our Menu of Services.



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Purpose PURPOSE The purpose of the MTSS Guidance Document is to aid in the effective implementation of a three-tiered instructional model in order to support and increase academic, behavioral, and social emotional outcomes for ALL students. This guide addresses the complexity of multi-tiered decision making and identifies critical decision points within Tier I (universal or core instruction for all students), Tier II (supplemental instruction), and Tier III (intensive supports). In addition, this guidance document will provide best practice recommendations and requirements within a MTSS framework that includes the effective selection and implementation of decision making teams, gathering accurate and reliable data that can be used to make meaningful instructional changes for students, establishing and managing intensive tiers of support, and evaluations of the tiers to ensure the supports provided are effective. MISSISSIPP EDUCATION 10







MTSS

 A multi-tiered system of supports is a framework for effective team-based problem solving that is data-informed, evidence-based, and flexible enough to meet the academic and behavioral needs of all students.



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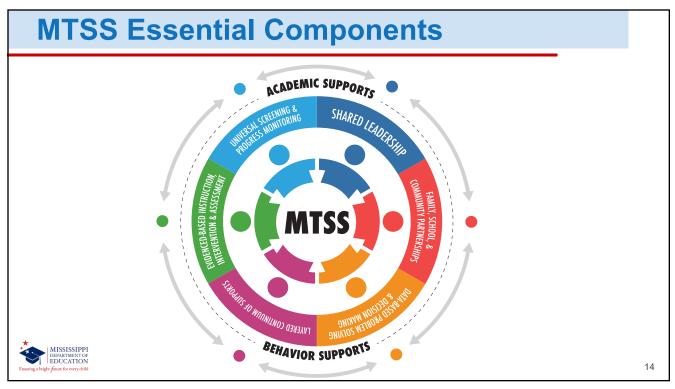






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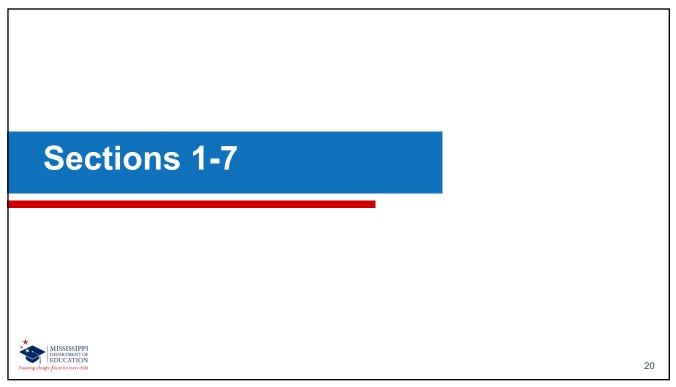
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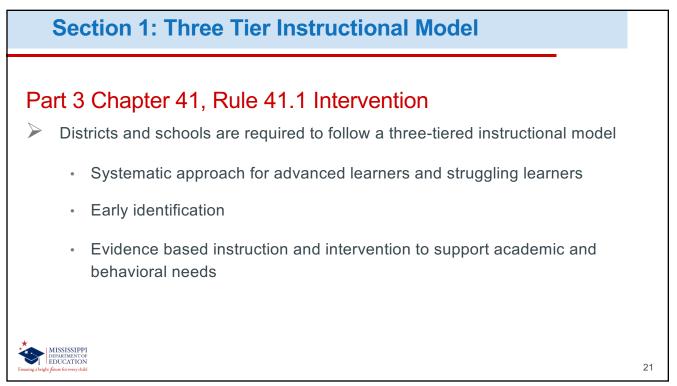
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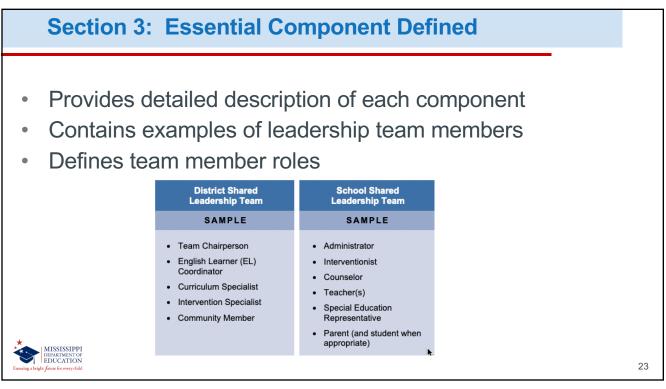
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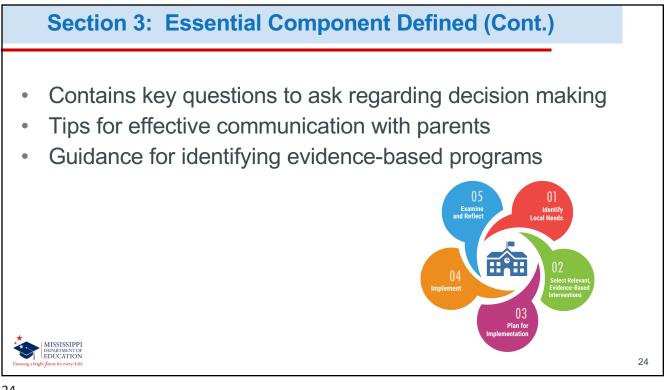
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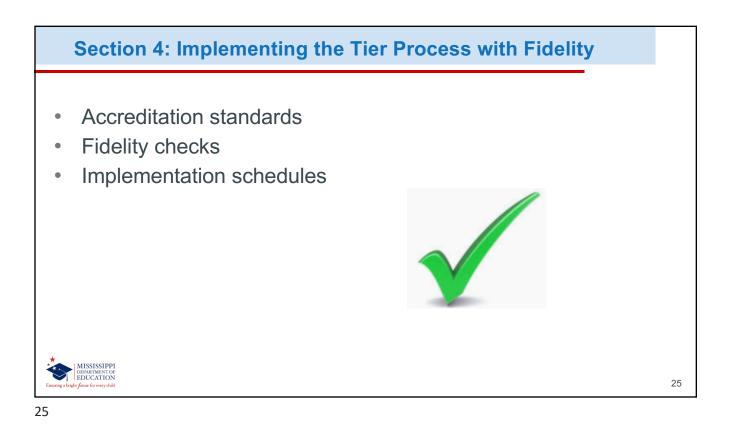


