



2020 Teacher Resource Guide for Life Skills Development II

Carey M. Wright, Ed.D., State Superintendent of Education Nathen Oakley, Ph.D., Chief Academic Officer Robin Lemonis, State Director of Special Education

Mississippi Department of Education Post Office Box 771 Jackson, Mississippi 39205-0771

Office of Special Education 601-359-3498

www.mdek12.org/ose

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Sharon Strong Coon Mississippi Department of Education

Alicia Dunigan

Doris Flettrich

Kellie Fondren

Pass Christian School District

Mississippi State University

Pasteia Garth

Nettleton School District

Denise Harrison Mississippi Department of Education Madelyn Harris Mississippi Department of Education

Jordan Helton Madison School District

Jan Houston Starkville Oktibbeha School District Rhonda Jones Alcorn County School District

Karen John Petal School District
Tina Keenan Enterprise School District

Ginger Koestler Mississippi Department of Education Teresa Laney Mississippi Department of Education

Lydia Lankford Madison School District

Misty McMahon Ocean Springs School District
Myra Pannell Mississippi State University RCU
Allison Paige Pigott Mississippi Department of Education
Ashley Privett DeSoto County School District

Bobby L. Richardson Mississippi Department of Education

Amye Rowan Pearl School District
Connie Smith Laurel School District

Denise Sibley Mississippi State University RCU

Susan Stampley Senatobia School District

Elizabeth Testa
Vicksburg-Warren School District
Jaicia Thomas
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Introduction

Mission Statement

The Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) is dedicated to student success, which includes improving student achievement and establishing communication skills within a technological environment. The *Mississippi Alternate Academic Achievement Standards (MS AAAS) for Life Skills Development II* provide a consistent, clear understanding of what students are expected to know and be able to do by the end of the course. The purpose of the *MS AAAS for Life Skills Development II* is to ensure that secondary students with the most significant cognitive disabilities are provided with individualized life skills instruction that is relevant to the real world, reflecting the knowledge and skills that students need to function in and succeed in settings beyond school.

Purpose

In an effort to closely align instruction for students with significant cognitive disabilities who are progressing toward postsecondary settings, the *MS AAAS for Life Skills Development II* are grouped into four domains: self-care and independent living, social and communication, self-determination, and transition planning and community participation. This document is designed to provide a resource for Grades 9-12 special education teachers with a basis for curriculum development and instructional delivery.

The *Teacher Resource Guide for Life Skills Development II* contains prioritized content, which is presented as a matrix to show the continuum of the concept across complexity levels. The matrix shows varying access points to the prioritized content. A student's progression through content contained in the matrix is intended to be fluid. It is not the intent, nor should it be practice, for a student to be exposed to content in a straight vertical line through one of the columns. Every student, regardless of disability, comes to the learning environment with a different set of prior knowledge and experience. For this reason, a student may be able to access some content from the middle complexity level and access other concepts at the more complex level. Teachers should evaluate a student's ability in relation to the content and select the entry point based on that evaluation. Students should not be locked into receiving exposure to all content at the same entry point.

Support Documents and Resources

The MDE Office of Special Education aims to provide local districts, schools, and teachers documents to construct standards-based instruction and lessons, allowing them to customize content and delivery methods to fit each student's needs. The teacher resource guide includes suggested resources, instructional strategies, sample lessons, and activities. Additional sample activities and resources for selected standards may be added; this shall be a living document with ongoing updates based on educator feedback. The intent of these resources is to assist teachers in linking their instruction to the prioritized content. The teacher resource guide includes activity adaptations for students with a varying range of abilities within the classroom. The activities and adaptations provided are intended to serve as a model of how students may receive instruction in life skills. There are many ways in which skills and concepts can be incorporated based on student's individual learning styles and needs. Professional development efforts are aligned to the MS AAAS for Life Skills Development II and delivered in accord with teacher resources to help expand expertise in delivering student-centered lessons.

Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for Life Skills Development II Document

Standards: *Mississippi Alternate Academic Achievement* content standard: The *MS AAAS for Life Skills Development II* is a general statement of what students with significant cognitive disabilities should know and be able to do because of instruction.

Performance Objectives: Statements that describe in precise, measurable terms what learners will be able to do at the end of an instructional sequence.

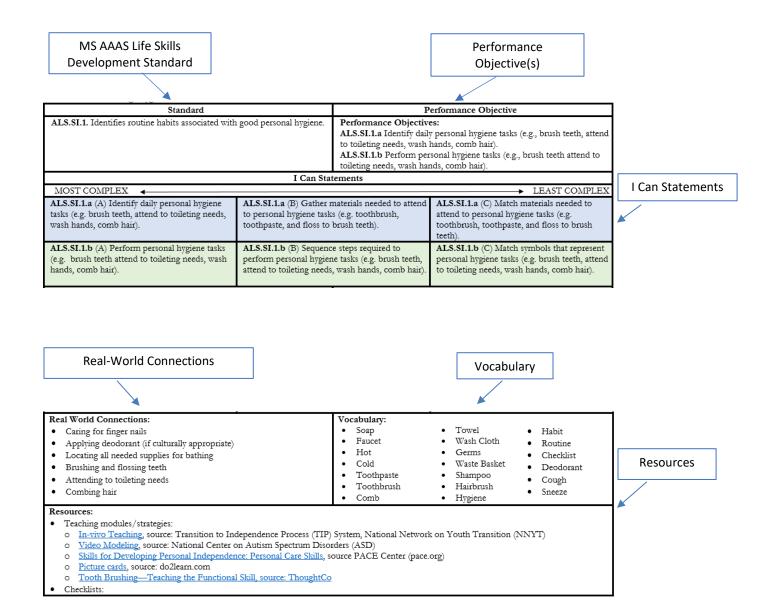
I Can Statement(s): Includes the Performance Objective(s) as the *Most Complex* and scaffolds the performance objectives two additional levels (B) and (C) to *Least Complex*. This matrix demonstrates the continuum of the concept across complexity levels. The purpose is to assist teachers in modifying to meet the unique diverse needs of learners with significant cognitive disabilities.

Real-World Connections: One way to facilitate learning that is meaningful to students and prepares them for their professional lives outside of school. When teachers move beyond textbook or curricular examples and connect content learned in the classroom to real people, places, and events, students are able to see a greater relevance to their learning. Real-world connections are used to help students see that learning is not confined to the school, allow them to apply knowledge and skills in real world situations, and personalize learning to increase and sustain student engagement.

