# Welcome to the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) Training

**CACFP/SFSP Division** 

601-576-5000







mdek12.org

### State Board of Education STRATEGIC PLAN GOALS

1

**ALL** Students Proficient and Showing Growth in All Assessed Areas

**EVERY** School Has Effective Teachers and Leaders

4

2

**EVERY** Student Graduates from High School and is Ready for College and Career

Uses a World-Class Data System to Improve Student Outcomes

5

3

**EVERY** Child Has Access to a High-Quality Early Childhood Program

**EVERY** School and District is Rated "C" or Higher

6



# **VISION**

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

# **MISSION**

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community



# Introduction

**Summer Food Service Program** 

2022 SFSP Training

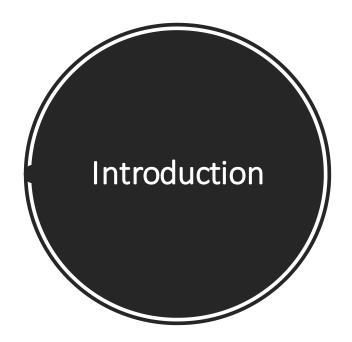




# Purpose of the Summer Food Service Program

- The **Summer Food Service Program** (SFSP) was established to ensure that low-income children continue to receive nutritious meals when school is not in session.
- SFSP Meals which meet the *Federal Meal Pattern Requirements* are provided to children at approved SFSP sites in areas with significant concentrations of low-income children.
- Meals are served at No Cost to participants.









#### Introduction

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Summer Food Service Program (SESP) relies on innovative and collaborative efforts to reach children in need. USDA encourages collaborations with valued partners at the National, State, and local levels to raise awareness about the nutrition gap low-income children face when schools close for the summer and the availability of summer meals to close this gap. The SFSP was established to ensure that low-income children continue to receive nutritious meals when school is not in session. Fire meals that meet Federal nutrition guidelines are provided to all clinifer at approved SFSP sites in areas with significant concentrations of low-income children. The SFSP operates primarily in the summer morths – from late May through early August.

During the summer of 2019, Mississippi served 2.2 million meals at 1,279 Sites operated by 165 different Sponsors.

#### Guide Contents

The one-page handouts listed below review important information Sponsors need to know when planning to operate the SFSP in Mississippi. When more detailed information is needed on a program requirement, refer to the USDA Guidance Manuals for Sponsors.

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Sponsor & Site Eligibility
- 3. Documenting Participant Eligibility
- 4. Application Process
- 5. Meal Service Requirements
- 6. Production Planning
- 7. Accurate Meal Counting
- 8. Procurement

- 9. Training
- 10. Monitoring
- 11. Financial Management
- 12. Civil Rights
- 13. Program Reimbursement



#### **Additional Resources for Your Operation**

USDA and OCN provide numerous resources for Sponsors to reference to assist in the operation of a successful Program.

The SFSP websites are a great starting point to find all web-based Program resources.

USDA: http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/summer-food-serviceprogram-sfsp

The USDA SPSP Guidance Manuals are the companion manuals to the SPSP one pager resources. The USDA manuals provide detailed guidance for sponsors, monitors, and site supervisors. Provided to all sponsors.

The FNS Policy Memos webpage includes up-to-date information about important Program changes: http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfso/policy.

The Legislation webpage provides an overview of government legislation impacting the Program: http://www.fns.uda.gov/sfsp/legislation. The Summer Toolkit includes tips and resources to help sporsors prepare for and improve the Program: http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/summer/library/toolkit.pdf.

The Mapping Tools page can be used to find underserved areas and potential partners: <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/mapping-tools-summer-meal-programs">http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/mapping-tools-summer-meal-programs</a>.

The Summer Meals Best Practices webpage is full of inspiring SPSP success stories from across the country: http://www.frs.usda.gov/sfsp/best-practices

The Farm to Summer Handout includes tips on how to improve Summer Meal Programs through the integration of local foods and related enrichment activities:

The FNS monthly Summer Meals Newsletters offer timely tips sponsors can use to improve Program outreach and expansion: <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/summer-meal.newsletters">http://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/summer-meal.newsletters</a>

#### Non-discrimination Statement

In accordance with Federal dvill rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) dvill rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, see, disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior chill rights activity in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g. Prailli, large print, audiotope, American Sign Language, etc.), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through program information may be made available in languages other than English.

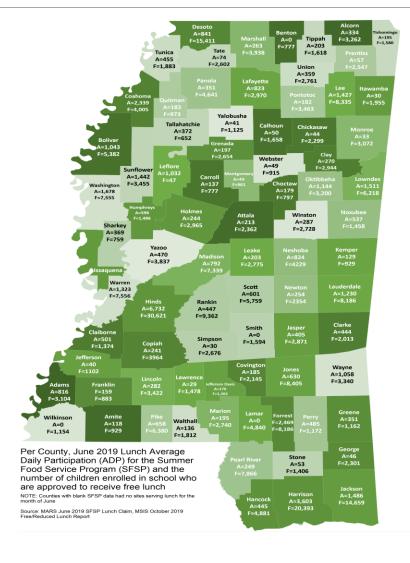
To file a program complaint of discrimination, complete the <u>USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Earm</u>, (AD 3027) found coiline at <u>http://www.accunda.cov/complaint\_filling.cost.html</u>, and at any USDA offile, or evalue a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the Information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by

- mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture
   Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
   1400 Independence Avenue, SW
   Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;
- (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.



# **SFSP Needs in Your Area**





# Recordkeeping Requirements

- Number of Program Meals
- Allowability of all SFSP Costs
- Confirmation of Good Standing with all Program requirements





# **SFSP Records Packet**

- Income Projections
- Cost Worksheet
- Production Book Request Form
- Delivery Receipt (NCR copies available)
- Donation Form
- Production Worksheet
- Records Checklist
- Sponsor/Site Agreement
- Household Application





RECORDS

- Media Release
- Meal Count Forms
- Procurement Plan
- Training Checklist for Administrative Staff
- Training Checklist for Monitors
- Training Checklist for Site Staff
- Pre-Operational Visit Form
- First Week Visit Form
- Site Review Form
- Racial and Ethnic Data Form



# **SFSP Waiver Requests**

SP 15-2018, CACFP 12-2018, SFSP 05-2018

May 24, 2018

# Child Nutrition Program Waiver Request Guidance and Protocol-Revised

Provides an overview of statutory waiver authority, the waiver request and review process, and data reporting requirements



### First Week Site Visits

# Waiver Request: Areas

Offer versus Serve

Meal Service Time Restrictions

Area Eligibility for Closed Enrolled Sites



# **USDA's Waiver Request Template**



#### CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM STATE WAIVER REQUEST TEMPLATE

Child Nutrition Programs are expected to be administered according to all statutory and regulatory requirements; waivers to the requirements are exceptions. However, Section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1760(1), provides authority for USDA to waive requirements for State agencies or eligible service providers under certain circumstances. When requesting the waiver of statutory or regulatory requirements for the Child Nutrition Programs (CNPs), including the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP), the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (FFVP), the Special Milk Program (SMP), and the School Breakfast Program (SBP), State agencies and eligible service providers should use this template. State agencies and eligible service providers should consult with their FNS Regional Offices when developing waiver requests to ensure a well-reasoned, thorough request is submitted. State agencies and eligible service providers are encouraged to submit complete waiver requests at least 60 calendar days prior to the anticipated implementation date. Requests submitted less than 60 calendar days prior to the anticipated implementation should be accompanied by an explanation of extenuating circumstances.

For more information on requests for waiving Program requirements, refer to SP 15-2018, CACFP 12-2018, SFSP 05-2018, Child Nutrition Program Waiver Request Guidance and Protocol- Revised, May 24, 2018.

- State agency submitting waiver request and responsible State agency staff contact information;
- 2. Region:
- Eligible service providers participating in waiver and affirmation that they are in good standing:
- Description of the challenge the State agency is seeking to solve, the goal of the waiver to improve services under the Program, and the expected outcomes if the waiver is granted. [Section 12(I)(2)(A)(iii) and 12(I)(2)(A)(iv) of the NSLA]:
- Specific Program requirements to be waived (include statutory and regulatory citations). [Section 12(I)(2)(A)(i) of the NSLA]:
- Detailed description of alternative procedures and anticipated impact on Program operations, including technology, State systems, and monitoring:

SP 15-2018, CACFP 12-2018, SFSP 05-2018

Page I

#### Attachment A

- Description of any steps the State has taken to address regulatory barriers at the State level. [Section 12(l)(2)(A)(ii) of the NSLA]:
- Anticipated challenges State or eligible service providers may face with the waiver implementation:
- Description of how the waiver will not increase the overall cost of the Program to the Federal Government. If there are anticipated increases, confirm that the costs will be paid from non-Federal funds, [Section 12(l/L)(A)(iii) of the NSLA]:
- 10. Anticipated waiver implementation date and time period:
- 11. Proposed monitoring and review procedures:
- 12. Proposed reporting requirements (include type of data and due date(s) to FNS):
- 13. Link to or a copy of the public notice informing the public about the proposed waiver [Section 12(l)(1)(A)(ii) of the NSLA]:
- 14. Signature and title of requesting official:

Title

Requesting official's email address for transmission of response:

#### TO BE COMPLETED BY FNS REGIONAL OFFICE:

FNS Regional Offices are requested to ensure the questions have been adequately addressed by the State agency and formulate an opinion and juxification for a response to the waiver request based on their knowledge, experience and work with the State.

Date request was received at Regional Office:

- Check this box to confirm that the State agency has provided public notice in accordance with Section 12(I)(1)(A)(ii) of the NSLA
- Regional Office Analysis and Recommendations:

SP 15-2018, CACFP 12-2018, SFSP 05-2018

Page 2







# **SFSP One-Pagers**

- Introduction
- Sponsor & Site Eligibility
- Documenting Participant Eligibility
- Application Process
- Meal Pattern Requirements
- Meal Service Requirements
- Production Planning
- Accurate Meal Counting

- Procurement
- Training
- Monitoring
- Financial Management
- Civil Rights
- Program Reimbursement



# Sponsor & Site Eligibility

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training







## Sponsor & Site Eligibility

#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Sponsors are eligible organizations that assume total responsibility for the administration of the SFSP. Sites are the locations where meals are served to children in a supervised setting. For sites to be eligible sites, they must serve children in low-income areas or serve specific groups of low-income children.

#### Who can sponsor the SFSP?

- Public or private non-profit school food authorities
- · Public or private non-profit colleges or universities
- Public or private non-profit residential summer camps
- Units of local, county, municipal, state or federal government
- Any other type of private non-profit organization

All sponsors must be tax exempt and demonstrate the administrative and financial ability to manage a food service effectively. Most sponsors must provide a year round public service to the area in which they intend to provide the SFSD.

#### Sponsor Responsibilities

#### At a minimum, sponsors will:

- Attend the State Agency training
- Locate and recruit eligible sites
- Hire, train and supervise staff/volunteers
- Competitively procure food/supplies to prepare meals or hire a vendor for meal preparation
- · Monitor all sites for compliance
- Prepare claims for reimbursement
- Maintain records for 3 years, plus the current year

#### Specific Eligibility Requirements for Sponsors

To be deemed eligible, sponsors must:

Demonstrate Financial and Administrative Capability – All sponsors must submit a budget with the SFSP application annually and accept final financial and administrative responsibility for all sites.