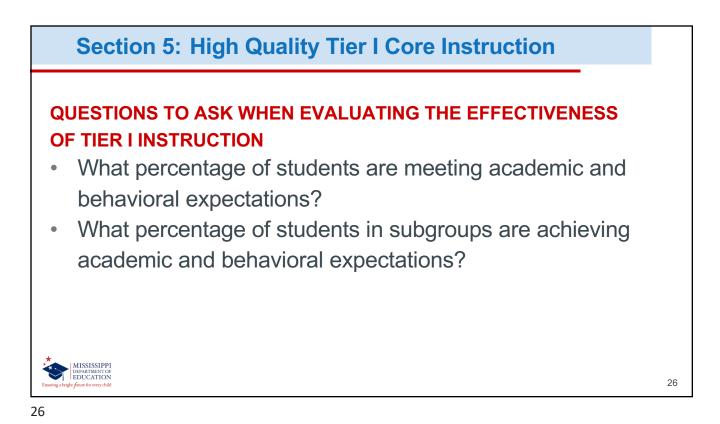


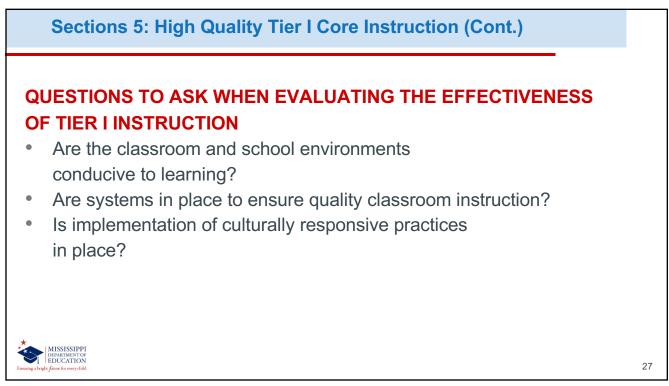


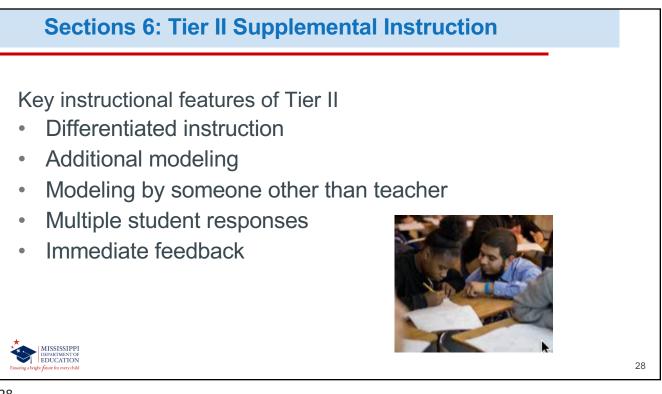


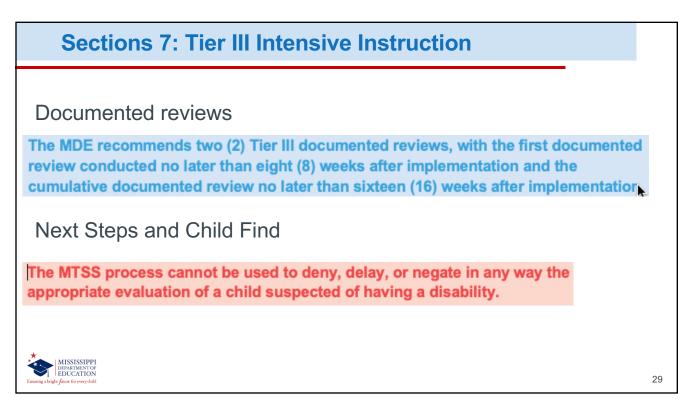












Sections 8-10



Section 8: Behavior

- Behavior instruction and interventions are best provided through PBIS at each of the tiers.
- Tier I includes broad positive expectations that should be school, program, or facility wide.
- Tier II includes interventions for those students who are not making progress with Tier I supports. (Make sure you look out for internalizing behaviors!)
- Tier III is for students who are not making progress with Tier II supports and should be individualized to each student.

(What is the function?)

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Sections 9: Counselors

 School counselors play a significant role in supporting positive student behavior and academic success by participating as members of the shared leadership team, coordinating and implementing the school's behavior intervention systems, facilitating Tier I behavior screeners, and providing group and individual counseling, to promote equity for all students.