Vocabulary: Includes a list of difficult or unfamiliar words.

Resources: Includes suggested resources, instructional strategies, lessons, and activities. Additional sample activities and resources for selected standards may be added; this shall be a living document with ongoing updates based on educator feedback. The intent of these activities is to assist teachers in linking their instruction to the prioritized content.

Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for Life Skills Development II Document (Graphic)



Levels of Support (LOS)

Students with significant cognitive disabilities require varying LOS to engage in academic content. The goal is to move the student along the continuum of assistance toward independence by decreasing the LOS provided and increasing student accuracy within the context of content to demonstrate progress.

The following chart describes the continuum of LOS. Appropriate LOS are important to increase student engagement and student independence and to track student achievement and progress.

Level of Assistance	Definition	Example	Non-Example
Non- Engagement (N)	The student requires assistance from the teacher to initiate, engage, or perform; however, the student actively refuses or is unable to accept teacher assistance.	The student resists the teacher's physical assistance toward the correct answer.	The student does not look at the activity.
Physical Assistance (P)	The student requires physical contact from the teacher to initiate, engage, or perform.	The teacher physically moves the student's hand to the correct answer.	The teacher taps the correct answer and expects the student to touch where he/she tapped.
Gestural Assistance (G)	The student requires the teacher to point to the specific answer.	When presenting a choice of three pictures and asking the student which picture is a triangle, the teacher will point to or tap on the correct picture to prompt the student to indicate that picture.	The teacher moves the student's hand to gesture toward the right answer.
Verbal Assistance (V)	The student requires the teacher to verbally provide the correct answer to a specific item.	The teacher says, "Remember, the main character was George. Point to the picture of the main character."	The teacher says, "Who is the main character?" without providing the information verbally.
Model Assistance (M)	The student requires the teacher to model a similar problem/opportunity and answer prior to performance.	The teacher models one-to-one correspondence using manipulatives and then asks the student to perform a similar item.	The teacher completes the exact same activity as the student is expected to perform.
Independent (I)	The student requires no assistance to initiate, engage, or perform. The student may still require other supports and accommodations to meaningfully engage in the content but does not require assistance to participate and respond.	The teacher asks the student, "Who is the main character of the book?" and the student meaningfully responds without any prompting or assistance.	The teacher asks the student, "Who is the main character?" and points to the picture of the main character.

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COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Clothing Care

Standard		Pe	erformance Objectives
ALS.SI.10 Practices basic laundering skills (e.g., washing, drying, hanging/folding). ALS.SI.10.a Per (e.g., following) ALS.SI.10.b Per proper loading, ALS.SI.10.c Per lint trap, loading clothes when the		(e.g., following garmen ALS.SI.10.b Perform so proper loading, selectin ALS.SI.10.c Perform st lint trap, loading the dry clothes when the cycle is	ne steps for preparing clothes for laundering t care recommendations, sorting). teps for operating a washing machine (e.g., g the appropriate cycle, adding detergent). teps for operating a dryer (e.g., cleaning the yer, selecting the appropriate setting, removing is done).
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.10.a (A) Perform the steps for preparing clothes for laundering (e.g., following garment care recommendations, sorting).	ALS.SI.10.a (B) Identify steps for preparing clothes for laundering.		ALS.SI.10.a (C) Distinguish between clean and soiled clothing.
ALS.SI.10.b (A) Perform steps for operating a washing machine (e.g., proper loading, selecting the appropriate cycle, adding detergent).	ALS.SI.10.b (B) Sequence steps for operating a washing machine.		ALS.SI.10.b (C) Match items/tasks associated with washing a load of clothes.
ALS.SI.10.c (A) Perform steps for operating a dryer (e.g., cleaning the lint trap, loading the dryer, selecting the appropriate setting, removing clothes when the cycle is done).	ALS.SI.10.c (B) Sequence steps for drying a load of clothes.		ALS.SI.10.c (C) Match items/tasks associated with drying a load of clothes.
ALS.SI.10.d (A) Practice washing clothes by hand.	ALS.SI.10.d (B) Order the steps for washing clothes by hand (e.g., location, type of detergent, amount of detergent, water temperature).		ALS.SI.10.d (C) List items used to wash clothes by hand (e.g., sink, detergent).

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CONCEPT: Clothing Care

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Independently caring for own clothing	• Bleach	 Hanger
Using a laundromat	 Clothes pin 	 Laundromat
Caring for clothes that must be washed by hand	 Clothesline 	• Lint
	 Clothing label 	 Liquid/powder detergent
	• Cycle	• Load
	 Delicates 	• Rinse
	 Detergent 	• Sink
	 Dryer sheets 	 Temperature
	 Fold 	 Unload
	 Garment 	 Wringing
	Hang	_

Resources:

Activities

- o Perkins School for the Blind eLearning:
 - Integrated Skills—Laundry
 - Learning About Laundry
 - Putting Away Clothes

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Dressing

Standard		Per	rformance Objectives
as weather. certain conditions, s ALS.SI.11.b Adjus tuck in shirt, zip fly		certain conditions, such ALS.SI.11.b Adjust clot tuck in shirt, zip fly, fix	thing to maintain personal appearance (e.g.,
	I Can Staten	nents	
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.11.a (A) Select clothing appropriate for various occasions and conditions, such as weather.	ALS.SI.11.a (B) Identity clothing appropriate for various occasions and conditions, such as weather (e.g., church, prom, wedding, leisure activity).		ALS.SI.11.a (C) Match clothing to appropriate weather conditions.
ALS.SI.11.b (A) Adjust clothing to maintain personal appearance (e.g., tuck in shirt, zip fly, fix collar).	ALS.SI.11.b (B) Explain when to adjust clothing to maintain personal appearance (e.g., tuck in shirt, zip fly, fix collar, tie shoes, use a belt).		ALS.SI.11.b (C) Recognize when to adjust clothing to maintain personal appearance (e.g., tuck in shirt, zip fly, fix collar, tie shoes, use a belt).
ALS.SI.11.c (A) Demonstrate knowledge of clothing and shoe size.	ALS.SI.11.c (B) Expla clothing size and shoe stight, short, etc.).	in the significance of size (e.g., too large/small,	ALS.SI.11.c (C) Identify that clothing and shoes come in different sizes.