Not Be Seriously Deficient – Applicants must not have been declared seriously deficient or terminated from the SFSP or any other Child Nutrition Program. If the State Agency determines a sponsor has taken corrective action to permanently correct the deficiencies and/or the debt has been paid, the Sponsor may be approved to participate once again.

Serve Low-Income Children - Sponsors must agree to provide regularly scheduled meal service for children in designated lowincome areas or they must agree to serve low-income children (except camps).

Conduct a Non-profit Food Service – The food service operation must be for the benefit of participating children and all the Program reimbursement funds are used solely for the operation or improvement of the food service.

Provide Year-round Service – Sponsors must provide a year-round public service to the area in which they intend to provide the SFSP. Exceptions may be granted for sponsors of residential camps, migrant sites, and in certain other limited circumstances.

Exercise Management Control Over Sites – Sponsors must demonstrate in their applications that they will exercise management control over the meal service at all of their sites. This means that the sponsor is responsible for maintaining contact with meal service staff, ensuring that they are trained, and will monitor the sites throughout Program participation. For sites not legally affiliated with the sponsor's organization, the sponsor should enter into an agreement with the site official.

Conduct Pre-Operational Visits – Prior to approval, sponsors must visit new sites and sites that had operational problems the previous year.

Sign Written Agreements - Approved sponsors must sign a permanent written agreement with the State Agency.





#### Types of Sites & Eligibility

Sponsors may operate the SFSP at one or more sites, for any period during the summer months as long as the site and meal services have been approved by OCN prior to the start of the site operating. Sponsors may have different site types that serve different meals. When more than one sponsor operates in a community, the sponsors should work together to ensure needs are met without duplicating, services. OCN can assist sponsors in determining the appropriate site types and related eligibility documentation.

#### Open Site

Meals are made available to all children in the area on a firstcome, first-serve basis. Open sites must be located within the attendance area of a school that has 50% or more of its children eligible for free and reduced price meals (i.e. School Data) or within a census tract that qualifies. Schools with academic summer school are required to be open to the community.

Meals Eligible for Reimbursement: breakfast, lunch, supper, and snack. Open, Restricted Open, and Closed Enrolled. Sites can choose to serve up to 2 meal services per day in any combination other than lunch and supper on the same day. Camps and migrant sites may serve up to 3 meal services per day.

#### Restricted Open Sites

Operates much like an open site, but there is a need to restrict or limit meal participation for reasons of space, security, safety, or control determined after the site opens. Sponsors must make it publicly known that the site offers free meals to children, but it will be limited for the reasons noted above. Determining the eligibility of the site is the same as a regular open site.

#### **Closed Enrolled Sites**

Meals are made available to only the enrolled group of children attending the site, as opposed to the community at large. Many times, this site type is selected because the site is offering programs geared toward a specific group of children. Closed enrolled sites may be eligible based on area just like an open or restricted open site Of it may be located outside of an eligible area, but then at least 50% of the children enrolled must be considered to be low-income. When not area eligible, sponsors are required to keep enrollment records and participant eligiblisty documentation each month to verify that at least 50% of the children eligible.

#### Camp Site:

Camps can be residential or nonresidential day camps that offer regularly scheduled food service as part of an organized program for enrolled children. Unlike open, restricted open, and closed enrolled sites, sponsors of both residential and nonresidential camps do not have to establish area eligibility. However, they must collect and maintain participant eligibility occumentation. Camps are only reimbursed for those enrolled children who meet the free and/or reduced-price eligibility standards.

#### Migrant Sites

These sites can operate like area-eligible open or restricted open sites and are reimbursed for meals served to all attending children. Migrant status is confirmed annually by having the Sponsor submit information obtained from a migrant organization that certifies that the site serves a majority of children of migrant workers.

#### Participant Eligibility for Closed Enrolled and Camp Sites

There are a variety of ways to determine participant eligibility for Closed Enrolled and Camp Sites. Some methods depend on the Program being offered. In most cases, participant eligibility is determined through Household Applications collected from the familier OR by obtaining documentation from a school district participating in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP).

#### Determining Eligibility Using School and Census Data

Sponsors may use free and reduced data from elementary, middle or high schools to qualify SFSP sites. The site must be located within the attendance area of a school that has at least 50% of its children eligible for free and reduced price meals.

If not located within an eligible attendance area, sponsors may look at census data to see if the potential site(s) fall within a tract that qualifies. The USDA Capacity Builder Mapping Tool can assist sponsors in making eligibility determinations and locating eligible areas within their community: <a href="https://www.hsu.usda.gov/capacitybuilder">https://www.hsu.usda.gov/capacitybuilder</a>.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.



# **Sponsor and Site Eligibility**

- Sponsors are eligible organizations that assume total responsibility for the administration of the SFSP.
- Sites are the locations where meals are served to children in a supervised setting. For sites to be eligible, they must serve children in low-income areas or serve specific groups of low-income children.





# Who can Sponsor the SFSP?

- Public or private non-profit school food authorities
- Public or private non-profit colleges or universities
- Public or private non-profit residential summer camps
- Units of local, county, municipal, state or federal government
- Any other type of private non-profit organization







Sponsor's Responsibilities At a minimum, Sponsors will:

- Attend the State Agency training
- Locate and recruit eligible sites
- Hire, train and supervise staff/volunteers
- Competitively procure food/supplies to prepare meals or hire a vendor for meal preparation
- Monitor all sites for compliance
- Prepare claims for reimbursement
- Maintain records for 3 years, plus the current year





Sponsors may **NOT** contract management responsibilities of the Program:

# Non-Contractible Management Responsibilities

- Meal Ordering
- Meal Count information
- Submitting claims
- Training and Monitoring administrative and site staff

Sponsors <u>must</u> maintain responsibility!



# Specific Eligibility Requirements for Sponsors

# To be deemed eligible to participate, Sponsors must:

- Demonstrate financial and administrative capability
- Not be seriously deficient
- Serve Low-Income children
- Conduct a non-profit food service
- Provide year-round service
- Exercise management control over sites
- Conduct pre-operational visits
- Sign written agreements





# **Types of Sites & Eligibility**

- Sponsors may operate the SFSP at one or more sites. The site and meal services have been approved by OCN prior to the start of the site operating.
- Sponsors may have different site types that serve different meals.
- When more than one sponsor operates in a community, the Sponsors should work together to ensure needs are met without duplicating services.







 Meals are made available to all children in the area on a first-come, first-serve basis.

## **Open Sites**

 Open sites must be located within the attendance area of a school that has 50% or more of its children eligible for free and reduced-price meals.





# Restricted Open Sites

- There is a need to restrict or limit meal participation for reasons of space, security, safety, or control determined after the site opens.
- Sponsors must make it publicly known that the site offers free meals to children, but it will be limited for the reasons.





### **Closed Enrolled Sites**

- Meals are made available to only the enrolled group of children attending the site, as opposed to the community at large.
- Sponsors are required to keep enrollment records and participant eligibility documentation each month to verify that at least 50% of the children are eligible.





# **Camp Sites**

- **Camps** can be residential or nonresidential day camps that offer regularly scheduled food service as part of an organized program for enrolled children.
- Sponsors are required to keep enrollment records and participant eligibility documentation each month to verify that at least 50% of the children are eligible.





# **Migrant Sites**

Migrant sites can *operate like open or restricted open sites* and are reimbursed for meals served to all attending children.



# **Questions?**





# Documenting Participant Eligibility

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





# **Documenting Participant Eligibility**

FOR CAMPS AND ENROLLED SITES

#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Children age 18 and under may receive meals through SFSP. A person 19 years of age and over who has a mental or physical disability (as determined by a State or local educational agency) and who participates during the school year in a public or private non-profit school program (established for the mentally or physically disabled) is also eligible to receive meals.

FOR CAMPS AND ENROLLED SITES NOT ELIGIBILE BASED ON AREA ELIGIBILITY, SPONSORS MAY DETERMINE AND DOCUMENT PARTICIPANT ELIGIBILITY IN THE FOLLOWING WAYS:

#### **Household Applications**

The household application is used to determine the income eligibility of enrolled children for all camps (residential and non-residential) and closed enrolled sites. The information collected on the household application includes household site and income or the case number for benefits received under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, formerly the Food Stamp Program), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), or the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR). See page 168 of the Administration Guide for the Summer Food Service Program.

#### **Automatic Eligibility**

Certain categories of children are automatically eligible for free meals and no income information is required. This is referred to as categorical eligibility. Children may be classified as categorically eligible for a period of 12 months; through

- Participation in another comparable Federal assistance program, including SNAP, FDPIR, or TANF
- Documentation that the child is homeless, runaway, or migrant, a foster child.

#### National Youth Sport Program (NYSP)

- 50% of enrolled children reside in low-income areas
   50% of enrolled children are eligible for free or reduced-price meals.
- Certification in writing that program meets the same income guidelines as the SFSP

#### Closed Enrolled Sites

- Unlike Open/ Open restricted, Closed Enrolled sites
- cannot use census or school data to establish eligibility.

  For a closed enrolled site to be eligible, at least 50% of participants must meet the income eligibility criteria.
- Closed enrolled sites must use household applications to determine income eligibility. This form is found on page 168 in the Administrative Guide Manual.

#### Camp Sites

Reimbursed only for meals served to children who meet the income eligibility criteria. These sites serve up to 3 meals or 2 meals and a snack. Household applications are required to document eligibility. Sponsors should maintain a roster and original household applications on file for each camp session.

#### **Upward Bound**

Closed enrolled sites that serve only Upward Bound participants automatically qualify for SFSP participation because at least two-thirds of the Upward Bound participants must be low-income students. Upward Bound programs operating as a camp must follow the camp eligibility requirements. Household applications are required to document eligibility. Sponsors should maintain a roster and original household applications on file.





If one child in a household is receiving SNAP, FDPIR, or TANF benefits, all other children in the household are categorically eligible to participate in the SFSP.

#### Foster Children can be certified eligible without

an application if the sponsor obtains documentation from an appropriate state or local agenty, indicating the status of the child as a child in foster care. In instances where a child or family may temporarily reside with another household, that child is still considered homeless. The SFSP posnor can determine eligibility for homeless children through documentation provided by the homeless liaison or another source.

#### **Household Applications Must:**

- include eligibility determination (needy/nonneedy)
- · include signature and date of determining official
- include signature of adult completing application and date
- include adult's last 4 digits of social security number, or designation that they don't have one, for applications determined based on income.

Without the information noted above, applications are considered incomplete and must be determined non-needy.

#### Upward Bound

Upward Bound is a program funded by the U.S. Department of Education (DOB) to provide academic support to teens from low-income families preparing for college. While participants in Upward Bound are not automatically eligible for free meals: under the SFSP, sponsors may use an Upward Bound application in lieu of a household application to determine individual eligibility. Those children who are determined eligible for Upward Bound based on income may be considered eligible for SFSP meals without further application. However, participants who are determined eligible for Upward Bound based on criteria other than income, such as being a potential first generation college student, must complete a household application in order to determine individual income eligibility for SFSP.

#### National Youth Sport Program (NYSP)

The NYSP is a national program intended to provide economically disadvantaged youth, the opportunity to receive daily sports instruction and educational programs. Although Congress does not currently fund the NYSP, children participating in NYSPs operated by higher education institutions are eligible to participate in SFSP upon showing residence in a low-income area or on the basis of income eligibility information provided for enrollment in the NYSP. Therefore, colleges and universities that offer NYSP and adhere to participant eligibility requirements that are the same as or stricter than the SFSP income requirements may consider participants categorically eligible for SFSP meals.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.