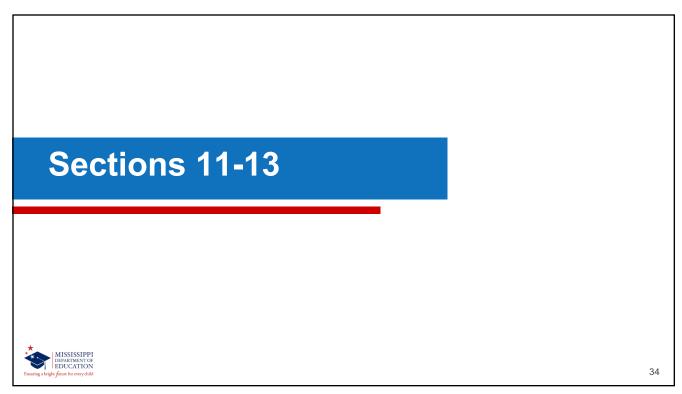


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Section 10: Absenteeism

 A student who misses 10% or more of school days for any reason (including excused, unexcused, suspensions) is considered chronically absent and at risk for falling behind academically!

| | | THRESHOLD: Number of Days Absent | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------|
| | STATUS | Each Quarter | Full Year |
| | On track to graduate (Tier I) | 2 days or less | 9 days |
| | Sliding (Tier II) | 3-5 days | 10-18 days |
| | Off track (Tier III) | 5 days | 18 days |
| | Source: www.kidscount.ssrc.msstate.edu | | |
| MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION right future for every child | | | |
| • J,, | | | |



Section 11: Developing an IRP

- The Literacy Based Promotion Act requires that intensive reading instruction and intervention begin for students immediately following the identification of a reading deficiency.
- Individual Reading Plans should be created for kindergarten and 1st – 3rd grade students with a substantial reading deficiency.

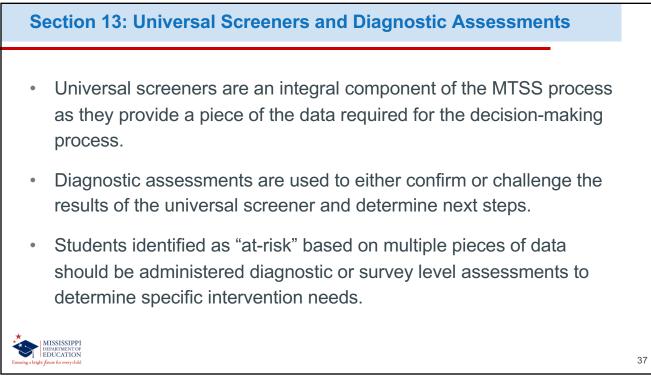


Section 12: Utilizing the Documentation Packet

 The MTSS Documentation Packet was created to assist districts, schools, and educators with the documentation and implementation of interventions as well as the Literacy-Based Promotion Act (LBPA). The packet provides the means to reflect on policies and practices at the classroom, school, and district level in order to continually improve student outcomes.



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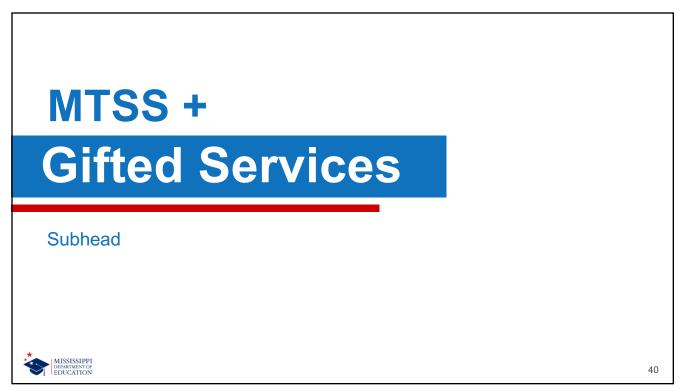