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CONCEPT: Dressing

Real-World Connections:

- Arranging clothing by size (e.g., working in a clothing store)
- Shopping for clothes and shoes
- Attending a wedding

Vocabulary:

- Belt
- Buckle
- Button
- Casual
- Chart
- Collar
- Dress code
- Fly
- Formal
- Hook and loop

- Leisure
- Outerwear
- Raincoat
- Shoelaces
- Size
- Special occasion
- Tuck
- (Velcro®)
- Weather
- Zipper

Resources:

- Activities:
 - o Perkins School for the Blind eLearning: Outfit Selections
 - o Clothes Lesson Plan
 - o Role-play in front of mirror
 - o Create a size chart
 - o Dress a baby doll
 - o Top Teaching Ideas: Clothes Theme
 - o Internet4Classrooms: Life Skills Links

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Dining Habits

Standard	Standard F		erformance Objectives
		ALS.SI.12.a Order meal from the restaurant menu. ALS.SI.12.b Practice proper dining etiquette and table manners (e.g., when to eat, napkin in lap, passing condiments). ALS.SI.12.c Pay for meal.	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.12.a (A) Order from the restaurant menu.	ALS.SI.12.a (B) Locate items on a menu (e.g., beverages, appetizers, sides, dressing, desserts, available condiments).		ALS.SI.12.a (C) Locate menu in dining facility (e.g., behind counter, hostess stand, on table, request kid's menu).
ALS.SI.12.b (A) Practice proper dining etiquette and table manners (e.g., when to eat, napkin in lap, passing condiments).	ALS.SI.12.b (B) Practice proper etiquette when dining in a restaurant (e.g., use napkin, not eating with mouth open, not talking with food in mouth, using utensils properly).		ALS.SI.12.b (C) Distinguish between inappropriate and appropriate behavior when dining in a restaurant (e.g., throwing food, smacking, licking fingers, picking teeth, using utensils properly).
ALS.SI.12.c (A) Pay for meal.	ALS.SI.12.c (B) Demonstrate when and where to pay for meal (e.g., beginning or ending of meal, counter, table).		ALS.SI.12.c (C) Recall correct steps in meal-payment method (e.g., ticket, payment form, change).

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CONCEPT: Dining Habits

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Ordering food from a waiter at a sit-down restaurant	 Beverage 	 Receipt
Removing gristle or bones from mouth while eating	 Beverage station 	 Server
	 Condiments 	 Sides
	 Counter 	Ticket
	 Credit/debit card 	 Trashcan
	 Etiquette 	 Utensils
	 Hostess 	 Waitress/waiter
	 Menu 	

Resources:

- Postural Control, Gross Motor Development, and Mealtime, source: Your Therapy Source
- Positioning, Motor Skills, & Table Manners-What's the Connection?, source: Miss Jaime, O.T.
- Life Skills Task Sheets, source: teachingaid.org
- <u>Visual Perceptual Skills Needed for Independent Feeding</u>, source: Growing Hands-On Kids
- Self-Help and Functional Skills Checklist, source: UC Davis, Mind Institute
- Life Skills for Special Needs Mind Your Manners <u>Teaching Table Manners</u>
- Perkins School for the Blind Transition Activities
- Internet4Classrooms: Life Skills Links

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Grocery Shopping

Standard		Performance Objectives	
ALS.SI.13 Perform tasks associated with purcha	asing groceries.	items on list). ALS.SI.13.c Complete	grocery list. the grocery store (e.g., use shopping cart, locate c checkout process (e.g., get in line, put items on iter, exit store with items).
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.13.a (A) Prepare a grocery list.	ALS.SI.13.a (B) Sort items on a grocery list (e.g., dairy, frozen, produce).		ALS.SI.13.a (C) Explain the purpose of a grocery list.
ALS.SI.13.b (A) Navigate the grocery store (e.g., using a shopping cart, locate items on list).	ALS.SI.13.b (B) Identify departments within the grocery store (e.g., customer service, cashier, deli, meat).		ALS.SI.13.b (C) Identify grocery stores or other stores in your area that sell groceries (e.g., Kroger, Walmart, Dollar General).
ALS.SI.13.c (A) Complete checkout process (e.g., get in line, put items on conveyor belt, pay cashier, exit store with items).	ALS.SI.13.c (B) Identify different ways to checkout (e.g., self-checkout, standard checkout, express checkout).		ALS.SI.13.c (C) Identify where to checkout (e.g., identify when a checkout line is open).

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CONCEPT: Grocery Shopping

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:
Using self-checkout	Cart returnFrozen
Identifying open registers	 Cashier Groceries
 Stocking shelves in grocery store 	 Checkout Grocery cart
	 Conveyor belt Price check
	 Customer service Produce
	Dairy Scanner
	• Express • Self-check

Resources:

- Autism Classroom Resources: The Tools You Need to Teach Grocery Shopping Life Skills
- Math for Grocery Shopping
- Alpha School: Let's Go Shopping
- Life Skills Resources That Help All Students Succeed: Grocery Shopping in the Classroom
- Free downloadable food budgeting and grocery shopping lesson plans
- Internet4Classrooms: Life Skills Links

Videos:

• Special Education Grocery Shopping in the Community

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Food Preparation

Standard			Performance Objectives
ALS.SI.14 Perform tasks associated with prepar	bake, peel, preheat, sea ALS.SI.14.c Utilize co can opener, measuring ALS.SI.14.d Operate k		ate understanding of common cooking terms (e.g.,
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX ←	→ LEAST COMPLEX		
ALS.SI.14.a (A) Follow recipe instructions.	ALS.SI.14.a (B) Identify the amounts of the ingredients (e.g., cup, teaspoon, other measurement amounts, etc.).		ALS.SI.14.a (C) Identify a recipe.
ALS.SI.14.b (A) Demonstrate understanding of common cooking terms (e.g., bake, peel, preheat, season).	ALS.SI.14.b (B) Match cooking terms with function (e.g., bake, peel, slice, season).		ALS.SI.14.b (C) Identify cooking functions (e.g., baking, peeling, preheating oven).
ALS.SI.14.c (A) Utilize common kitchen tools effectively and safely (e.g., can opener, measuring cups and spoons, timer).	ALS.SI.14.c (B) Match common kitchen tools with their function (e.g., can opener, measuring cups and spoons, timer).		ALS.SI.14.c (C) Identify common kitchen tools with their function (e.g., can opener, measuring cups and spoons, timer).
ALS.SI.14.d (A) Operate kitchen appliances effectively and safely (e.g., cook top, oven, microwave, toaster, dishwasher).	ALS.SI.14.d (B) Explain safety rules associated with kitchen appliances (e.g., cooktop, oven, microwave, toaster, dishwasher).		ALS.SI.14.d (C) Identify kitchen appliances (e.g., cooktop, oven, microwave, toaster, dishwasher).