- > Children age 18 and under may receive meals through SFSP.
- ➤ A person 19 years of age and over who has a mental or physical disability (as determined by a State or local educational agency) and who participates during the school year in a public or private non-profit school program (established for the mentally or physically disabled) is also eligible to receive meals.







# **Closed Enrolled**

- Unlike Open/ Open-restricted sites, Closed Enrolled sites cannot use census or school data to establish eligibility.
- For a Closed Enrolled site to be eligible, at least 50% of the participants must meet the income eligibility criteria.
- Closed Enrolled sites must use household applications to determine income eligibility. This form is found on Page 168 in the Administration Guide.





# **Camp Sites**

Reimbursed only for meals served to children who meet the income eligibility criteria.

Serves up to 3 meals or 2 meals and 1 snack

Required income eligibility documentation:

- Household Meal application
- Maintain a Roster and original Household meal applications on file for each camp session



### **Upward Bound**



 Closed Enrolled sites that serve only Upward Bound participants automatically qualify for SFSP participation because at least 2/3 of the Upward Bound participants must be lowincome students.

 Upward Bound programs operating as a camp must follow the camp eligibility requirements.



# **National Youth Sports Program (NYSP)**



• 50% of enrolled children reside in low-income areas.

- 50% of enrolled children are eligible for free or reduced-price meals.
- Must certify in writing that program meets the same income guidelines as the SFSP.



# **Household Application**



		and a second												-		Student?		Hernole
ehrition of Household Armber: Anyonewho is	Child's First Na		MI			Child's Last Name								Grade Yes No			Cald Range &	
ving with you and shares come and expenses, even if of related."				<u> </u>							1	1				ЦЦ		ЦЦ
aldren in Foeter care and	4 00	g 201 1 1	201 1 102			(U)	76 30	107	36 (0)	36 30	1 15	5000	107				Addrin	
hildren who meet the selection of Horse Less,									A I AV									
grant or Runaway are ligital afor free meals. Read ow to Apply for Fee and						1 Jun							100				G C	
duced Price School Heals r more information.						197												
Report	1 (110) (110)		- III			interest final a		e de la composition della comp						How often				
STEP 3 Report	income for ALL	Household M	embers (Ski	p this step	If you ar	swered	'Yes' to ST	P2)										
	A. Child Incom													How often	v7.			
1											CNM inco	me	Bette			act big		
	Sometimes childress STEP 1 here.	en in the househol	d eem income. P	lease includ	e the TOTA	Lincome	earned by a	Household	Memberslie	dect in	Child inco	me	0	S-Bally In		etk O		
	STEP 1 here.  B. All Acks 1 Ho	en in the househol	rs (including):	ourself)						\$			0	S Souty Is	0 (	)	. t	alformat.
clude her el?	STEP 1 here.  B. All Acks t Ho Listall House for	en in the househol	rs (including) ed in STEP 1 (incl	ourself) uding yourse	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in	ome . For ea rou enter 10	ich House fol 'or leave any	d Member E Fields blank	sted if the	eydo mo	O eive incor	S make it	Cotal ground	as income (b	eport.	
clude here? lip the page and care fully who the charts titled	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not liste	rs (including y ad in STEP 1 linch nly. If they do not	ourself) uding yourse	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	ome . Flor ex rou enter 10	ich House to	d Member E Fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	O eive incor	S Mady 1:	Cotaligno	as income (b	eport. How o	
clude hera? lip the page and care fally when the charts titled to arces of locome" for some information.	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not list ollers Inc cents I or	rs (including y ad in STEP 1 linch nly. If they do not	ourself) uding yourse receive inco	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	ome . Flor ex rou enter 10	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S Mady 1:	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
clude here?  ip the page and care fally when the charts thied to access of focuses for a consideration.  In "Sources of income for hidden" chart will help	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not list ollers Inc cents I or	rs (including y ad in STEP 1 linch nly. If they do not	ourself) uding yourse receive inco	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	ome . Flor ex rou enter 10	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S Mady 1:	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
clude here?  Ip the page and care taby when the charts table is acted of locations for one in termation.  In Tourse of Income for histern chart will help use this Chart will become ection.	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not list ollers Inc cents I or	rs (includingly) ad in STEP 1 (incl nly, lifthey do not and Last)	ourself) uding yourse receive inco	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	ome . For earnou enter 10	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S Shelly D	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
clude her e?  Ip the page and care fully when the charts it lied to share of income? for some in bromatics, her "Sources of income for histories chart will help you with the Child become ector.  The "Sources of income for duth" of but will help you within all Andrews of income for duth of chart will help you within all Andrews.	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not list ollers Inc cents I or	rs (includingly) ad in STEP 1 (incl nly, lifthey do not and Last)	ourself) uding yourse receive inco	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	ome for earner to	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S Shelly It	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
int sur exhat beam ato clock he of a control to the of the office of the	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the househol usehold Membe Members not list ollers Inc cents I or	rs (includingly) and in STEP 1 line) and Last)  S  S  S  S	ourself) uding yourse receive inco	f) even f	they do n	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	S S	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S mady is  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
ictude her of ip the page and care fally with the chart stilled to see a of leconer for none is formation. the "Sources of income for historic floar with help our thin the "Outdir come action. the "Sources of income for dubts" chart will help you within and Mutit countried of Members.	STEP 1 here:  B. All Ackét Ho List all House hot- source in wholed  Name of Adult House	en in the household Marybe Leekold Marybe Marybers not list ollars (no cente) or that Manshen (Fist.	rs (includingly) ad in STEP 1 linel hit, if they do not and Last)  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S	ourself) utility yourser receive into	ef) even f emefrom	they do n any source Ho	oot receive in it, write 3' if the 2' if the 3' if the 3	s s s s s	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	sted, if th	eydo no certify in other	elve incor	S mady is  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1	cotal ground in a series	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
ictude her of ip the page and care fally with the chart stilled to see a of leconer for none is formation. the "Sources of income for historic floar with help our thin the "Outdir come action. the "Sources of income for dubts" chart will help you within and Mutit countried of Members.	STEP 1 here.  B. All Adul t Ho List a II House foil source in wholed	en in the household Marybe Members not list olders fro certs) or shoot Mambers (Fist)	rs (includingly) of in STEP 1 (includingly), if they do not set (includingly) and (includingly)  S	ourself) uding yoursered into	s f) even f street rom (	they do not not see the second	ot receive in a, write 10°. If wates1	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	ich House fol for leave ary	d Member 1 r fields blank	steed if the you are how he steed of the house of the hou	eydo no certify in other	eive incor p teromini	S mady is  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1)  (1	North Nin	as income (b	eport. How o	des?
clode her? I to the popular control to the popular control to the control to the Source of the Source of the Source of the Control to the Source of Income for the Income f	STEP 1 here.  B. All Acks! Ho. List at House fort source in wholed  Name of Adult House  Total House hold	en in the household Merrice Userhold Merrice He merricotliste ollars Inc. centel or whoth Mercia or (First)	rs (includingly) and in STEP 1 linci nity. If they do not and Last)  S  S  S  S  S  S	ourself) uding yoursered into	s f) even f street rom (	they do not not see the second	of receive in the control of the con	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	ich House tro or leines any Neis keldasst d Sage V Brest	s did Member i i fields blank	steed if the you are how he steed of the house of the hou	eydo no certify in other	eive incor p teromini	St Mestry 12  O (  Tex., no port 1  Inngl the tithe  Fernal  All Dr  S  S  S  S	North Nin	as income (b	eport. How o	des?



# **Household Application**



RUCTIONS Sources of Income				
Source of I	Income for Childen		ource of income for Adult	
Sources of Child I mome	Example(s)	Earnings from Work	Public Assistance / Allemony / Child Support	Pensions / Reference / All Other laconse
Earning from work	- A childhas a job where they earn a salary or wages	- Salary, wages, cash bonuses - Net Income from self- employment (farm or business) - Strike benefits  If you are in the U.S. Military: - Basic pay and cash bonuses (do NOT include combat pay,	Francisco conscionatorio del Consciono	- Social Security (Including railroad retrement and black lung benefits) - Private Pen sions or classibility - Income from trusts acrest alea - Arnutites - Investment income - Earned interest - Regular cash payments from outside household
Social Security  - Disability Payments  - Survivor's Benefits	- A child is blind or disabled and receives Social Secrity benefits - A Parent is disabled, retired, or deceased, and their child receives social security benefits			
ncome from person outside the househol	<ul> <li>A triend or extended family member regularly gives a child spending money</li> </ul>			
income from any other source	- A child receives income from a private pension fund, annuity, or trust	FSSA or privatized housing allowances) - Allowances for off-base		
his section is optional and does not a nicity (check one): Hispanic or the (check one or more): America Richard B. Rus m II hallond School Lunch Act we the information, but if you so not, we can it include the last four digits of the social secu-	aboutyour children's race and ethnicity. This inform affectyour children's eligibility for free or reduced Latino Not Hispanic or Latino	Black or African American  Persons with disabilities who regulating pitch audiolay. American applied for benefits, Individuals withrough the federal Rely Service	Native Haw alian or Other Pa ire atemative means of communicati ligh Larguage act. Is should certact	
are required to ask for information a his section is optional and does not a nicity (check one):  Hispanic or as (check one or more):  American Richard B. Russell Historian School Lunch Act with information, but if you do not, we cannot include the last four digits of the social securior child or you list a Supplemental Nutrition As laster. The last four digits of the social securior child or you list a Supplemental Nutrition As laster. The Nutrition As laster. The Nutrition As laster Than Nutrition As laster. Than Nutrition As laster Than Nutrition As laster Than Nutrition As in continues as on the social securior matrix. We will unor make of price make, and for ediments his laster than Nutrition As in the Nutrition As in the laster than Nutrition As in the Nutrition Assertion Ase	about your children's race and ethnicity. This inform offect your children's eligibility for free or reduced to the control of	Parama with disabilities who regularly price meals.  Parama with disabilities who regularly print audicia pr. American applied for health. Indicate the regular print, audicia pr. American's applied for health, and the substitution of the regular program complaint of all (AC-3027) own of mis as the http://www.indicates.com/plaint form, all 166 mail:  U.S. Oppartment of Ag.  U.S. Oppartment of Ag.	Native Haw alian or Other Pa fire a brindly emerical communications in a guage, etc. I, a bould contact. In this are ded, hard of hearing or have at 1600 697-629. Additionally, programmer and 1600 697-629. Additionally, programmer activities on the LSCA. Provide in the letter of a fire the information of 60 629-899. Submit your completes from the letter of a fire from the fire the state of the information of 60 629-899. Submit your completes from the fire the fire that the secretary for OVII Right's secretary for OVII Right's	cific Islander
are required to ask for information a his section is optional and does not a nicity (check one):  Hispanic or as (check one or more):  American (check one or more):  American (check one or more):  Richard B. Rus will historial School Lurch Act who his information, but if you do not, we cann it include the last four digits of the social securior child or you like a Supplemental Nutrition As laster. Take N Pergarane riscold is little state. The last four digits of the social securior child or you like a Supplemental Nutrition As laster. Take N Pergarane riscold is little size in the last one is also units of when you include the Nutrition As in the work of the contribution for which the laster is not have a social is accurity number. We will use or instructed price meets, and for estimation that is share your edge bill by it or mutation with a respect as well as the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster in the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster is the laster in the laster	about your children's race and ethnicity. This inform offect your children's eligibility for free or reduced to the control of	Persons with disabilities who regularly price meals.  Persons with disabilities who regularly price print, audiolar, American applied for health. Individual so through the flederal Rely Service in larguage other than finglish. To file a program complete of disability with the complete of the complete form, all file made.  1. S. Oppartment of Ag. Office of the Assistant 1,000 Independence A. Washington, D. 2005.	Native Haw alian or Other Pa ire a brm silve means of communicati Sign Larguage etc. I. should cereat in the ared self, hand of hearing or have at 1800 1977-939. Actitionally, progra- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination of the Information of 633-999. Submit your completes riculture. Secretary for Ovil Rights a rease, SW 0-9-410	cific Islander
are required to ask for information a his section is optional and does not a nicity (check one):  Hispanic or se (check one or more):  American Richard B, Russell National School Lunch Act we the information, but if you do not, we cannot include the last four digits of the social security in the s	about your children's race and ethnicity. This inform offect your children's eligibility for free or reduced.  Latine Not Hispanic or Latine in Indian or Alaskan Native Asian It for the produced of Latine in Indian or Alaskan Native Asian It for the service of approve your child for free or reduced price mela. You or from the est approve your child for free or reduced price mela. You or fry number is not required when you exply to hehelf of a sidaton of the required when you exply to hehelf of a sidaton of the required when you exply to hehelf of a sidaton of the required when you exply to hehelf of a sidaton of the remains of the special program (SNAP). Temporary Assistance for Neety gramon Intian learn violation and the set of the program when you have the sidaton to do termine for your child is lightly for mand enforcement of the lunch and treather programs. We show health and not be the program to help them would be good the sidaton of the program	Black or African American  Persons with disabilities who requires print, suited print where the consistency of the consistency of the consistency of the consistency of the federal Reley Section 1 tempurps other than English.  To file a program complaint of disabilities and the consistency of the consistency of the complaint for the print and the consistency of the complaint form, all file male.  U.S. Oppartment of Ag. Washington, Dc. 2005.  Fac. (202) 409-742 or email program intakelpuseds.  This institution is a medical opports.	Native Haw alian or Other Pa ire a brm silve means of communicati Sign Larguage etc. I. should cereat in the ared self, hand of hearing or have at 1800 1977-939. Actitionally, progra- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination of the Information of 633-999. Submit your completes riculture. Secretary for Ovil Rights a rease, SW 0-9-410	cific Islander
are required to ask for information a his section is optional and does not a nicity (check one):  Hispanic or se (check one or more):  American Richard B, Russell National School Lunch Act we the information, but if you do not, we cannot include the last four digits of the social security in the s	about your children's race and ethnicity. This inform offect your children's eligibility for free or reduced to the control of	Black or African American  Persons with disabilities who requires print, suited print where the consistency of the consistency of the consistency of the consistency of the federal Reley Section 1 tempurps other than English.  To file a program complaint of disabilities and the consistency of the consistency of the complaint for the print and the consistency of the complaint form, all file male.  U.S. Oppartment of Ag. Washington, Dc. 2005.  Fac. (202) 409-742 or email program intakelpuseds.  This institution is a medical opports.	Native Haw alian or Other Pa ire a brm silve means of communicati Sign Larguage etc. I. should cereat in the ared self, hand of hearing or have at 1800 1977-939. Actitionally, progra- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination, complete the LSCA Pro- cerimination of the Information of 633-999. Submit your completes riculture. Secretary for Ovil Rights a rease, SW 0-9-410	cific Islander