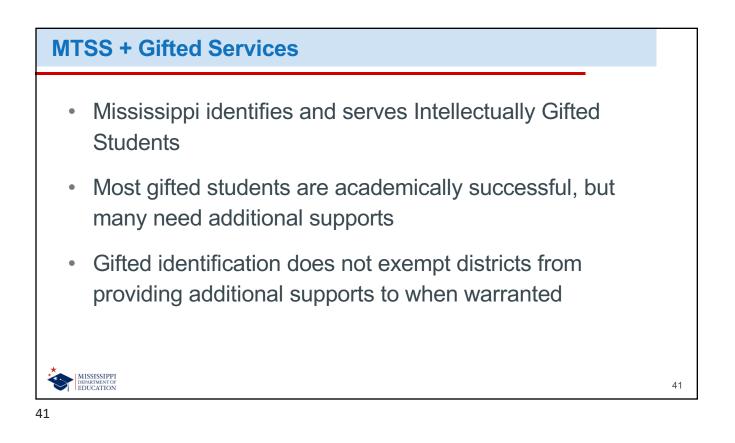


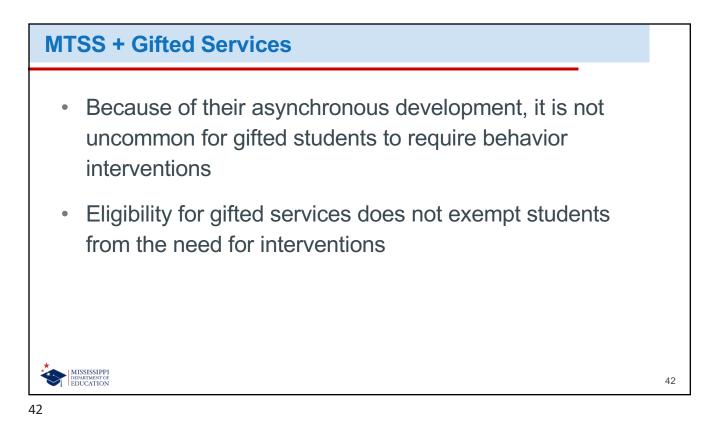
Section 14: Additional Considerations

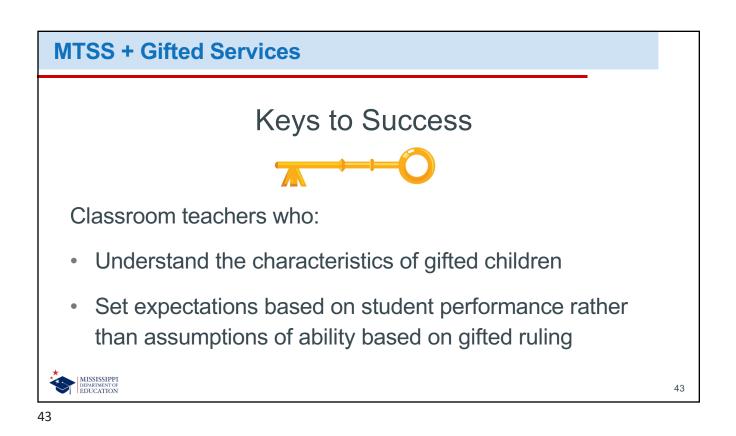
- Early Childhood
- Dyslexia
- Differentiation with Accommodations and Modifications
- MTSS at the Secondary Level
- Special Education
- Section 504