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CONCEPT: Food Preparation

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Using a recipe to prepare a meal	 Appliances 	 Oven
 Using measuring spoons and cups for various household tasks 	 Bake 	 Peel
	 Meal 	 Preheat
	 Measuring spoons 	 Safety
	 Microwave 	 Season
	 Operate 	 Stove

Resources:

- Teaching Strategies and Materials
 - o Effective Practices and Predictors Matrix (requires a free login)
 - o Self-Help and Functional Skills Checklist, source: UC Davis, Mind Institute
 - o University of Rhode Island—Food Safety Education for High School and Transition Special Needs Students: Food Safety Smart Curriculum
 - o How to Teach Kitchen Safety Skills for Teens with Autism
 - o Autism Classroom: Cooking in the Classroom: Resources for Planning Effective Instruction
 - o How to Incorporate Cooking Lessons into Your Special Education Classroom
 - o Internet4Classrooms: Life Skills Links
- Videos
 - o <u>Let's Cook! Life Skills/Kids with Autism</u> (6:52)

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Home Maintenance

Standard			Performance Objectives
ALS.SI.15 Demonstrates the ability to handle ba	ALS.SI.15.a Demonstrates the ability to perform minor home maintenance (e.g., unstop toilet, change a lightbulb, replace a a breaker). ALS.SI.15.b Practice proper maintenance and preventative in avoid maintenance issues (e.g., stopped-up sinks and toilets, insects and mice) ALS.SI.15.c Practice the proper maintenance of household eand appliances (e.g., change vacuum cleaner bags, replace ALS.SI.15.d Identify who to call for various home repairs		op toilet, change a lightbulb, replace a fuse or flip roper maintenance and preventative measures to es (e.g., stopped-up sinks and toilets, avoiding the proper maintenance of household equipment tange vacuum cleaner bags, replace AC filters)
	I Can St	atements	_
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.15.a (A) Demonstrates ability to perform minor home maintenance (e.g., unstop toilet, change a lightbulb, replace a fuse or flip a breaker). ALS.SI.15.b (A) Practice proper maintenance	ALS.SI.15.a (B) Explain how to perform minor home maintenance (e.g., unstop toilet, change a lightbulb, change a fuse or flip a breaker, change battery in smoke detector). ALS.SI.15.b (B) Explain proper maintenance		ALS.SI.15.a (C) Identify when to perform minor home maintenance (e.g., unstop toilet, change a lightbulb, change a fuse or flip a breaker, change battery in smoke detector). ALS.SI.15.b (C) Identify proper maintenance
and preventative measures to avoid maintenance issues (stopped up sinks and toilets, avoiding insects and mice).	and preventative measures to avoid maintenance issues (stopped up sinks and toilets, avoiding insects and mice, change vacuum cleaner bags, replace AC filters).		and preventative measures to avoid maintenance issues (stopped up sinks and toilets, avoiding insects and mice, change vacuum cleaner bags, replace AC filters).
ALS.SI.15.c (A) Practice the proper maintenance of household equipment and appliances (e.g., change vacuum cleaner bags, replace AC filters).	ALS.SI.15.c (B) Restate proper maintenance procedures of household equipment and appliances.		ALS.SI.15.c (C) Recognize a problem with household equipment or appliance.
ALS.SI.15.d (A) Identify who to call for various home repairs (plumber, electrician, pest control).	ALS.SI.15.d (B) Match maintenance profession issue (plumber, electric	nal to home maintenance	ALS.SI.15.d (C) Recall various types of maintenance professionals that do home repairs (plumber, electrician, pest control).

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CONCEPT: Home Maintenance

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:
 Changing a light bulb Replacing the battery in a smoke alarm Calling a repair person 	 AC filters Avoid Pest control Battery Plumber Clog Plunger Electrician Preventative Light bulb Repair Minor repair Smoke detector

Resources:

- Effective Practices and Predictors Matrix (requires a free login)
- Self Help and Functional Skills Checklist, source: UC Davis, Mind Institute
- Attainment Company: <u>Living on your Own: Lesson Plans</u>
- Florida Department of Education <u>Community-Based Instruction: An Instructional Strategy</u>
- Life Skills Task Sheets
- Internet4Classrooms: Life Skills Links

CONCEPT: Time Management

Standard	Standard		Performance Objectives
ALS.SI.16 Practice following a schedule to comp	plete a daily routine.	ALS.SI.16.a Utilize a schedule to complete a daily routine. ALS.SI.16.b Utilize methods for keeping track of time.	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX •			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.16.a (A) Utilize a schedule to complete a daily routine.	ALS.SI.16.a (B) Create a schedule to complete a daily routine.		ALS.SI.16.a (C) Identify tasks for a daily schedule.
ALS.SI.16.b (A) Utilize methods for keeping track of time.	ALS.SI.16.b (B) Demonstrate how to use a tool for keeping track of time (chart, timer, hourglass, school bell).		ALS.SI.16.b (C) Identify a tool for keeping track of time (chart, timer, hourglass, school bell).
 Real-World Connections: Using a calendar Setting up doctor appointments Determining when to begin meal preparation Meeting deadlines 		Vocabulary:	ScheduleTimerTime
Resources:			

- Internet4Classrooms: <u>Life Skills Links</u>
- Basic Calendar Skills
- Morning Calendar Routine in Self-Contained Classroom (video, 10 min)
- The Autism Helper: <u>How to Teach Schedule Use</u>
- Visual Tools to Support Behavior, self-regulation, and independence

Page | 24 16-Sep-20 COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Personal Finance

Standard		Performance Objectives	
purchases. debit card, credit of ALS.SI.17.b Local ALS.SI.17.c Identification making purchases.		debit card, credit card, c ALS.SI.17.b Locate pri ALS.SI.17.c Identify w	ce of item (sale, clearance, ask sales clerk). ays to safeguard financial information when online transactions, securing PIN number,
I Can Statements		atements	
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SI.17.a (A) Practice various methods used to purchase items (e.g., cash, debit card, credit card, checks).	ALS.SI.17.a (B) Explain various methods used to purchase items (e.g., cash, debit card, credit card, checks).		ALS.SI.17.a (C) Name method(s) used to purchase items (e.g., cash, debit card, credit card, checks).
ALS.SI.17.b (A) Locate price of item (sale, clearance, ask sales clerk).	ALS.SI.17.b (B) Demonstrate locating price of item(s).		ALS.SI.17.b (C) Recognize symbols associated with prices (e.g., \$, decimal, price tag).
ALS.SI.17.c (A) Identify ways to safeguard financial information when making purchases (e.g., online transactions, securing PIN number, keeping track of checks).	ALS.SI.17.c (B) Identify the importance of safeguarding financial information when making purchases (e.g., identity theft).		ALS.SI.17.c (C) Identify personal financial information that should be safeguarded (e.g., PIN number, password, account number).