# **Categorical Eligibility**

- SNAP, FDPIR, and TANF
- Head Start Program
- Homeless, Runaway, Migrant, and Foster Children



# Confidentiality

 A SFSP sponsor must protect the confidentiality of any information that has been provided by a household for determining eligibility for free, reduced-price, or paid meals.



• Sponsors may only use the information to determine eligibility and must not release any information that contains a SFSP participant's name or other individual information.



Scale for Free Meals					
Effective from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022					
Household Size	Annual	Monthly	Twice per	Every 2	Weekly
			Month	Weeks	
1	\$ 16,744	\$ 1,396	\$ 698	\$ 644	\$ 322
2	22,646	1,888	944	871	436
3	28,548	2,379	1,190	1,098	549
4	34,450	2,871	1,436	1,325	663
5	40,352	3,363	1,682	1,552	776
6	46,254	3,855	1,928	1,779	890
7	52,156	4,347	2,174	2,006	1,003
8	58,058	4,839	2,420	2,233	1,117
For each additional					
Family member add	+5,902	+492	+246	+227	+114



Scale for Reduced Price Meals						
Effective from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022						
Household Size	Annual	Month	Twice per	Every 2	Weekly	
			Month	Weeks		
1	\$ 23,828	\$ 1,986	\$ 993	\$ 917	\$ 459	
2	32,227	2,686	1,343	1,240	620	
3	40,626	3,386	1,693	1,563	782	
4	49,025	4,086	2,043	1,886	943	
5	57,424	4,786	2,393	2,209	1,105	
6	65,823	5,486	2,743	2,532	1,266	
7	74,222	6,186	3,093	2,855	1,428	
8	82,621	6,886	3,443	3,178	1,589	
For each additional	For each additional					
Family member add	+8,399	+700	+350	+324	+162	







# **Application Process**

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





#### **Application Process** FOR THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM



All agencies that wish to participate in the SFSP as a Sponsor must apply with the Mississippi Department of Education's Office of Child Nutrition (MDE-OCN) annually.

Step One – Determine if your organization and potential sites are eligible.

Review the Sponsor & Site Eligibility handout that provides details regarding who can sponsor the Program and how sites are

#### Step Two - Register and Attend Training

#### Everyone Needs to Register!

All sponsors must register to attend New or Returning Sponsor Training. New sponsors must register to attend training. Contact MDE-OCN's Division of Training and Program Outreach, 601-576-4970

#### Intensive Training (New and Returning Sponsors)

The MDE-OCN provides a two-day group training for new sponsors. This training covers program regulations, and policies. The State Agency will discuss how to determine eligibility, meal pattern requirements, training, monitoring, civil rights requirements, and filing claims for reimbursement. Returning sponsors that would like a full overview of the Program, may also register to attend.

Returning sponsors attend a one-day group training. This training covers program regulations, and policies. The State Agency will discuss how to determine eligibility, meal pattern requirements, training, monitoring, civil rights requirements, and filing claims for reimbursement.

All sponsors attending the Group Training will receive a complete set of the USDA Program Guidance Manuals, along with the Guide to Operating the Summer Food Service

Program. These materials will be issued to training participants during the Intensive Training; participants should bring a notepad, writing utensils, highlighter, etc. The USDA Program Guidance manuals are posted to the website to reference or download at the







#### January - May:

- Work with community partners to explore potential sites: obtain commitment from returning sites.
- · If planning to purchase prepared meals, start looking for possible vendors and reference the Procurement
- Attend training.
- Start plans for hiring staff, volunteers and set training
- Complete Online Application and submit to OCN.

The State Agency will conduct a pre-approval visit of all new sponsors. During this visit the Program Specialist will review the application, all program requirements, and conduct a walk-through of the meal preparation area.

A copy of the Appeal Rights can be found in the SFSP Resource Packet.

#### Application Changes?

Changes in operation following initial approval MUST be approved by the State Agency. Make the changes in the online application, resubmit to the State Agency and notify your assigned Program Specialist, via email, so they are aware updates to the application were submitted. Changes to an approved application are not effective until authorized by the State Agency.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.





#### Step Three - Apply

Online Application – Opens February 25th

- Access the application by going to: <a href="https://cnms.mdek12.org/prod/Splash.aspx">https://cnms.mdek12.org/prod/Splash.aspx</a>.
- Ensure all required attachments to the application are uploaded prior to submitting.
- In order to participate in the SFSP, sponsors must enter into a permanent Program agreement with the MDE-OCN. The agreement is a legally binding document that specifies the rights and responsibilities of both the sponsor and the MDE-OCN and should be read carefully before being signed.
- Once submitted for approval, the application is reviewed by MDE-OCN Program Specialist. Contact the OCN if there is a need to further revise the application prior to it being reviewed.
- The application MUST be approved by the MDE-OCN prior to Program operation.
- · Sponsors will receive notification when the application is approved by the State Agency.

#### Step Four - Complete Pre-operational Requirements

#### Notify Health Department

Other things to note...

Sponsors should complete the Request For Satellite Site Inspection Summer Food Service Program form and/or Request For Self-Prep or Central Kitchen Site Inspection Summer Food Service Program form and submit to the State Agency prior to operation.

Provide Training to Sponsor and Site Staff All personnel working with the SFSP are required to be trained annually, prior to site operation. Review the Training handout for more information.

#### Complete Pre-operational Visits

#### New sites and sites that experienced problems in the prior

#### summer need to be visited prior to operation. For more information, review the Monitoring handout.

#### Issue the Media Release

All Sponsors are required to issue a media release prior to operation, notifying the public that the sponsor is participating in the SFSP and does not discriminate. A prototype media release can be found in the SFSP Administrative Guidance.

#### Conduct Outreach

Let the community know where meals will be served this summer! A SFSP poster must be displayed at the entrance of an open site.



# **Application Process**

The following elements are part of the application process:

Organization and Site Eligibility

**Sponsor Training** 

**Application Requirements** 

**Review of Applications** 

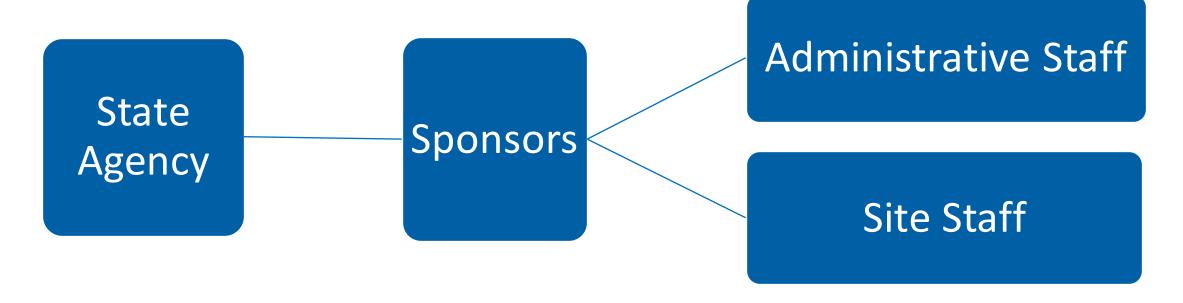
State/Sponsor Agreement

**Appeal Rights** 



# **Sponsor's Training**

Each year, State Agencies are required to offer training for their Sponsors before the application process begins.







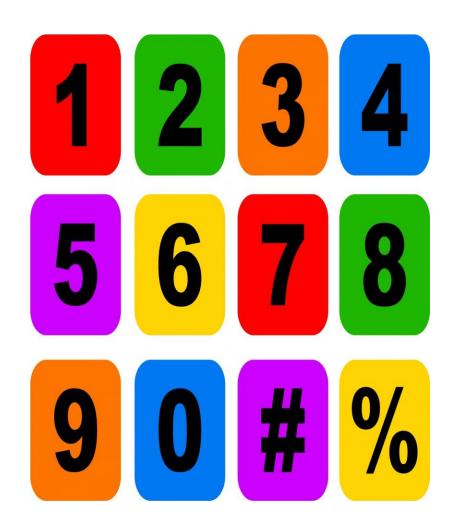
# **Application Requirements**

The following actions are required in the approval process for *new* organizations:

- The State Agency will conduct a pre-operational visit after submission of the permanent agreement. No faxed copies!
- Sponsors must submit documentation of their taxexempt status.
- Sponsors must submit a Certificate of Incorporation from Secretary of State's office.
- Sponsors must submit a completed W-9 Form.
- Sponsors must submit copies of the DUNS, MAGIC, and Paymode verification emails.