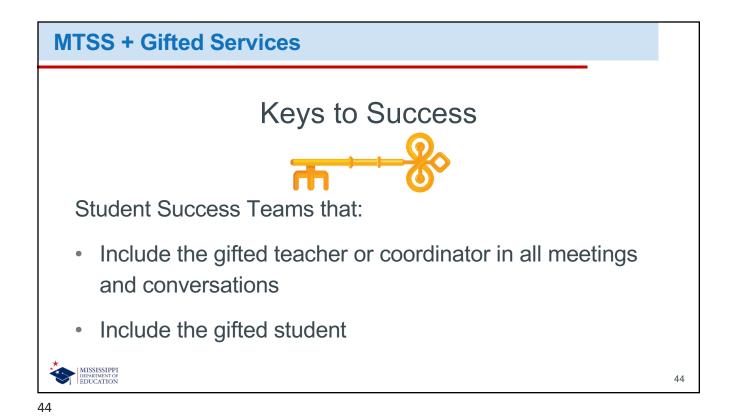


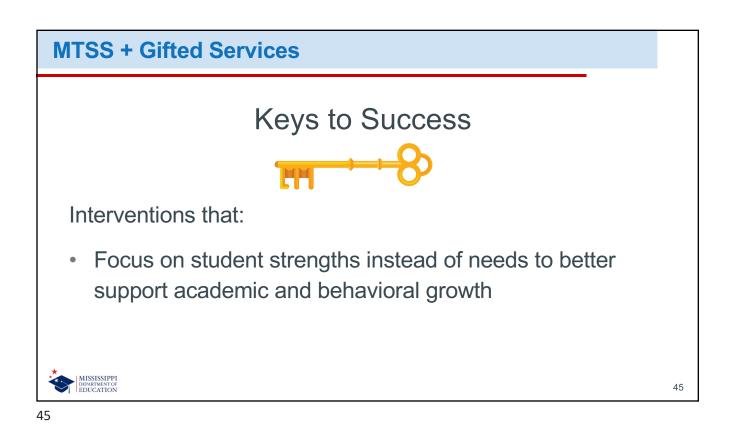


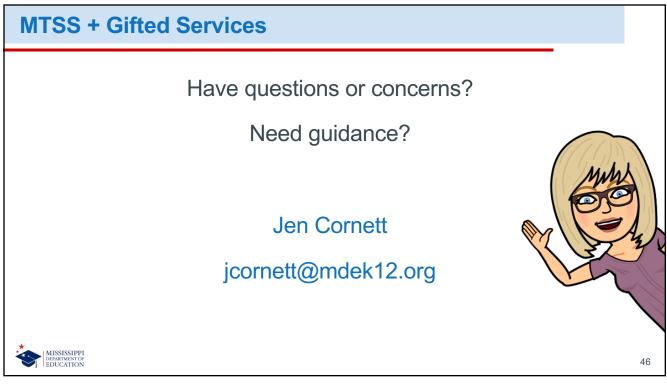




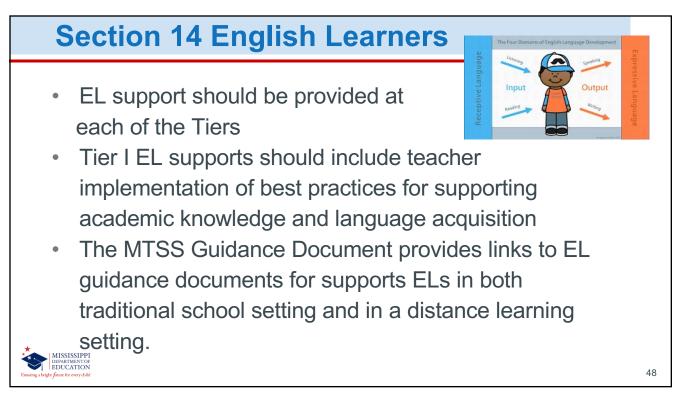






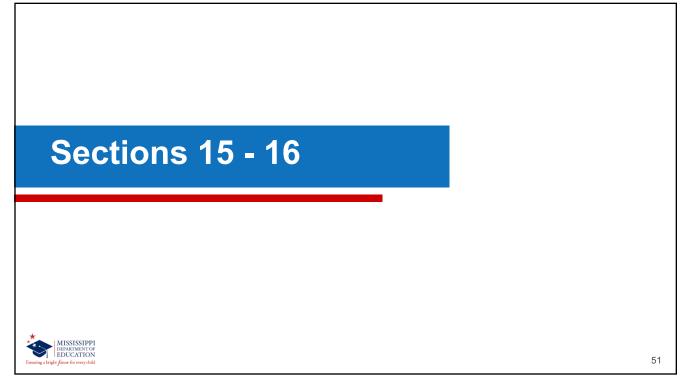






| Considerations for EL Intervention Referrals | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Amount of time the student has been in this country | In addition to learning a new language, newly arrived EL students need time to adjust to the new culture and expectations in our school systems | | | |
| Similarity or dissimilarity of ethnicity or national origin to that of the U.S. | This should include consideration given to the type and amount of schooling the student attended in their native country | | | |
| Degree of English language acquisition | Students with lower levels of English proficiency will require more supports and scaffolds to support content area learning | | | |
| Utilize all important and relevant data that is available for the student | MAAP scores, universal screener scores, benchmark scores, classroom grades, ELPT scores | | | |
| MISSISSIPPI PEPARTNETOP EDUCATION | | | | |
| ng a bright future for every child | | | | |



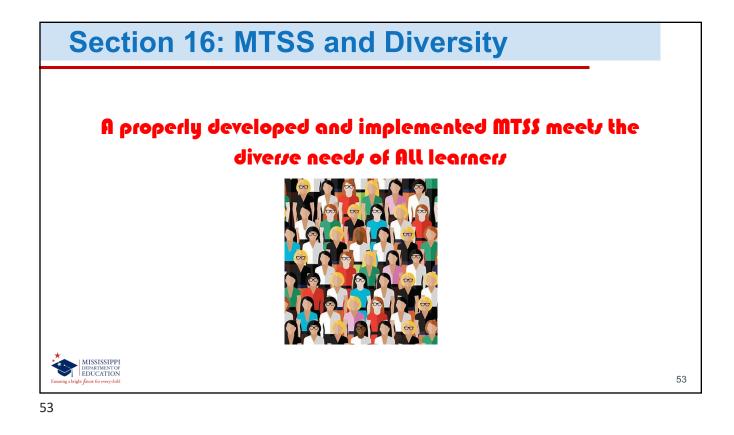


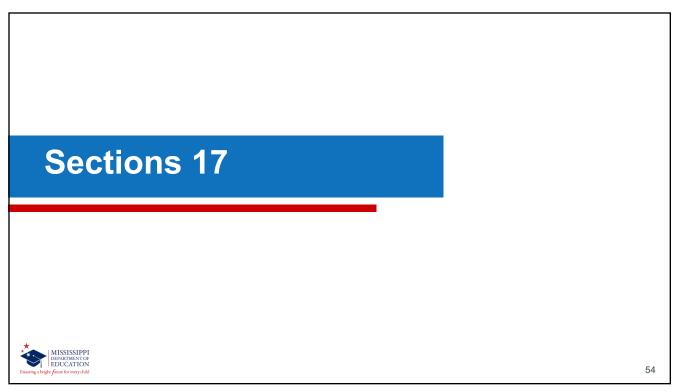
Section 15: Scheduling Intervention Time

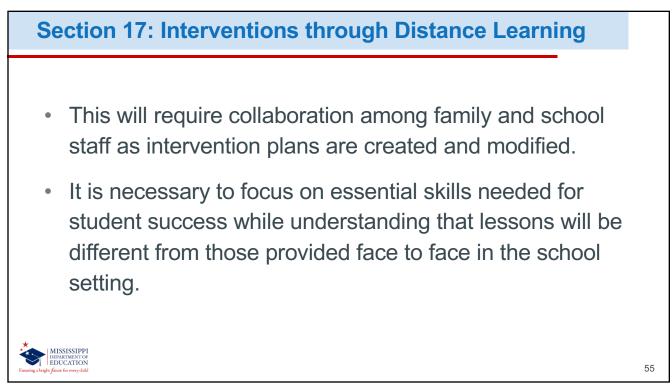
- For optimal student outcomes within a MTSS, there must be adequate time for instruction based on students' needs. Developing an effective schedule is a process in which many stakeholders need to be included.
- Schedules should be reviewed and revised as needed.

Remember to be flexible.





