Creating a Culture of Support: Understanding English Learner Behavior

MTSS Regional Training

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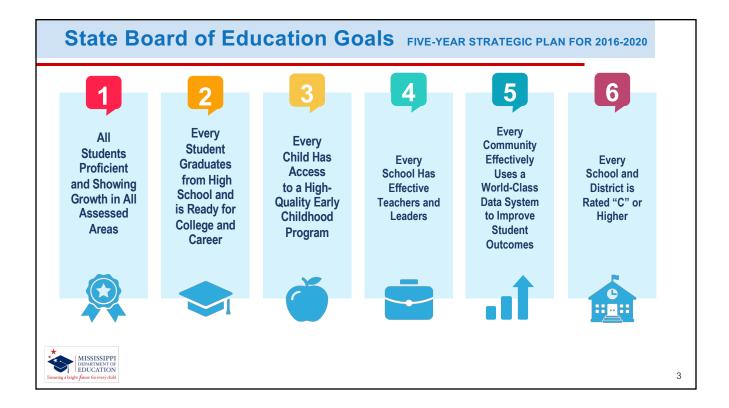
VISION-

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

MISSION-

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community





Session Goals

- Understand the stages of cultural adjustment
- Discuss behaviors in English learners
- Review methods of providing supports for English learners
- Role play possible supports for English learners





Understanding Culture

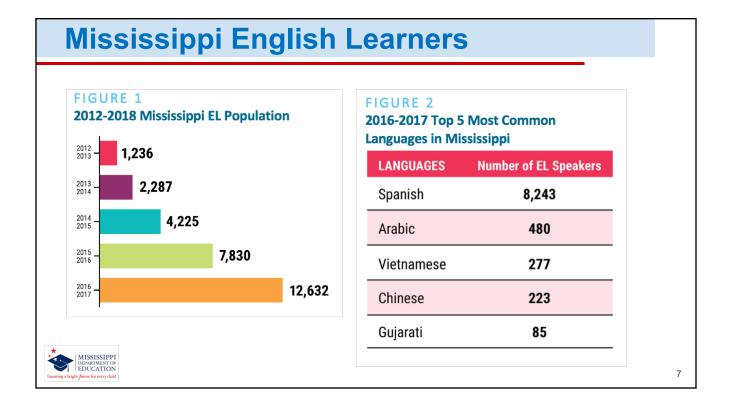


5

What is Culture?

A culture is a way of life of a group of people--the behaviors, beliefs, values, and symbols that they accept, generally without thinking about them, and that are passed along by communication and imitation from one generation to the next





Transitioning to a New Culture

 Acculturation – the process through which a person or group from one culture comes to adopt the practices and values of another culture, while still retaining their distinct culture

Feelings

Behaviors



Transitioning to a New Culture

Assimilation – the process whereby individuals or groups of differing ethnic heritage are absorbed into the dominant culture (often at the loss of the home culture)

- Feelings
- Behaviors





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Stages of Cultural Adjustment

- Euphoria ELs may experience an initial period of excitement about their new surroundings where they demonstrate a great interest in learning about the new culture and are very motivated and cooperative
- Feelings/behaviors





Stages of Cultural Adjustment

 Culture Shock – ELs may experience anger, hostility, frustration, homesickness, or resentment towards the new culture

Feelings/behaviors





11

Stages of Cultural Adjustment

- Acceptance ELs may steadily accept their different surroundings; this is a period of gradual adjustment where students begin to feel more comfortable with the new culture and are able to enter a stage of deeper learning
- Feelings/behaviors



Stages of Cultural Adjustment

- Assimilation/Adaptation ELs may embrace and adapt to their surroundings and the new culture which begins to feel like home
- Feelings/behaviors





13

English Learner Behaviors



Red Flag Behaviors

- Lack of interest
- Sadness
- Withdrawal
- Anger
- Intense focus
- Classroom disruption





1

Contributing Factors

Factors that contribute to possible social-emotional or behavioral problems:

- Lack of language skills to express concerns and problems
- Perceived prejudices
- Low self-esteem



Social- emotional Learning

Is a process for acquiring life skills which includes:

- Dealing with others
- Building relationships
- Working in effective ways



17

Emotional Stressors

- Separation from family
- Changes in family roles
- Loss of school, neighborhood, friends, or culture
- Language barriers: verbal and non-verbal
- Culture shock



- Change in socioeconomic status
- Limited Health Care and other resources
- Discrimination: racism and stereotyping
- Limited freedom to return to native country and visiting love ones
- Unrealistic expectations of opportunities in the U.S.