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CONCEPT: Personal Finance

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Using a debit card	 Account 	 Identity theft
 Locating prices on items 	• Cash	• PIN
 Determining when to use a credit card 	• Check	 Purchase
 Making sure you have enough money 	 Credit card 	 Regular price
	 Debit card 	 Safeguard

Resources:

- <u>Teaching Functional Skills to Students with Disabilities</u>, source: ThoughtCo.
- Social Stories for Autistic Children, source Autism Parenting Magazine
- Social Stories and Supplementary Tactics, source: Educate Autism
- Visual Tools to Support Behavior, self-regulation, and independence
- Great lessons and activities about money for all ages (banking, paying bills, budgets)
- Free life skills tutorials and games
- Tar Heel Reader Adaptive Books (search by topic)

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self Care/Independent Living CONCEPT: Interpersonal Skills

Standard		Performance Objectives	
personal and group saft ALS.SC.3.b Identify the and family member. ALS.SC.3.c Demonstrates respect of self and other allowed and the self-and other allowed personal and group saft and family member. ALS.SC.3.c Demonstrates feelings.		ate ways to communicate care, consideration, and	
	I Can	Statements	
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SC.3.a (A) Follow rules and safe practices in and out of class to ensure personal and group safety.	ALS.SC.3.a (B) Explain rules and safe practices in and out of class to ensure personal and group safety.		ALS.SC.3.a (C) Name rule(s) and/or safe practice(s) in and out of class to ensure personal and group safety.
ALS.SC.3.b (A) Identify the characteristics needed to be a responsible friend and family member.	ALS.SC.3.b (B) Identify a responsible friend and/or family member (e.g. mother, father, grandmother, policeman, etc.).		ALS.SC.3.b (C) Demonstrate what it means to be responsible (putting paper in trash, packing and unpacking book bag, following daily schedule).
ALS.SC.3.c (A) Demonstrate ways to communicate care, consideration, and respect of self and others.	ALS.SC.3.c (B) Discuss appropriate ways to communicate care and express needs, wants, and feelings with respect for self and others (give scenarios).		ALS.SC.3.c (C) Identify appropriate ways to communicate care and express needs, wants, and feelings with respect for self and others (taking turns, appropriate tones).
ALS.SC.3.d (A) Demonstrate healthy ways to express needs, wants, and feelings.	ALS.SC.3.d (B) Identify needs, wants, and feelings.		ALS.SC.3.d (C) State needs, wants and feelings.
ALS.SC.3.e (A) Practice self-controlled behaviors in real or simulated situations.	ALS.SC.3.e (B) Restat behaviors in real or sim		ALS.SC.3.e (C) Name self-controlled behaviors in real or simulated situations.

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CONCEPT: Interpersonal Skills

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Communicating	CareRespect	
Taking turns during board games	 Communicate Responsible 	
Selecting items in cafeteria	ExpressRules	
Following classroom rules	FeelingsSafe	
	GroupSafety	
	NeedsTone	
	PersonalWants	

Resources:

Teaching Strategies/Materials:

- PBS LearningMedia:
 - **Feelings** 0
 - Use Your Words
- Using Role Play to Assess Students' Responses to Social Situations

Videos:

- Showing Empathy (reading body language) (3:21)
 Resolving Disagreements (2:17)

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Standard	F		Performance Objectives	
ALS.SC.4 Practices interpersonal communication conflicts (e.g., peer pressure, hurtful teasing, nan	ame calling). ALS.SC.4.b Practice results ALS.SC.4.c Demonstration		situations that may lead to conflict. efusal and negotiation skills. ate nonviolent strategies to resolve conflicts. late between negative and positive behaviors used	
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
ALS.SC.4.a (A) Explain situations that may lead to conflict.	ALS.SC.4.a (B) Identify situations that may lead to conflict (e.g., disagreements with peers/siblings, peer pressure situations).		ALS.SC.4.a (C) Using social stories, categorize a situation as negative or positive (e.g., centerrotation, teasing).	
ALS.SC.4.b (A) Practice refusal and negotiation skills.	ALS.SC.4.b (B) Discuss the difference between refusal and negotiation (e.g., taking turns, decisions that result in unsafe consequences).		ALS.SC.4.b (C) Identify situations when saying "no" is appropriate (e.g., peer pressure, decisions that result in unsafe consequences).	
ALS.SC.4.c (A) Demonstrate nonviolent strategies to resolve conflicts.	ALS.SC.4.c (B) Identify nonviolent strategies to resolve conflicts in social situations (e.g., being first in line, sharing devices, waiting your turn).		ALS.SC.4.c (C) Identify situations that may lead to conflict (e.g., being first in line, sharing devices, waiting your turn).	
ALS.SC.4.d (A) Differentiate between negative and positive behaviors used in conflict situations.		fy negative and positive ict situations (e.g., using ands, tone of voice).	ALS.SC.4.d (C) Identify negative behaviors that may lead to conflict (e.g., physical and verbal aggression).	