- DUNS is Dun & Bradstreet's (D&B)
   "Data Universal Numbering System".
- A DUNS number is a unique ninecharacter identification number for each physical location of your business.
- It is free of charge for all entities required to register with the federal government.





# **How to Request a DUNS Number:**

- By Phone Organizations may request a DUNS number by calling a toll-free number, 1-866-705-5711 and indicate that you are a Federal grant applicant or prospective applicant.
- Over The Web Business entities can also obtain a DUNS number through Dun & Bradstreet's website,



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC



# Have the following information ready when requesting a DUNS number:

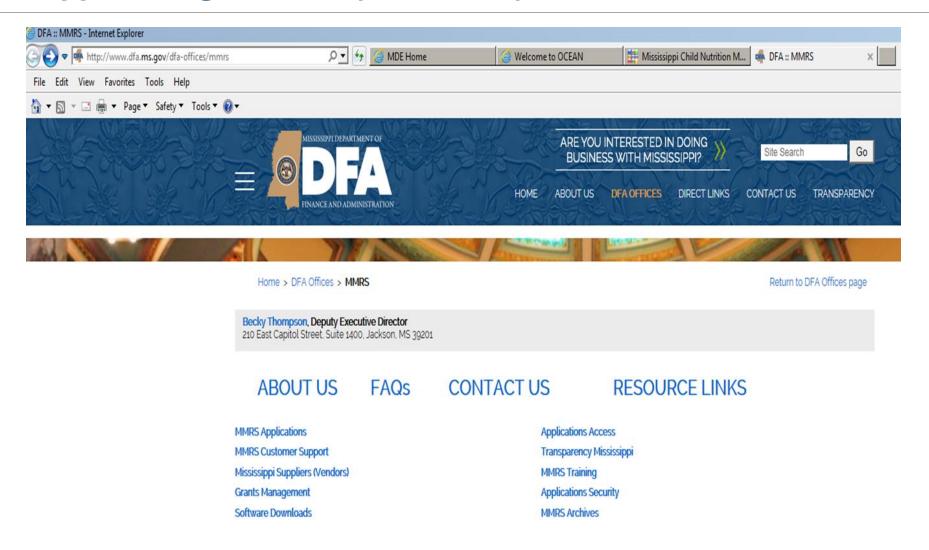
- Legal name of your organization/entity (as filed with the IRS)
- Organization's address and phone number
- Name of the CEO or organization owner
- Legal structure of the organization (corporation, partnership, proprietorship, etc.)
- Year the organization started
- Primary function of business
- Total number of employees (full- and parttime)





- Go to the Vendor Registration website:
  - http://www.dfa.ms.gov/dfa-offices/mmrs
- Click on Mississippi Suppliers(Vendors).
- Click on State of Mississippi Supplier Registration and complete the required online information.
- The MAGIC Call Center phone: (601) 359-1343







#### MISSISSIPPI SUPPLIERS (VENDORS)

Welcome to Mississippi's **eProcurement system**. This system is designed to streamline interactions between vendors and State government entities that purchase goods and services, and provide vendors the ability to register, get information on upcoming bids, and respond to bids electronically, and receive purchase orders electronically.

To determine whether you are a registered supplier (converted vendor) in MAGIC, go to the MAGIC Vendor Information page and follow the steps below:

- Enter the first five characters of your Vendor Name or your 11 digit SAAS Vendor Number.
- Click Submit.

If you are a converted vendor, you will see your MAGIC Vendor Number, SAAS Vendor Number, Vendor Name, City, State, and Zip displayed. If your vendor information does not exist in MAGIC, you will see "The query you submitted returned no records."

Converted vendors need to submit an email via mash@dfa.ms.gov to request a MAGIC User ID and Password. Enter "Vendor ID Request" as the email Subject, and include the following information in your email:

MAGIC Vendor Number

Vendor Name

Contact Name

Contact Email Address

Contact Phone Number

If you are not a registered supplier and you wish to do business with the State of Mississippi, click here to register: State of Mississippi Supplier Registration. If you attempt to complete the registration process and you are already a converted vendor in MAGIC, you will receive a duplicate error message. Please call the MMRS Call Center at 601-359-1343. Option 2 for assistance in locating your vendor information.

If you do not wish to use the State of Mississippi Supplier Self Registration process, you will need to complete the Supplier Registration Form and contact the State of Mississippi agency you desire to do business with to complete the registration process.

How to Request an Update to Your Supplier or Grantee Administrator Contact

A supplier or grantee administrator contact change can be requested by completing the Supplier/Grantee Self-Service Request for Change form, and submitting the form by clicking on the Submit button in the upper right hand corner of the form. You can also fax the form to: 601-359-6551.



Welcome to the State of Missis * Fields marked with an asterisk are mandatory.	sippi Supplier / Sub-Grantee Regi	stration. Please complete all required fields to begin you	r registration process.
General Company Information			
On-Behalf of (Internal Only): User Id (Internal Only): Supplier:	✓		
Grantee:			
Name of Company: *			
Doing Business As (DBA):			
Business Structure:	<b>-</b>		
Enter either FEIN or SSN *			
Federal Employer Identification No			
Social Security No:			
D-U-N-S Number: Communication			
Phone Number: *			
Fax Number:			
E-Mail Address: *			
Additional Company Information	on		
Vendor Headquarters:			
Permanent Staffed Office in Mississippi:			
Vendor Type:			
Legislative/Congressional District:			
CCR/ CAGE:			
Credit Card Acceptance:			
Send Medium: **			
Company Address data			
Street:			
Street 1:			
Street 2:			
County:			
City / Zip Code: *			
State: *			
Country: *		US 🗇	
PO Box Address			
PO Box:		☐ Without Number	
City / Zip Code:			
PO Box State:			



Contact Pers	son Information					
First Name: ** Last Name: ** Form of Address: * Academic Title: Department:		Copy Company Data  Phone Number: *  Fax Number:  E-Mail Address: *  Language: *  Country: *  US **  US **				
Product Cate (Required for Supp	egories Provided pliers only )					
Add Categories  Category ID  The table d	ct Categories that you want to be notified by clicking ins list of product categories    Delete Categories	) the "Add Categories Button"				
Are you a Minority	ppplicable Minority Indicators inority: Minority Code:					
L. CONTACTOR	otice Must Read s, I have read the o	lata privacy stat	ement and a	accept the ten	ms·*	
I und acce MAC gran gran that	derstand that I am a sess to the State of I GIC. Submission of ited access to the I ited access, my regregistering as a sube awarded busine	submitting a reg Mississippi's sta f this request do MAGIC system. gistration may be pplier/grantee in	istration req tewide proc es not autor I further und e revoked at n MAGIC do	uest to obtain urement syste natically mear derstand that i t any time. I un es not mean t	em, n I will be if I am nderstand that I	
Send	Close					



Suppliers who have completed the registration process and have received a User ID and Password must attach a W-9 to their supplier account in MAGIC. Alternatively, suppliers may submit a valid W-9 to:

Department of Finance and Administration P. O. Box 1060 Jackson, MS 39215-1060

OR

Department of Finance and Administration 501 North West Street - Suite 701-B Jackson, MS 39201



Phone: 601-359-3538, Fax: 601-359-5525, or ofmmagic@dfa.ms.gov

Vendors should utilize the **LOG800 External Supplier Registration** eLearning course prior to registering.



- In addition to your MAGIC registration, vendors will need to register with **PayMode** in order to receive electronic payments. Paymode is a separate product that is offered via Bank of America.
- Go to <a href="https://secure.paymode.com/px/login">https://secure.paymode.com/px/login</a>
- If a vendor requires personal assistance, the vendor can call Bank of America toll-free at 1-866-252-7366.





Welcome to the State of Mississippi's Chosen Payment Network

#### JOIN TODAY TO BE PART OF OUR E-PAYMENT SYSTEM

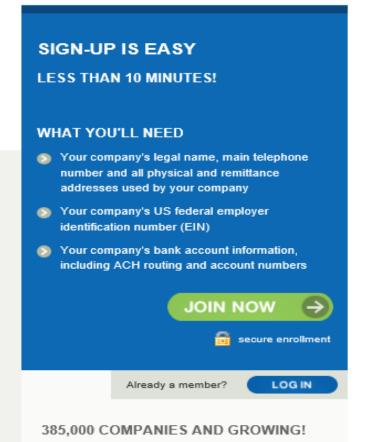
The State of Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration is streamlining and improving our Statewide Automated Accounting System (SAAS). The State of Mississippi has chosen Paymode-X® to replace the current method of paper check and remittance delivery as our preferred method of supplier payment.

You will find Paymode-X represents a clear and measurable improvement over all other SAAS payment methods as well as an important enhancement to our business relationship. We are confident that you will benefit by using Paymode-X. We anticipate and eagerly await your participation in this program.

State of Mississippi will begin making payments to you electronically once you have enrolled and been activated in Paymode-X.









Office of Grants Management:

Ursula Smith: 601-359-2931 <a href="mailto:usmith@mdek12.org">usmith@mdek12.org</a>

E. Danielle Stephens: 601-359-2346 estephens@mdek12.org





The following actions are required in the approval process for **all** organizations:

- Sponsors must demonstrate financial and administrative responsibility.
- Sponsors must provide site information.
- Sponsors must provide Board Minutes which states: "The Board accepts final financial and administrative responsibility for the SFSP."





- The State Agency will post a <u>media release</u> on the Capacity Builder website. Sponsors may conduct your own promotions and media releases.
- Sponsors may <u>apply</u> for advance payments, if needed.
- Sponsors must certify <u>training for all staff</u> with adequate documentation.
- Sponsors must meet the <u>deadline</u> for submission of the agreement and all required documents.
- Sponsors must file claims in manner timely for reimbursement.





# **Application Requirements**

- Sponsors must sign an agreement with the State Agency. It is a legally binding document that specifies the rights and responsibilities of both parties.
- Changes to the application such as start dates, end dates, times of meal service, signature people, and site location can be amended in the online application.



### **Permanent Agreement**

### MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF CHILD NUTRITION

NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM SCHOOL BREAKFAST PROGRAM

FOOD DISTRIBUTION SPECIAL MILK PROGRAM OTHER SUMMER PROGRAM

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF CHILD NUTRITION	Name and Address of Sponsor     (Type or Print, include zip code)
PERMANENT AGREEMENT  for participation  SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM  FOR CHILDREN	Telephone Number:  FAX Number: E-mail Address:
2. INDICATE OTHER USDA PROGRAMS IN WHICH TH	ROGRAMAFTER SCHOOL CARE PROGRAM





### **Pre-Operational Requirements for Sites**

- Sponsor/Site Agreement
- Health and Sanitation Documentation
- Training Documentation
- Pre-operational Site Visits
- Media Release
- Outreach
- Extreme Weather Plan



- Sponsor/Site Agreement
- Health and Sanitation Inspection
- Training Documentation
- Pre-Operational Site Visits
- Media Release
- Outreach
- Extreme Weather Plan



# Required Elements of an Agreement

- Must have a Permanent Agreement signed by your *highest-ranking* official for your organization. Sponsors may have an Alternate Signature person. The Agreement may be terminated by either party.
- Valid 501(C)(3) Letter from the IRS

**Note**: Not required if organization is a church, municipality, or a public school.



- Sponsors must enter the application in MARS before the deadline date of May 16, 2022.
- Incomplete applications will delay the approval of the sponsor.
- Don't wait! The State Agency has 30 days to approve a <u>complete</u> application.