Social Stressors

- Desire to fit in
- Additional family responsibilities
- Feelings of isolation/low self-esteem
- Navigating cultural differences

- Overcoming discrimination/racism
- Overcoming academic deficits
- Lack of opportunities to safely practice their English



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Supporting Positive Behaviors



So, What Do We Do?

Create a school culture and climate that is accepting of **ALL** students.

- Agreed upon 3-5 broad school wide behavioral expectations
- Universal supports for ALL students and staff in all settings



21

Understand Biases

Understand and diminish explicit and implicit biases

Explicit – thoughts and attitudes that are at the conscious level that are deliberately formed

Implicit – thoughts and attitudes that are at the unconscious level that are involuntarily formed and unknown to us

Both types of biases impact our actions, behaviors of school personnel, students and parents



Understand Students

Understand students may go through a grieving process after immigrating

- Loss of the familiar
- Separation from family, friends, school, food, etc.
- Emotional reactions should diminish over time but careful attention should be paid to student feelings



23

Maintain Routine and Consistency

- Use Visual Schedules and Anchor Charts
- Use Social Contracts

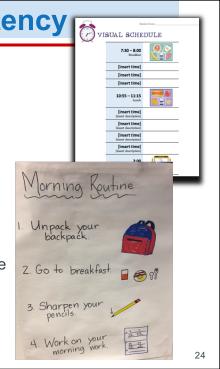
Students and teacher work together to design an **agreement** for classroom norms, rules and consequences

Use a Positive Behavior System

Recognize the positive in order to eliminate the negative

Use Small Group instruction

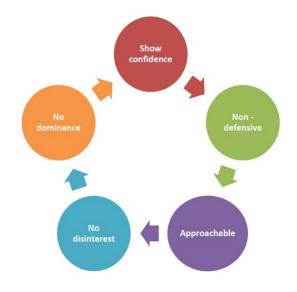




Outward Signs of Support

Model Positive Body Language

- Smile
- Look at the student heart towards the person
- Sit or stand up straight





25

Negative Behaviors

- Not completing classwork
- Disruptive behaviors
- Inattentiveness





Assistance with Classwork Completion

Determine

- Reasons work is not being completed
- Student supports needed to aid in understanding



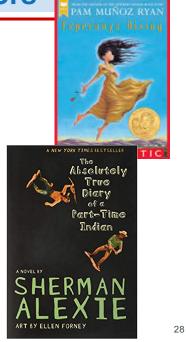


27

Diminishing Disruptive Behaviors

- Directly teach skills that allow ELs to manage stressful situations
- Teach lessons that include scenarios where students role play how to observe others for models of correct behaviors
- Use literature that includes typical difficulties and possible solutions to those difficulties





Dealing with Inattentiveness

Determine the causes:

- Emotional concerns
- Lack of understanding
- Physical issues





29

Support for Managing Stressful Situations

- Use sentence frames
- Role play social situations
- Provide opportunity for social interaction
- Use or create videos





Supports for Building Self- Esteem

- Have students practice phrases to ease social interactions
- Give ELs encouraging messages every day

Greetings: Dialogue Hola.

Hello.

2. Buenos días. Good morning. 3. Buenas tardes. Good afternoon.

4. Buenas noches. Good evening, night,

5. ¿ qué tal? How's it going?

6. (muy) bien (very) good/fine 7. (muy) mal (very) bad

8. Así-así

9. ¿y tú? And you? (INFORMAL)

10. ¿v Ud.? And you? (FORMAL) 11. Gracias. Thanks.

12. De nada. You're welcome.

13. Señor Mr., Sir

14. Señorita Miss, ma'am 15. Señora Mrs., ma'am



Supports for Building Self-Esteem

- Help ELs acquire/maintain pride in their culture
- Teach ELs positive self talk to better manage their feelings
- Build self esteem by supporting academic progress





Prevent challenging behaviors before they Start

- Prepare a list of 10-20 survival words or phrases that will help the student feel welcome, safe and comfortable
- Provide materials such as books and music that reflect the child's culture and/or are written in the students language
- Talk to all your students about being patient, speaking slowly, using gestures and repeating to help ELs understand



33

Observe and understand language and behavior differences

Can you detect particular triggers for the student's challenging behavior

- such as large group activities where he/she may feel out of place
- Independent work time where the student may feel frustrated because he/she doesn't understand the task requirements?



Role Play

Activity

- 1. Read the provided role play situation,
- 2. Work with your group to make a list of possible skills/statements that may be needed to help the student overcome the stated difficulty



35

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37



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