F	Real-World Connections:	V	ocabulary:		
•	Disagreements with peers/siblings during the school day/at home	•	Conflict	•	Negotiation
•	Peer pressure situations (alcohol/drugs)	•	Conflict-Resolution	•	Positive
•	Working with others	•	Disagree	•	Refusal
•	Dealing with family problems or issues	•	Emotions	•	Triggers
•	Use pictures, videos, or student role-play to depict a situation	•	Fair	•	Unfair
		•	Negative		

Resources:

Teaching Strategies/Materials:

- o Teaching refusal skills
- o Role-Play Practice: Saying NO to unsafe sex
- o National Gateway to Self-Determination: <u>Self-Determination resources</u>
- o <u>I'm Determined (checklists, videos, lesson plans)</u>
- o BrainPOP: Conflict Resolution
- o BrainPOP: Peer Pressure
- o Social Stories for Autistic Children, source: Autism Parenting Magazine
- o Social Stories and Supplementary Tactics, source: Educate Autism
- o Conflict Resolution for Students with Special Needs

Videos:

- o <u>Self-Management Video (YouTube, 2:30)</u>—How to use visual self-management to calm, source: Indiana Resource Center for Autism
- o Resolving Disagreements (2:17)

Standard		Performance Objectives	
ALS.SC.5 Practices appropriate social-sexual be	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ate between appropriate and inappropriate and/or gestures. ate between public and private activities. ate an awareness of appropriate place and time to
	I Can S	tatements	
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SC.5.a (A) Identify the appropriate means to gain attention or affection (e.g., avoid using sexual and/or seductive body language, suggestive verbalizations).	ALS.SC.5.a (B) Recognize appropriate means to gain attention or affection (e.g., avoid using sexual and/or seductive body language, suggestive verbalizations).		ALS.SC.5.a (C) State an appropriate mean to gain attention or affection (e.g., avoid using sexual and/or seductive body language, suggestive verbalizations).
ALS.SC.5.b (A) Differentiate between appropriate and inappropriate movement, touching, and/or gestures.	ALS.SC.5.b (B) Identify inappropriate movement, touching, and/or gestures.		ALS.SC.5.b (C) Demonstrate a way of alerting/informing a trusted person about inappropriate movement, touching, and/or gestures (e.g., counselor, trusted adult, teacher, minister, police officer).
ALS.SC.5.c (A) Differentiate between public and private activities.	ALS.SC.5.c (B) Identify behavior that is only appropriate in private places.		ALS.SC.5.c (C) Recognize behavior that is inappropriate in public places (e.g., touching oneself).
ALS.SC.5.d (A) Demonstrate an awareness of appropriate place and time to engage in self-stimulating behavior.	ALS.SC.5.d (B) Identify appropriate places and times to engage in self-stimulating behavior.		ALS.SC.5.d (C) Recognize that it is inappropriate to engage in self-stimulating behavior in public places.

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
 Dating Understanding laws relating to sexual conduct 	 Conflict Consequences Harassment Listening Masturbation Property 	RespectResponsibilityRulesSelf-respect

Resources:

- National Guidelines Task Force: <u>Guidelines for Comprehensive Sexuality Education</u>
- National Sexual Education Standards

Standard			Performance Objectives	
ALS.SC.6 Demonstrates understanding and resp among people.	physical, cultural, lingui ALS.SC.6.b Demonstra a civil rights issue.		trate a tolerance for individual differences (e.g., guistic, gender). trate an understanding that disability harassment is ways in which bystanders can help someone who	
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
ALS.SC.6.a (A) Demonstrate a tolerance for individual differences (e.g., physical, cultural, linguistic, gender).	ALS.SC.6.a (B) Identify two or three behaviors that demonstrate tolerance for individual differences (e.g., physical, cultural, linguistic, gender).		ALS.SC.6.a (C) Relate appropriately to individual differences (e.g., physical, cultural, linguistic, gender).	
ALS.SC.6.b (A) Demonstrate an understanding that disability harassment is a civil rights issue.	ALS.SC.6.b (B) Identify two or three behaviors that demonstrate disability harassment (e.g., unwanted comments about appearance or disability, threats and intimidation, invasion of personal space, unnecessary touching).		ALS.SC.6.b (C) Identify a situation when disability harassment is a civil rights issue (e.g., employment, pay, housing).	
ALS.SC.6.c (A) Identify ways in which bystanders can help someone who is being bullied.	personal space, unnecessary touching). ALS.SC.6.c (B) Identify a way in which bystanders can help someone who is being bullied (e.g., bystander gets help instead of watching and/or recording).		ALS.SC.6.c (C) Acknowledge that a bystander can help someone who is being bullied (e.g., bystander gets help instead of watching and/or recording).	

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
 Bullying Cyber-bullying Advocating for civil rights for yourself and others 	 Advocate Bully Bystander Cyber-bullying 	HarassmentRacismRightsTolerance
	 Disability 	
	 Discrimination 	

Resources:

- Learning about Self-Advocacy: Speaking up, source: selfadvocacyonline.org
- I'm Determined Toolbox for Self-Determination
- Self-Determination Assessment Tools, Zarrow Center for Learning Enrichment (ZCLE), University of Oklahoma
- Self Esteem and Character Building Activities for Kids, source: kidsplayandcreate.com
- Teaching Self-Advocacy Toolbox, source: Teaching Self-Advocacy Blog wordpress.com
- Teaching Tolerance
- BrainPOP: Cyber-bullying
- Video: National Parent Center on Transition and Employment: Civil Rights and Legal Protections
- Wrightslaw: Topics by keyword

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self-Determination

CONCEPT: Decision-Making/Problem-Solving

Standard		Performance Objectives			
ALS.SD.3 Demonstrates the ability to implement a decision-making process.		ALS.SD.3.a Identify the steps in making a decision. ALS.SD.3.b Demonstrate the ability to make decisions based on students' personal preferences, interests, and abilities. ALS.SD.3.c Demonstrate the ability to apply a decision-making process to health issues and problems individually and collaboratively.			
I Can Statements					
MOST COMPLEX → LEAST COMPLEX					
ALS.SD.3.a (A) Identify the steps in making a decision.	ALS.SD.3.a (B) Identify a step in making a decision (e.g., identify the alternatives, gather relevant information, take action).		ALS.SD.3.a (C) Repeat the steps for making a decision (e.g., identify the alternatives, gather relevant information, take action).		
ALS.SD.3.b (A) Demonstrate the ability to make decisions based on students' personal preferences, interests, and abilities.	ALS.SD.3.b (B) Identify two or three personal preferences, interests, or abilities to consider when making decisions (e.g., attending an event, participating in an activity).		ALS.SD.3.b (C) Identify a personal preference, interest, or ability to consider when making decisions (e.g., attending an event, participating in an activity).		
ALS.SD.3.c (A) Demonstrate the ability to apply a decision-making process to health issues and problems individually and collaboratively.	ALS.SD.3.c (B) Identify two or three situations when the decision-making process should be applied.		ALS.SD.3.c (C) Identify a situation when the decision-making process should be applied.		
Real-World Connections:Making tough choicesAdvocating for their needs		Vocabulary:	IssuesPreferencesProblems		

Resources:

- I'm Determined Toolbox for Self-Determination
- <u>Self-Determination Assessment Tools</u>, ZCLE, University of Oklahoma
- <u>Preference Indicators</u>, ZCLE, University of Oklahoma
- Decision-Making Wheel
- Making Tough Choices with Kid President