• The State Agency will notify Sponsors within 15 days if their application is incomplete and provide technical assistance to help complete the application process.

Remember! If your application is not approved the

meals served are not reimbursable.



The State Agency has *30 days* to approve a *complete* application.







**Appeal Rights** 

Any instance in which the State Agency makes a decision impacting Program participation, the Sponsor may request an administrative review of the decision.





**Appeal Rights** 

The following State Agency actions may be appealed:

- Denial of a sponsor's application for participation
- Denial of a sponsor's request for an advance payment
- Denial of a sponsor's application for a site.
- Termination of a sponsor
- Termination of a site





### **Appeal Rights**

- Denial of a sponsor's timely claim submittal for reimbursement
- Claims against a sponsor for remittance of a payment
- Denial of a sponsor's claim for reimbursement
- Refusal of the State Agency to forward to FNS and exception request by the sponsor (late claim payment or upward adjustment to a claim)





# State Agency's Denial of Program Participation

- The Sponsor will be notified in writing.
- The notice will be sent by a method with proof of delivery.
- The notice will identify denied actions.
- Appeal Procedures will be provided at this time.

The Sponsor must file a written request for an appeal no later than <u>7 days</u> from the date of receipt of the notice of action.





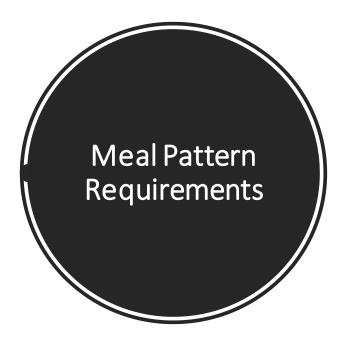


# Meal Pattern Requirements

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





### **Meal Pattern** Requirements

The Meal Pattern Requirements ensure well-balanced, nutritious meals that supply the kinds and amounts of foods that children require to help meet their nutrient and energy needs. Sponsors must make sure meals served at each site meet the Meal Pattern Requirements listed on the following page. This Mesi Pattern guide will allow you to recognize complete and/or incomplete meals during your mealtimes.

### REIMBURSABLE MEALS

FOR A MEAL TO BE REIMBURSABLE, IT MUST CONTAIN:

### Breakfast

- One serving of milk.
- One serving of a vegetable or fruit or a full- energth bace.
- One serving of grain or bread.
- A mest or mest alternate is

### Lunch or Supper

- +One serving of milk.
- +Two or more servings of vegetables and/or fruits.
- +One serving of grain or bread.
- +One sening of meat or meat alternate.

- +Most contain two food heres from different composents.
  - ·luice cannot be served when milk it served at the only other component.

**Snack** 



This bealtuities is an equal appointunity proclaim.

### SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM MEAL PATTERNS

FOOD COMPONENTS AND FOOD ITEMS	BREAUTAST Several Sever	LUNCH OR SUPPER	SNACK Sense having the four
MIR	Required	Required	
	1-map*( Nipitel, 8	I sup (N pins, 8 fluid	3 cup (% plnt, 8
Plate milk (whole, low-fat, or fat-free)	fluid owners)*	manusch.	fluid owners)*
Vegetables and Fruits -			
Equivalent quantity of any combination of	Required	Required	
Vegetable or fruit or	Хор	% cup total total%	Nasp
Full-strength vegetable or fruit Julie	% cup		Noup
	(4 fluid ourses)		(8 fluid convex)*
Grains/IIIIIIIIIIII			
figulisalent quantity of any combination of	Required	Required	
Bread or	1 slice	1 sike	1 slice
Combread, biscults, rolls, muffire, etc. or	1 serving	1 serving*	1 servings
Cold dry serval or	Nicup or 1 ounce		Noup or 1 owner
Cooked gereal or gereal grains or	% cup	Noup	Nisup
Cooked pasta or noodle products	% cup	Noup	N-sup
Meant and Meat Alternates -			
Equivalent quantity of any combination of	Optional	Required	
Lean meat or poultry or fish or	1 ounce	2 ounces	1 ounce
Alternate protein productors or	1 ounce	2 ounces	1 ource
Cheese or	1 ounce	2 ounces	1 ounce
fgg (large) or	*	1	26
Cooked dry beans or peas or	X-cup	Nicup	Nicup
Peanut or other nut or seed butters or	2 tablespoons	4 tablespoors	2 tablespoors
Nuts or seeds** or		1 ounce+50%H	1 ounce
Yougust <sup>48</sup>	4 ourses or % sup-	Bounces or 1 cup	4 ource or Nicup

For the purposes of the requirement outlined in this lable, a copmeans a danderd measuring cop

Served as a howevage or on cereal crused in part for each purpose

5 Served as a larner age.
6 Served as a removable of regulable or finite or a combination of lattle.
8 Fulfacturity in ageination or finite play has countried to meet not more than one half of this requirement.

Elicia may not be served when milk is served as the only other component 7 Smail, parks or numbe products, and semal-parks book sortes, bulgor, or som grits) shall be whole grain or enriched. Combinest, bloods.

role, moffers, etc., shall be made with whole grain or envished most or floor. Generalized be whole grain, envished or fortified.

A Senting class and equivalents off he in guidance materials to be distributed by PRC to Sate agencies.

I filter volume (cop) or weight (conces), whichever is less

20 Most meet the registerments of 7 CPE 201 Appendix A.
12 The ends and seek that may be used amount above to be for large to goldence.
12 The most has Dispersed of the registerment shall be not with make a work. Note or seek shall be combined with another manifement. allerate to fulfil the requirement. For purposes of determining conditionities, one come of make or seeds bequality one come of content learn ment, positive or fish.

15 Pain or Spoored, unexperienced or supplement

This institution is an exact constructly provide Serbed Jamery 2022



### SFSP Meals

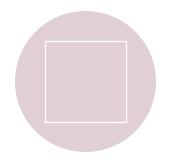
• It is important for the success of the SFSP to serve *nutritious meals* that meet meal pattern requirements and that are appealing to children. Careful menu planning is necessary to meet this goal.



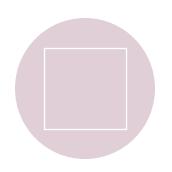


# **Eurpose of Meal Pattern Requirements**





The meal pattern requirements assure well-balanced meals that supply the *kinds* and amounts of foods that children require to help meet their nutrient and energy needs.



Meal pattern establishes the *minimum* portions of the various food components that must be served to each child in order for the participating sponsor to receive reimbursement for each meal.



# Meal Pattern Requirements: Breakfast

https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/meal-patterns

Quantity	3-Components Required	Minimum Amount	Required
1	Fruit or Vegetable* *100% Juice*	½ cup	
1	Bread or Bread Alternate	1 Serving	
1	Milk	8 ounces	
1	Meat/Meat Alternate	1 ounce	Optional



### **Breakfast Ideas**

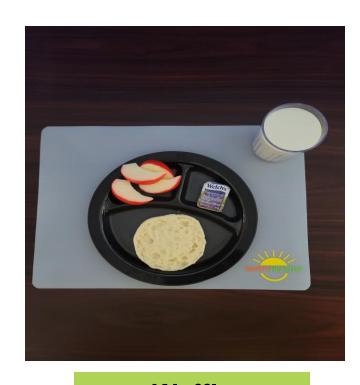




Strawberries Milk



English Muffin Sliced Apples Milk Jelly



Waffle
Turkey Sausage
Blackberries
Milk



# Meal Pattern Requirements: Lunch/Supper

https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/meal-patterns

Quantity	5-Components Required	Minimum Amount	Required
2	Fruit or Vegetable* *100% Juice*	3/4 cup	
1	Bread or Bread Alternate	1 Serving	
1	Milk	8 ounces	
1	Meat/Meat Alternate	2 ounces	



# **Lunch/Supper Ideas**



Spaghetti with
Meatballs
Green Beans
Apple
Bread Stick
Chocolate Milk



Pizza with Sausage and
Pepperoni
Green Salad
Mandarin Oranges
Milk



Grilled Chicken Strips
Steamed Broccoli
Glazed Carrots
Macaroni and Cheese
Milk



# Meal Pattern Requirements: Snack

https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/meal-patterns

Quantit y	2-Components Required	Minimum Amount	Snack
1	Fruit or Vegetable*  *100% Juice*	3/4 cup	
1	Bread or Bread Alternate	1 Serving	
1	Milk	8 ounces	
1	Meat/Meat Alternate	1 ounces	



### **Snack Ideas**



Saltine Crackers
Peanut Butter
Sliced Bananas



Graham Crackers
Cubed Cheddar Cheese
Chocolate Milk



Raisins
Sliced Carrots
Ranch Dressing



# **Questions?**





# Meal Service Requirements

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





### Meal Service Requirements

### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

It is important for the success of the SFSP to serve nutritious meals that meet meal pattern requirements and that are appealing to children. Careful menu planning is necessary to meet this goal.

#### Meal Pattern

The meal pattern requirements assure well-balanced meals that supply the kinds and amounts of foods that children require to help meet their nutrient and energy needs. The meal pattern establishes the minimum portions of the various food components that must be served to each child in order for the participating sponsor to receive reimbursement for each meal. Sample menus and the meal pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the pattern chart can be found in USDA's Nutrition Guidance manual and online at 100 means of the 100 means

### https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/meal-patterns

### Meal Service Requirements

In addition to serving meals that meet meal pattern requirements, sponsors must comply with the following rules when serving meals at each of their sites:

- · Serve the same meal to all children
- Ensure that children eat all meals on site
- Adhere to local health and sanitation regulations
- Ensure all children receive a meal before any child is served a second meal, or before any adult meals are served.
- Make arrangements for inclement weather
- Serve meals on-time

### Field Trips during Meal Service Times

Sponsors must notify the OCN of all field trips that affect the time or location of meal service. All meals taken on field trips must meet the same meal pattern requirements in order to be claimed for reimbursement. Production information must be maintained to document the meal pattern requirements have been met. A meal count form must be completed at the point of service (POS), when the meals are distributed to the children.

### Taking Food Components Offsite

Sponsors may allow a child to take one fruit, vegetable or grain item offsite for later consumption without prior State agency approval. The fruit vegetable or grain item taken offsite must be from the child's own meal. Sponsors should only allow this at ites where there are enough staff to monitor this practice.

### Number and Type of Meals

Sponsors may serve one or two meals a day at open, restricted open, and enrolled sites. Sponsors may choose which combination of meals they would like to serve; however, serving lunch and supper on the same day is not allowed.

Allowable Meal	Combinations
Breakfast only	Snack only
Lunch only	Supper only
Lunch and snack	Breakfast and sn

Breakfast and supper Two snacks

..

With State agency approval, camp or migrant site sponsors may serve up to three meals (including snacks) each day. Allowable meal combinations include:

Supper and snack

Breakfast, Lunch, and Supper

Breakfast and lunch

- Breakfast, Lunch, and Snack
- Lunch, Supper, and Snack
- Any combination of meals or snacks that is less than the maximum number allowed

Serving meals family style can help children develop good eating habits through the personal example provided by supervising adults. Camp and closed enrolled sites offer the best setting for implementing family style meals. Family style meal service should not be used at other types of sites.