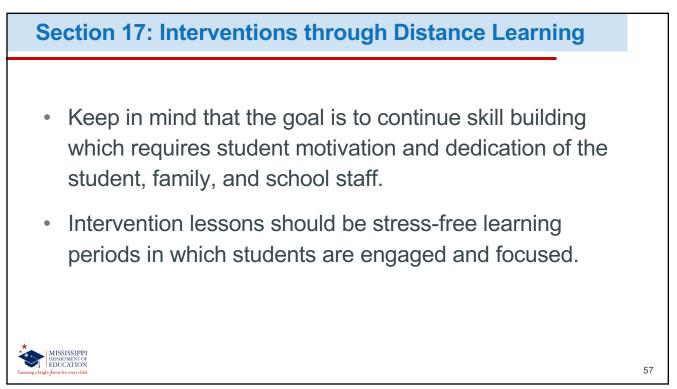




Section 17: Interventions through Distance Learning

- With some fine tuning of daily routines and creativity, intervention lessons may occur while other family duties are carried out.
- If the family schedules make it too stressful for parents and educators to connect during the day, this might take place after hours during a more focused time.

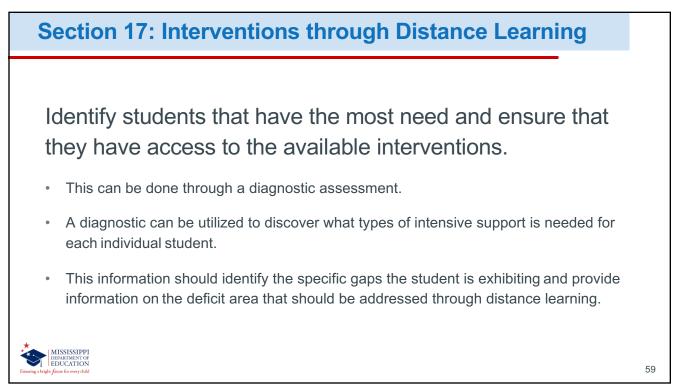


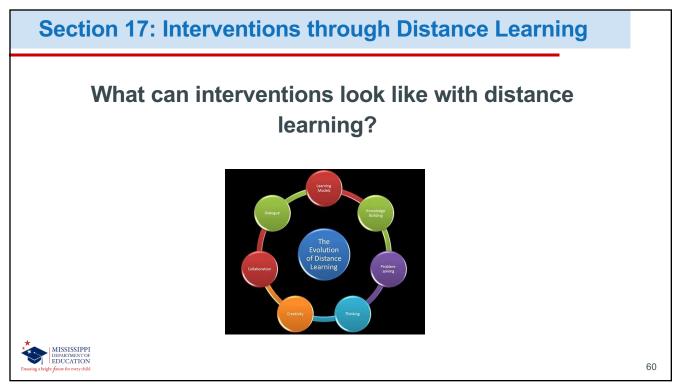


Section 17: Interventions through Distance Learning

- This is an unprecedented time where flexibility and creativity are required to provide the best interventions for the students in Mississippi.
- The key is to ensure that the students are continuing to receive the supports they need to be successful. This can be done through planning and communication.





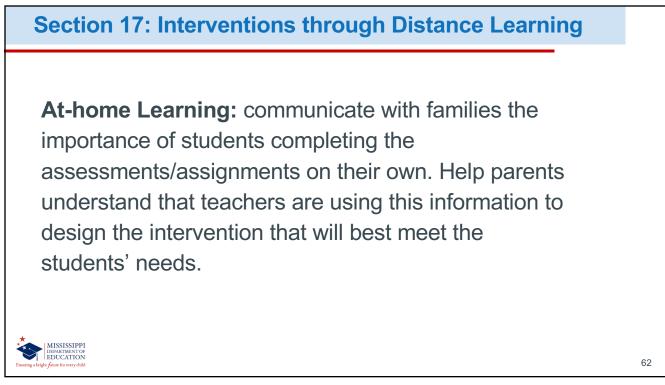


Section 17: Interventions through Distance Learning

In-person Learning: small group interventions with explicit instruction in the deficit area may continue as designed to ensure a tiered level of support is delivered to all students.







Section 17: Interventions through Distance Learning

Hybrid Learning: complete assessments, including diagnostics, together in a one-on-one or small group setting. Students can be provided instruction during the face-to-face setting and then practice from home virtually. Progress monitoring may be conducted digitally with a virtual proctor that can sit with the student as they are completing the assignment or assessment.



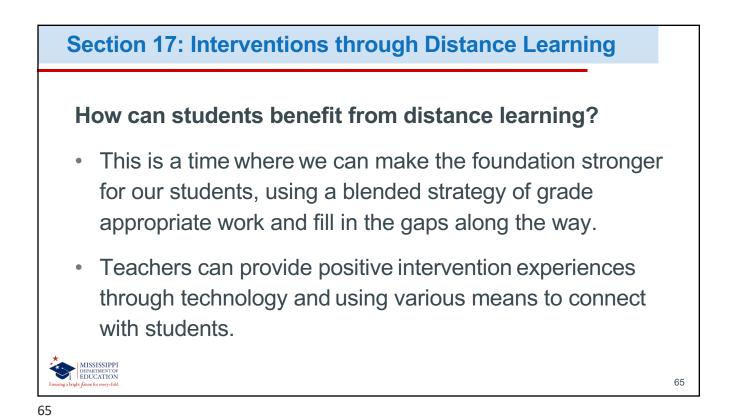
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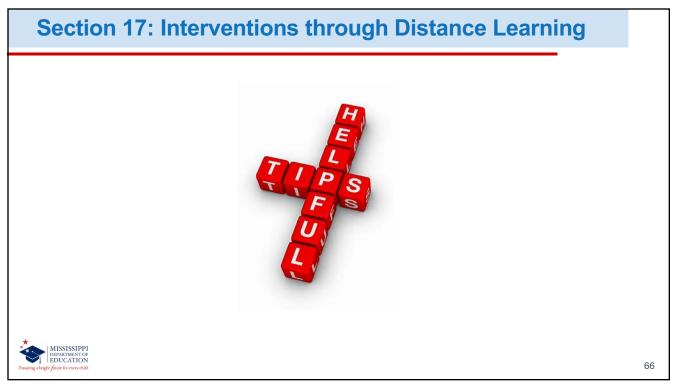
Section 17: Interventions through Distance Learning