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self-Determination

CONCEPT: Decision-Making/Problem-Solving

Standard		Performance Objectives			
ALS.SD.4 Develops problem-solving skills.		ALS.SD.4.a Differentiate between relevant and irrelevant information when presented with a problematic situation (e.g., social situations/problems). ALS.SD.4.b Utilize various strategies to solve problems associated with daily living (e.g., negotiating obstacles, selecting appropriate clothing, selecting the appropriately-sized container to store food/objects).			
I Can Statements					
MOST COMPLEX → LEAST COMPLEX					
ALS.SD.4.a (A) Differentiate between relevant and irrelevant information when presented with a problematic situation (e.g., social situations/problems).	ALS.SD.4.a (B) Identify trusted sources for obtaining relevant information when presented with a problem situation (e.g., a police officers, store clerk, customer service).		ALS.SD.4.a (C) Identify a trusted source of information when presented with a problem situation (e.g., parent or guardian).		
ALS.SD.4.b (A) Utilize various strategies to solve problems associated with daily living (e.g., negotiating obstacles, selecting appropriate clothing, selecting the appropriately- sized container to store food/objects).	ALS.SD.4.b (B) Identify two or three obstacles or situations encountered in daily living where problem-solving strategies can be applied.		ALS.SD.4.b (C) Recognize that problem- solving strategies can be helpful when trying to overcome obstacles or situations encountered in daily living.		

DOMAIN: Self-Determination

CONCEPT: Decision-Making/Problem-Solving

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:
 Finding transportation to an event or appointment 	 Community helpers Options
• Getting into a building that is not ADA compliant (e.g., someone's	EmergencyProblem
private home)	InformationRelevant
Where to wait for a ride when it is raining	IrrelevantSafety
Picking up a dropped item	JudgementSituations
Addressing hygiene issues	ObstaclesTrust

Resources:

• Paying a bill

- What Is the Problem-Solving Model?
- Overcoming Obstacles Curriculum (requires a free account)
- Preparing for more Independent Living, 2015 Center for Independent Futures
- Zarrow Center for Learning Enrichment, University of Oklahoma.
- Problem Solving and the Child With Special Needs
- Real-World Problem Solving: <u>Finding Solutions Through Projects</u> (5:23 min)

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self-Determination

CONCEPT: Goal-Setting

Standard]	Performance Objectives
ALS.SD.5 Identifies and achieves personal and a	academic goals.	ALS.SD.5.c Participate and academic goals. ALS.SD.5.d Identify open	c personal and academic goals. in developing a plan of action to meet personal oportunities and barriers to achieving goals. when the modification of a plan is necessary to
I Can Statements			
MOST COMPLEX ← LEAST COMPLE			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.SD.5.a (A) Prioritize needs.	ALS.SD.5.a (B) Prioritize two or three needs.		ALS.SD.5.a (C) Identify needs.
ALS.SD.5.b (A) Set realistic personal and academic goals.	ALS.SD.5.b (B) Recognize personal and academic goals in IEP.		ALS.SD.5.b (C) Identify a realistic personal or academic goal from IEP (e.g., participating in IEP meetings).
ALS.SD.5.c (A) Participate in developing a plan of action to meet personal and academic goals.	ALS.SD.5.c (B) Identify action steps necessary for meeting a personal or academic goal in IEP.		ALS.SD.5.c (C) Match action steps to goals in IEP.
ALS.SD.5.d (A) Identify opportunities and barriers to achieving goals.	ALS.SD.5.d (B) Identify an opportunity and a barrier to achieving a goal from IEP.		ALS.SD.5.d (C) Recognize barriers and opportunities to meeting a goal in IEP.
ALS.SD.5.e (A) Recognize when the modification of a plan is necessary to achieve goals (e.g., self-monitoring).	ALS.SD.5.e (B) Identi modifications of a plan goals (e.g., self-monito	are necessary to achieve	ALS.SD.5.e (C) Recognize that a plan was modified to ensure achievement of goals.

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Self-Determination

CONCEPT: Goal-Setting

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:
Filling out a job application	 Academic Personal
 Preparing for living independently 	AchievePlan
A medical setback	GoalsPrioritize
 Savings used for an emergency 	IEPRealistic
	 Modify Self-monitoring

Resources:

- <u>I'm Determined Toolbox</u> for Self-Determination
- <u>Self Determination Assessment Tools</u>, ZCLE. University of Oklahoma
- Preference Indicators, ZCLE, University of Oklahoma
- Decision-making Wheel
- Video: Five Rules of Goal Setting: <u>How to set SMART, Motivating Personal Goals</u> (2:40 mins)
- MindTools.com (search "goal setting plan")
- Self-Determination resources

DOMAIN: Transition Planning/Community Participation

CONCEPT: Personal Safety

Standard]	Performance Objectives
ALS.TP.2 Demonstrates the ability to handle en	nergency situations.	ALS.TP.2.a Plan/follow ALS.TP.2.b Demonstra ALS.TP.2.c Plan how t	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.TP.2.a (A) Plan/follow an emergency route.	ALS.TP.2.a (B) Follows an emergency plan (e.g., what to do in case of a fire).		ALS.TP.2.a (C) Participates in emergency drills.
ALS.TP.2.b (A) Demonstrate fire safety.	ALS.TP.2.b (B) Identifies practices associated with fire safety.		ALS.TP.2.b (C) Observes fire safety rules.
ALS.TP.2.c (A) Plan how to handle adverse weather/nature-related events.	ALS.TP.2.c (B) Follows plan for handling adverse weather/nature-related events.		ALS.TP.2.c (C) Participates in drills for handling adverse weather/nature-related events.
Real-World Connections: Fire drillTornado warningCooking on a gas range		Vocabulary:	PlanSafetyThunderstormTornado

Resources:

- <u>Preparing for more Independent Living.</u> 2015 Center for Independent Futures
- Zarrow Center for Learning Enrichment, University of Oklahoma
- Wrightslaw: Topics by keyword
- South Bend Community School Corporation, Special Education Services <u>Transition Assessments and Activities</u>
- Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, U.S. Department of Education, <u>A Transition Guide to Postsecondary Education and Employment for Students and Youth with Disabilities</u>

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Transition Planning/Community Participation CONCEPT: Transition Planning