If meals at camps or closed enrolled sites are served family style, sponsors must ensure that:

- A sufficient amount of food must be placed on each table to provide the required portions of each of the food components for all children at the table and to accommodate Program adults supervising the meal service. If they eat with the children.
- Children should initially be offered the full required portion of each food component.
- When a child does not initially accept the full required portion of a meal component, the supervising adults should encourage each child to accept the full required portion for each food component of the meal pattern. For example, if a child initially refuses a food component, or does not take the full required portion of a meal component, the supervising adult should offer the food component to the child again.

If the child does not receive all components of the meal it is not a reimbursable meal and should not be claimed for reimbursement.

#### Dietary Substitutions and Exceptions

Sponsors are required to provide reasonable meal and snack accommodations for children whose disability restricts their diet. The accommodation must be supported by a medical statement, signed by a licensed physician or a licensed health care professional who is authorized to write medical prescriptions under State law. The medical statement must identify the disability, the foods to be omitted, and the foods that can be substituted.

Meal or food substitutions may be made at a sponsor's discretion for a child with a non-disability medical or other special dietary need. Such determinations must be made on a case-by-case basis and must be supported by a medical statement that identifies the medical or special dietary need and which foods should be omitted and foods that should be substituted. This medical statement must also be signed by a recognized medical authority.

### Offer Versus Serve: Waiver Required

Offer versus serve (OVS) is a concept that applies to menu planning and meal service which allows children to decline some of the food offered in a reimbursable breakfast, lunch or supper. OVS is not allowed at snack. The goals of OVS are to simplify Program administration and reduce food waste and costs while maintaining the nutritional integrity of the SFSP meals served. All SFSP sites may use OVS. If a waiver has been submitted and approved by USDA prior to operating. For breakfast, in addition to the required 3 components, a 4th food item (fruit/vegetable, meat/meat alternate or a grains) must be offered. A child must take at least 3 different food items of the 4 food items offered. For funch and supper, a child must take 3 of the 4 required components from the 5 items offered.

It is important to note that the OVS requirements in SFSP are different from the OVS requirements in NSLP. All non-school sponsors electing to use OVS and schools participating in SFSP and electing to follow the SFSP meal patterns are required to follow the SFSP OVS requirements.



This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.



# **Meal Service Requirements**

Serve	Serve the same meal to all children
Ensure	Ensure that children eat all meals on site
Adhere	Adhere to local health and sanitation regulations
Ensure	Ensure all children receive a meal before any child is served a second meal, or before any adult meals are served
Plan	Plan for inclement weather
Serve	Serve meals on-time





# **Number and Type of Meals**

### **Allowable Meal Combinations**

- Breakfast only
- Breakfast and snack
- Snack only
- Lunch and snack
- Lunch only
- Supper and snack
- Supper only
- Breakfast and supper
- Breakfast and lunch
- Two snacks



# Field Trips during Meal Service Times

- Sponsors must notify the OCN of all field trips that affect the time or location of meal service.
- All meals taken on field trips must meet the *same meal pattern requirements* in order to be claimed for reimbursement.
- A meal count form must be completed at the *point of service (POS)*, when the meals are distributed to the children.



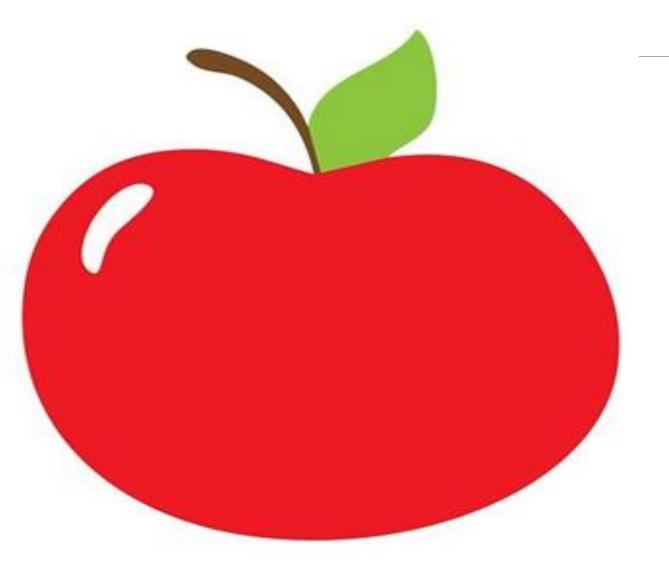


# **Entering Field Trips in MARS**

Enter field trips during meal service times in MARS.

Action	Form Name	Version	Status
View   Revise	Organization Application	Rev. 1	Approved
View	✓ Budget Detail	Original	Approved
Details	✓ Management Plan	Rev. 1	Approved
Details	Food Production Facility List		
Details	✓ Checklist Summary (1)		
Details	✓ Site Field Trip List (11)		
Details	Application Packet Notes (1)		
View	Application Packet Notes for Organization (1)		
Details	Attachment List (9)		





# Taking Food Components Offsite

- Sponsors may allow a child to take one fruit, vegetable or grain item offsite for later consumption without prior State Agency approval.
- The fruit, vegetable or grain item taken offsite must be from the *child's own meal*.





# **Serving Meals Family Style**

- Serving meals family style can help children develop good eating habits through the personal example provided by supervising adults.
- Camp and closed enrolled sites offer the best setting for implementing family style meals. Family style meal service should not be used at other types of sites.



# **Dietary Substitutions and Exceptions**

- Sponsors are required to provide reasonable meal and snack accommodations for children whose disability restricts their diet.
- The accommodation must be supported by a medical statement, signed by a licensed physician or a licensed health care professional.







## Offer Versus Serve: Waiver Required

- Offer versus serve (OVS) is a concept that applies to menu planning and meal service which allows children to decline some of the food offered in a reimbursable breakfast, lunch or supper.
- All SFSP sites may use OVS, if a waiver has been submitted and approved by USDA prior to operating.



# 11 12 1 2 3 5 8 7 6 5

# Meal Time Requirements

Three hours must elapse between the beginning of one meal service, including snacks, and the beginning of another meal service, except that four hours must elapse between lunch and supper if no snack is served.





# **Site Caps**

- All SFSP sites are required to have an approved site cap.
- The purpose of a site cap is to ensure that a site does not purchase and/ or produce meals outside the capability of the site and need of the community, thereby reducing waste and protecting the integrity of the Program.



# **Leftover Meals or Components**

 All Sponsors must plan, prepare, or order meals with the goal of serving one meal per child at each meal service, and must ensure that entire meals and food components are not frequently left over and unusable.







Questions?









# Morning Break





# Production Planning

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





### **Production Planning**

For Meal Service in the Summer Food Service Program



### **DOCUMENTING**

Keeping good records of the meals you prepare and serve each day is part of any successful food service operation. Records are a valuable written history of your summer site operations and can be used for future reference when menu planning. They also help sponsors spot trends, track what menus work best with the children, and decide what changes should be made.

Good recordkeeping is essential because it is the sole basis for reporting the number of meals you serve, and in State reviews, records demonstrate that the meals served at your site comply with the SFSP requirements. Full and accurate records must be keat of allowable prooram costs as well as the number of program meals served to support each claim for reimbursement.

#### **Production Daily Meal Count Sheets Records**

Production Records, such as the Menu Book, were designed for sponsors to simply document production each day. This book provides documentation to substantiate that reimbursable meals were served.

### Daily Meal Count Sheets

This form is used to record meals served to children as they pass through a serving line when complete meals are issued at the point of service.

### Receipts

Receipts of purchased food should be kept recording the total cost for the summer by month. Even food that is donated should be accompanied with a receipt.

### Recipes - Standardize and Analyze!

Having standardized recipes makes it easy to plan the menus and production. USDA offers many kid-tested, kid-approved recipes online.

https://www.fns.usda.gov/usda-standardized-recipe https://whatscooking.fns.usda.gov/

What's Cooking? USDA Mixing Bowl provides recipes and resources to support building healthy and budgetfriendly meals. The website includes both household and quantity recipes, many of which were developed specifically for the Food and Nutrition Service Assistance Programs to build menus that align with the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. The features in What's Cooking? USDA Moxing Bowl are geared to encourage key behaviors emphasized in the Dietary Guidelines for Americans.







One of the most important steps in ensuring all the meal pattern requirements are met is determining how a food credits toward each required meal component.

#### Child Nutrition Labels

USDA's Child Nutrition (CN) Labeling Program gives food manufactures the option to include a label on their product that clearly identifies how the product contributes toward the meal pattern requirements.

CN Labels are available for main dish products that contribute towards the meat/meat alternate and grains components of the meal pattern. Some examples include, but are not limited to, beef patties, cheese or meat pitzas, meat or cheese and bean burrinos, preeded fish, and chicken portions. They may also be available for juice and juice drink products containing at least 50% full-strength juice by volume.

While a CN-labeled product is guaranteed to contain a certain quantity of food, it does not indicate that the quality of the food is any different from a non CN-labeled food, or that it is safer to eat or free of pathogens or allergens. Additionally, sponsors should be aware that products that do not have a CN Label may still be creditable. To learn more about the CN Labeling Program vicit

### https://www.fns.usda.gov/cn/labeling-program.

#### How to Identify a CN Label

In addition to required labeling features, a CN label will always contain the following:

- The CN logo (which is a distinct border)
- · The meal pattern contribution statement
- A 6 digit product identifier number
   USDA/FNS authorization statement
- The month and year of approval

SAMPLE

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.

### Product Formulation Statements

When a sponsor purchases a product without a CN Label, a signed Product Formulation Statement on manufacturer letterhead may be requested to demonstrate how the processed product contributes to the meal pattern requirements. An appropriate Product Formulation Statement will provide specific information about the product Ultimately, it is the program operator's responsibility to keep records to document that meals served fulfill the meal pattern requirements.

#### Handbooks and Other Tools Nutrition Guidance for Sponsors

This handbook made just for sponsors includes a summer menu checklist, recordkeeping worksheets, sample cycle menus and snack ideas. https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/handbooks

### Grains/Breads Chart

The grains/breads chart helps to determine the size of a grain product to serve to meet minimum portion size requirements without analyzing a recipe. It can be found in the Reference Section of the Nutrition Guidance manual.

### The Food Buying Guide

The Food Buying Guide (FBG) is the principal tool for SFSP sponsors to determine the specific contribution each food makes toward the meal pattern requirements for foods produced on site or for foods purchased commercially. The guide contains a wealth of information that will help with crediting foods and can assist with planning meals and purchasing foods that meet the SFSP requirements. The NEW Food Buying Guide Mobile App provides quick access to food yield information to help you make quick purchasing decisions from your mobile device. Download it today!

https://www.fns.usda.qov/tn/food-buying-guide-for-child-nutrition-programs

### Food Buying Guide Online Calculator

The online interactive Food Buying Guide Calculator for Child Nutrition Programs has individual calculators for each of the 6 food groups outlined in the FBG and a self-tutorial instructional video. Check it out at:

https://foodbuyingquide.fns.usda.gov/

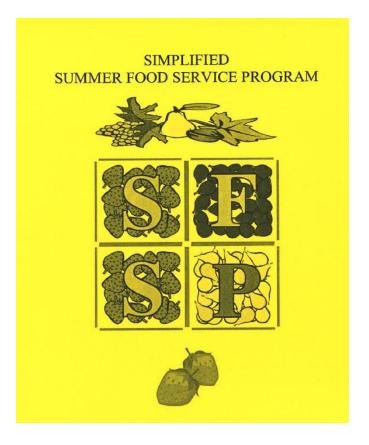


# Production Planning

 Keeping good records is vital to having a successful Summer
 Food Service Program.
 You must keep records to make accurate reports and file a successful claim to get reimbursement.