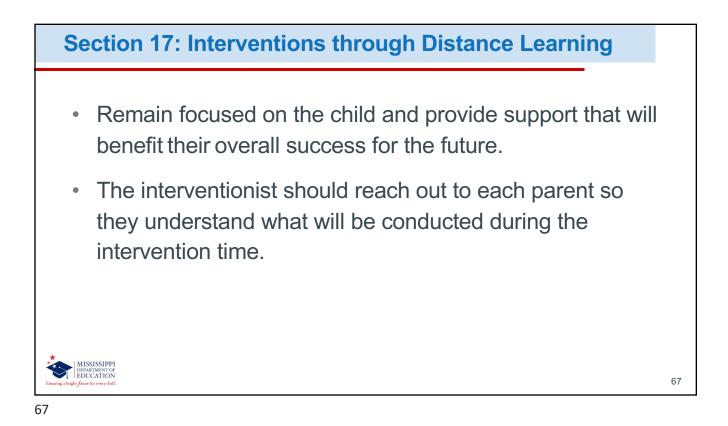
- Whatever the learning situation, interventions and supports will continue for the students. Find what works for you as the interventionist and the students you are serving.
- Keeping in mind that while you are addressing grade level content you are also addressing the gaps that have been identified.

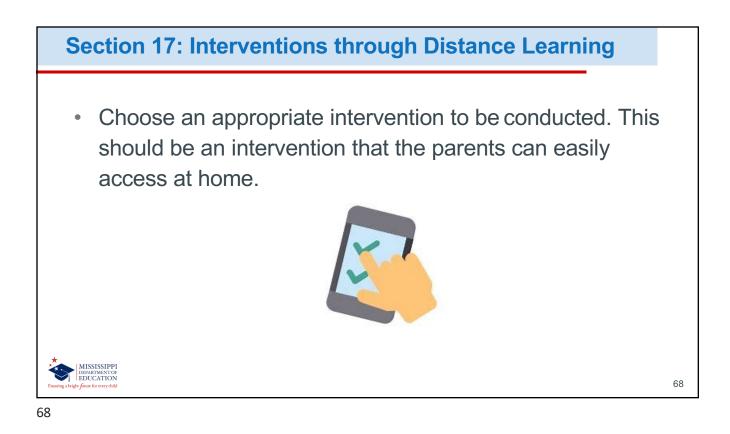


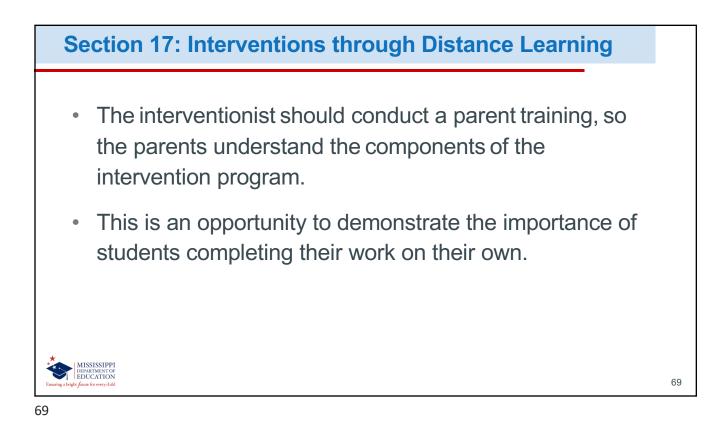
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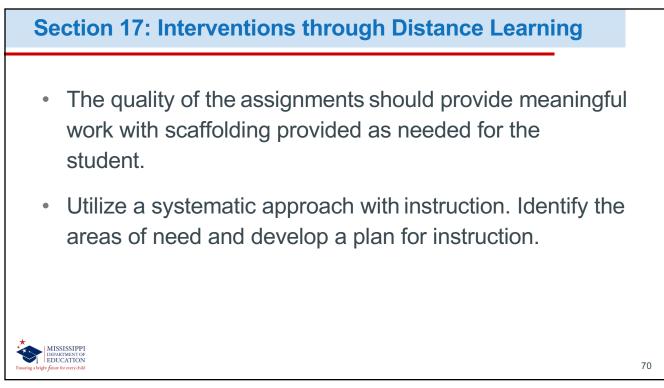