Standard			Performance Objectives
ALS.TP.3 Demonstrates knowledge of transition	n plan.	education, employment ALS.TP.3.b Identify th goals.	rgeted postsecondary outcomes in the domains of , and independent living. He action steps required to attain postsecondary e functional capabilities and limitations identified it.
I Can Statements			
MOST COMPLEX ←			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.TP.3.a (A) Identify targeted postsecondary outcomes in the domains of education, employment, and independent living.	ALS.TP.3.a (B) Category outcome either education, employing.	es in transition plan as	ALS.TP.3.a (C) Recognize available postsecondary education, employment, and independent living options.
ALS.TP.3.b (A) Identify the action steps required to attain postsecondary goals.	ALS.TP.3.b (B) Identify two or three action steps to attaining a postsecondary goal.		ALS.TP.3.b (C) Match action steps to postsecondary goals.
ALS.TP.3.c (A) Identify the functional capabilities and limitations identified in transition assessment.	ALS.TP.3.c (B) Identificant limitations identificant assessment (e.g., streng independence).		ALS.TP.3.c (C) Participate in transition assessment to identify functional capabilities and limitations.

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DOMAIN: Transition Planning/Community Participation

CONCEPT: Transition Planning

Real-World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
Planning for independent living	• Action steps	• Options
 Deciding what postsecondary educational options are available 	 Capabilities 	• Outcomes
	• Diploma	• Postsecondary
	 Employment 	Target
	 Functional 	 Transition plan
	 Independent living 	 Certifications
	 Limitations 	

Resources:

• South Bend Community School Corporation, Special Education Services, Transition Assessments and Activities

Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, U.S. Department of Education, <u>A Transition Guide to Postsecondary Education and Employment for Students and Youth with Disabilities</u>

- <u>Preparing for more Independent Living</u>, 2015 Center for Independent Futures
- Zarrow Center for Learning Enrichment, University of Oklahoma.
- EdSurge: A New Curriculum Helps Students With Disabilities Transition to Life After High School

COURSE: Life Skills Development II DOMAIN: Transition Planning/Community Participation CONCEPT: Community Participation

Standard			Performance Objectives
ALS.TP.4 Demonstrates an awareness of the activities, events, and services available in their community (e.g., shopping, religious services, recreation programs, library, after-school programs).		community. ALS.TP.4.b Identify wa activities, events, and set ALS.TP.4.c Identify was events, and services. ALS.TP.4.d Demonstration and inclusion	ays in which to access community activities, ate an understanding of meaningful community
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX ◆			→ LEAST COMPLEX
ALS.TP.4.a (A) Identify the activities, events, and services available in their community. ALS.TP.4.b (A) Identify ways in which to find	ALS.TP.4.a (B) Identify two or three examples of activities, events, and services available in the community (e.g., rehabilitation services, services provided by community colleges, entertainment, community service projects).		ALS.TP.4.a (C) Identify an example of an activity, event, or service available in the community (e.g., rehabilitation services, services provided by community colleges, entertainment, community service projects). ALS.TP.4.b (C) Identify a trusted mentor that
out about community activities, events, and services.	ALS.TP.4.b (B) Identify two or three sources of information about available community activities, events, and services (e.g., counselor, appropriate agencies, mentor).		can assist with identifying relevant community activities, events, and services (e.g., someone with similar challenges who can inspire community engagement based on their own lived experiences).
ALS.TP.4.c (A) Identify ways in which to access community activities, events, and services.	ALS.TP.4.c (B) Identify a community organization or agency that can assist with access to community activities, events, and services (e.g., transportation to a community center, availability of supports for disability needs).		ALS.TP.4.c (C) Identify a trusted mentor to assist with access to community activities, events, and services (e.g., transportation to a community center, availability of supports for disability needs).
ALS.TP.4.d (A) Demonstrate an understanding of meaningful community participation and inclusion.	ALS.TP.4.d (B) Identify two or three examples of meaningful community participation and inclusion (e.g., becoming empowered consumers, choosing to join groups with similar interests).		ALS.TP.4.d (C) Identify an examples of meaningful community participation and inclusion (e.g., becoming empowered consumers, choosing to join groups with similar interests).

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DOMAIN: Transition Planning/Community Participation

CONCEPT: Community Participation

ALS.TP.4.e (A) Identify community resources
aligned to individual interests.

ALS.TP.4.e (B) Match interests to community resources (e.g., cooking course, library, walking track, movie theater).

ALS.TP.4.e (C) Identify community resources aligned to individual interests (e.g., cooking course, library, walking track, movie theater).

Real World Connections:

- Being involved where possible in the thinking, planning, and implementation of ideas and services which meet goals and lifestyles
- Joining groups with others who share similar interests and where they feel like they can contribute and belong
- Visiting the public library
- Finding a church
- Finding a place to live
- Everyday interactions with others

Vocabulary:

- Abilities
- Community
- Community organization
- Community participation
- Community resources

- Decision-making
- Inclusion
- Meaningful
- Mentor

Resources:

- I'm Determined Toolbox for Self-Determination
- Self Determination Assessment Tools, ZCLE, University of Oklahoma
- Preference Indicators, ZCLE, University of Oklahoma
- National Disability Insurance Scheme, Community Participation in Action: A Resource Guide for Disability Resource Providers
- National Gateway to Self-determination: Resource Guide for Professionals
- Iris Center—Secondary Transition: Helping Students with Disabilities Plan for Post-High School Settings
- EdSurge: A New Curriculum Helps Students With Disabilities Transition to Life After High School
- South Bend Community School Corporation, Special Education Services,

Transition Assessments and Activities

Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, U.S. Department of Education, <u>A Transition Guide to Postsecondary Education and Employment for Students and Youth with Disabilities</u>

APPENDIX A: Additional Resources

Other Life Skills Resources for Teaching Students with Significant Cognitive Disabilities

Resource	Description
National Technical Assistance Center	Evidenced-based and promising practices
on Transition (NTACT)	
	Requires creating a free account
	Evidence-Based Practices and Predictors
	Effective Practices Matrix
	Annotated Bibliography Research to Practice
	<u>Lesson Plan Starters</u>
Brookes Publishing	<u>Free Downloadable Pictures</u>
Mississippi Department of Mental	A Directory of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Services
Health	
Modules for Addressing Special	The Modules Addressing Special Education and Teacher Education
Education and Teacher Education	(MAST) were created to focus on important topics in special
(MAST)	education courses and professional development for teachers.
National Council for Special	Supporting Students with Autism Spectrum Disorder in Schools
Education	

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