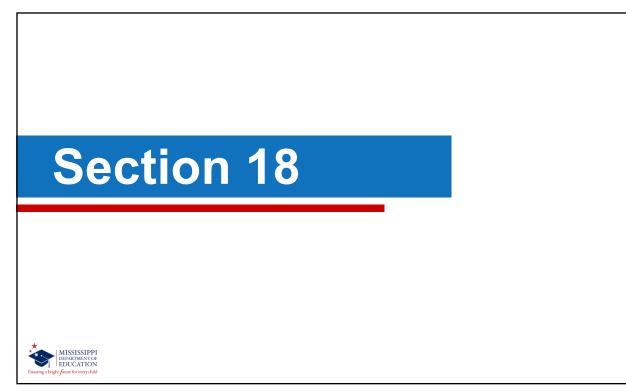


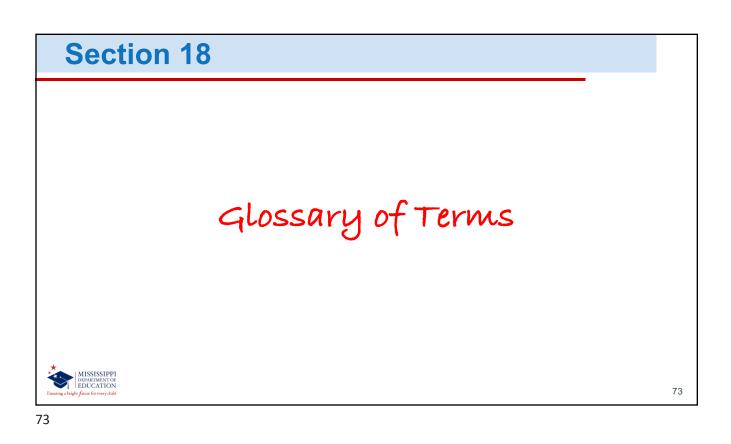


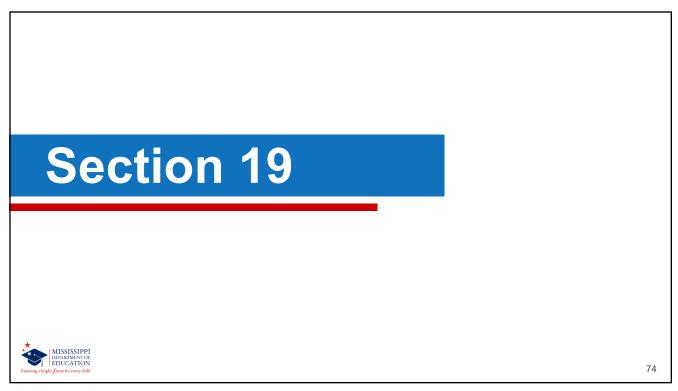
- Incorporate other subject areas to expose students to rich content areas, build vocabulary, fluency, and knowledge. Writing should be part of daily/weekly assignments.
- Vocabulary building activities may be incorporated during certain times of the daily schedule or siblings may be tapped to assist with sorting and counting activities when appropriate.



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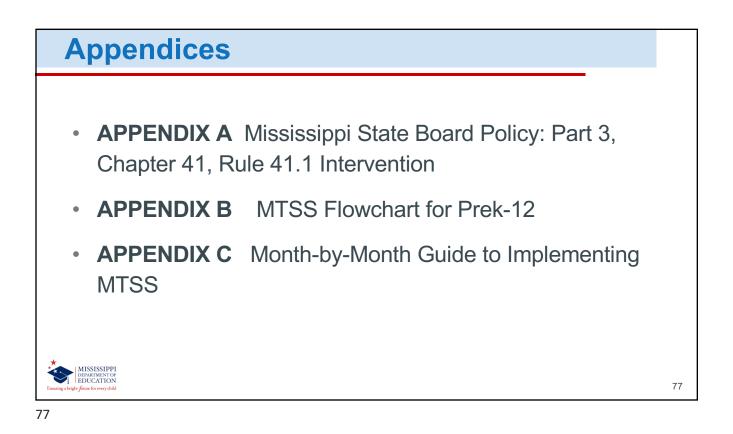


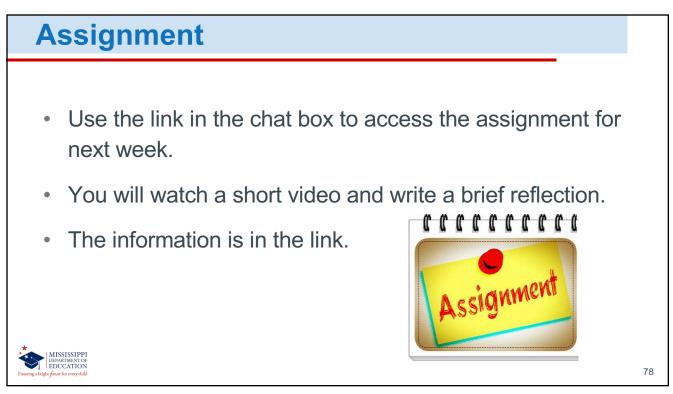




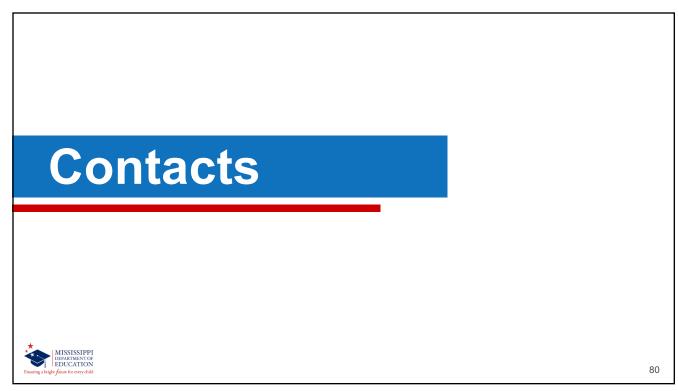












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