# **Record Production Correctly!**

In this example, the site is serving breakfast and lunch, but they have not clearly indicated which fruit/vegetable was served at breakfast!

FOOD PRODUCTION	Planned (2)	Food Items (3)	BREAK	LUNC H	SNACK	SUPPER	Portion	Sizes
WORKSHEET	Meals or Items	Meat/Meat Alternate	-FAST				(8	)
(1)			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	Child	Adults
MENUS		Corilled Chicken		1		X-7	2 - 2	
or - 20		CHINES CHICLES		V			205	
berry Poptart	120						-	
astry	12.5			-				
sst. Fruit Juices ow Fat Milk	( - 3)							
W Fat wilk	1							
		F 1:01						
		Fruit/Vegetable						
		Vengie Juice		V			402	
		Front Juice		$\sqrt{}$			402	
		Frozen Apricats		V			Hoz	
			-					
		Frozen Mike'd Ber	(C)	V			407	
pr - 20								
,	120							
orn Dog sst. Vegetable Juice	120							
resh Fruit Bowl	120							
ow Fat Milk	,							
lustard etchup	ļ							
etchup								

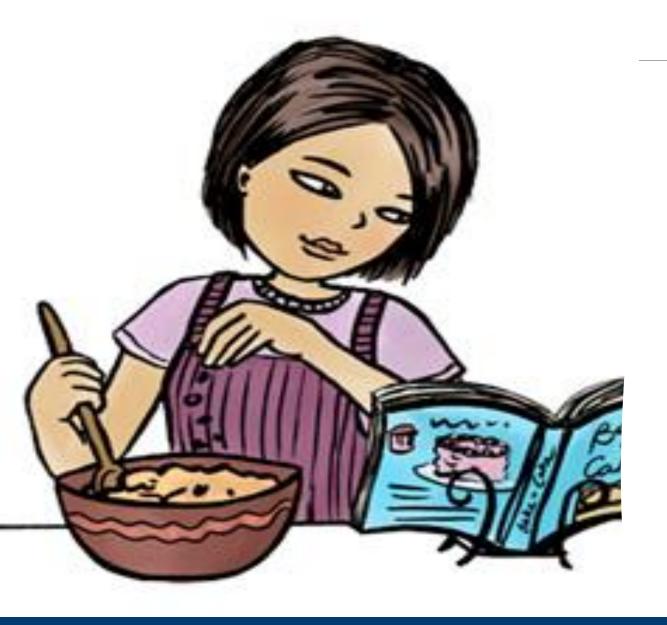


### **Monitor the Production Books!**

In this example, the site was only serving lunch. But they have not served enough fruit/vegetable!

OOD PRODUCTION	Planned (2)	Food Items (3)	BREAK	LUNC H	SNACK	SUPPER	Portio	n Sizes
WORKSHEET	Meals or Items	Meat/Meat Alternate	-FAST	"			(8	3)
(1)			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	Child	Adults
MENUS	Ham	Hom		V			)a	
	Ham Cheese	Chear'		/			la.	
			+	_				
			+					
		Fruit/Vegetable						
		Peaci		/			be	
						- 1		





# Production Planning-Recipes

- Having standardized recipes makes it easy to plan the menus and production. Two online recipe sites with kid tested and kid approved recipes are listed on the handout.
- The What's Cooking? USDA Mixing Bowl site provides recipes and resources to support building healthy and budget friendly meals.



### **Child Nutrition Labels**

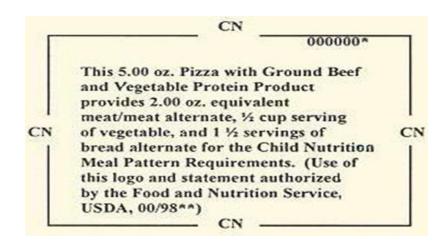
- Child Nutrition (CN) Labels are available on certain food products that clearly identifies how the product contributes toward the meal pattern requirements.
- Examples are beef patties, cheese or meat pizzas, meat or bean burritos, breaded fish, and chicken portions.



### **Identifying a CN Label**

### A CN Label will always contain the following:

- The CN logo (which is a distinct border)
- The meal pattern contribution statement
- A 6-digit product identification number
- USDA/ FNS authorization statement
- The month and year of approval







### Product Formulation Statements

A <u>Product Formulation Statement</u> may be requested from a manufacturer which will provide specific information about the product.

Ultimately, it is the sponsor's responsibility to keep records to document that meals served fulfill the meal pattern requirements.



# Mobile App Food Buying Guide



# Production Planning Handbooks and Other Tools

- Nutrition Guidance for Sponsors
- 2. Grains and Bread Chart
- 3. The Food Buying Guide
- The Food Buying Guide Mobile App for Android and iPhone
- The Food Buying Guide Calculator







# Accurate Meal Counting

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





### **Accurate Meal Counting**

### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Sponsors are paid based on the number of meals served to children, so keeping an accurate meal count is an essential component of making sure the claims are also accurate.

### Reimbursable Meals Are:

### Served to children 18 years and under

Meals served to disabled adults, ages 19 - 21, who participate in a public or private educational program may also be claimed for reimbursement. Adults can be served a meal, but the meals are not reimbursable.

### Counted at the Point of Service (POS)

POS means at the point in which the child has received a complete and reimbursable meal. Typically the count is taken at the end of the service line.

### Meet meal pattern requirements

Children must select a meal based on the meal pattern and offer vs serve (if a waiver has been approved) for the appropriate meal type. Children must receive the appropriate portions of all meal components.

### Served during the approved meal service time

Sponsors report meal service times within the SFSP application. Sites are to serve during the approved and advertised time periods. If it is determined that time is not working out the SFSP application can be updated by the Sponsor and approved by OCN.

### Eaten Onsite

Children must eat the meal at the approved site unless the meal is served during a field trip. Based on the Sponsor's policy, only one item - a fruit, vegetable, or grain component, may be taken offsite.



What are the SFSP Meal Types?				
1st Meals	Complete meal served to a child 18 and under or a disabled adult participating in an educational program.			
2nd Meals	Complete 2nd meal served to a child 18 and under or a disabled adult participating in an educational program. Seconds must be served after all other children receive a 1st meal			
Program Adult Meals	Meal served to adults working directly with the operational side of the SFSP. Program Adult meals are an allowable SFSP expense, but cannot be reimbursed.			
Non-program Adult Meals	Meals served to all other adults. These are not an allowable cost to the SFSP so the adult or another fund must pay for them.			
Disallowed Meals	Meals served to children that are not eligible for reimbursement (incomplete, taken offsite).			

### Choosing the best way to count meals



There are different ways a POS count can be taken. Different methods can be chosen based on how the site operates.

### Check-off or Tally Sheets

Person stands at the end of the meal service line and checks off meals by type (1st. Znd, Program Adult, Non-program Adult, and Disallowed Meal) as they are served. Sample meal count forms can be found in USDA Administrative Guidance Manual.

### Token or Popsicle Stick Method

Children pick up a token or popsicle stick at the beginning of the line and put it in a container at the end of the line after receiving a complete meal. Last server in line verifies the meal meets requirements and that the token/popsicle stick is placed in the container. Use the different color tokens or popsicle sticks method to count 2<sup>nd</sup> meals and/or adult meals.

### What if...

### A child wants to *leave* with a meal?

Plan ahead because it will happen! Post signs around the site, serving area, and put notices on menus that it is expected that children stay on site to eat. Make sure all staff at the site are aware of the rules so they can help. If you are unable to prevent a child from leaving with a meal, that meal is then disallowed. Establish a procedure to follow to ensure the meal is removed from the 1st meal count.



### Clicker Counter Method

Person stands at the end of the meal service line and clicks for each complete meal that is served to a child. A different clicker or method is needed to count 2nd meals and/or adult meals.







### A Site is not returning meal count forms?

Whichever method is chosen, develop policies and procedures to help ensure meal count integrity and train staff. Plan to check meal count cords weekly for errors, missing information, fluctuations in numbers, and problems with delivery (if applicable). Establish procedures before the summer starts addressing expectations on returning meal count forms, calling in counts, and maintaining meal records. Without adequate documentation, meals cannot be claimed for reimbursement.

### Organization is Key

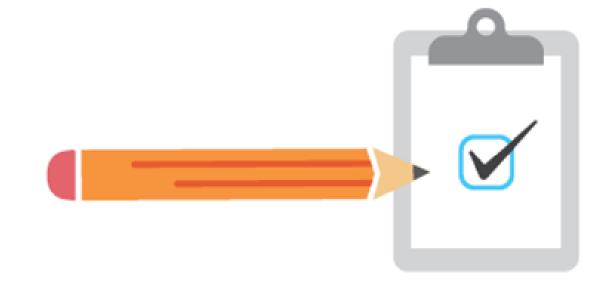
Consider providing sites with pre-printed meal count forms containing the site name, dates, and types of meal services. Do not populate meals served! Copy meal count forms for the various meal services on different colored paper and use light colors if forms are faxed. For example, breakfast on yellow, lunch on pink, supper on blue and snack on green. Request completed forms to be returned by a specific daw/time.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020



### **Accurate Meal Counting**

Sponsors receive reimbursements based on *the number of meals served* to children. Therefore, keeping an accurate meal count is an essential component of making sure the claims are accurate.





### Reimbursable Meals Are:

- Served to children 18 years and under
- Counted at the Point of Service (POS)
- Meet *meal pattern* requirements
- Served during the approved meal service time
- Eaten on-site







# What are the SFSP Meal Types?

- 1st Meals
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Meals
- Program Adult Meals
- Non-program Adult Meals
- Disallowed Meals



### **Second Meals**



- A limited number of second meals served as a unit can be claimed for reimbursement, as long as the total number of second meals does not exceed two percent of first meals served by the sponsor, for all sites, during the claiming period.
- If the State Agency determines that the sponsor has failed to plan ahead and incorrectly prepared or ordered meals, second meals may be disallowed.





### **Meals Served to Adults**

- Program Adults work directly with the meal service at the site as either volunteers or paid employees.
- Meals may be served free to adults who meet this definition.
- These meals *may not* be claimed for reimbursement but may be counted as operating costs.



### **Meals Served to Adults**

- Non-Program Adults do not work in any direct way with the meal service at the site, such as a parent or guardian.
- If a Sponsor chooses to serve meals to non-program adults, the sponsor may charge a fee for the meal.







### **Meals Served to Adults**

- If the Sponsor chooses to serve the meal at no charge, then the sponsor <u>must use non-Program funds</u> to cover the cost of these meals.
- The Sponsor may include those funds as Program income and pay for these meal costs from its nonprofit food service account.



### **Recording Meals**

Meals served to children (including second meals), Program adults, and non-Program adults must be counted and recorded separately on the daily meal count form.





Acceptable Counting Methods

- P.O.S. by the Cashier
- Clicker Counter Method
- Check-off Tally Sheets
- Token or Popsicle Stick Method



### **Recording Meals**

 Meals served to children (including second meals), Program adults, and non-Program adults must be counted and recorded separately on the daily meal count form.





### **Unacceptable Meal Counting Methods**



 Meal counts based on the number trays or plates available.

 Meal counts based on the number of children in attendance.

 Meal counts based on previous meal counts.



### Organization is Key!

 Consider providing sites with pre-printed meal count forms containing the site name, dates, and types of meal services.

Do not populate meals served!

 Copy meal count forms for the various meal services on different colored paper.

 Request completed forms to be returned by a specific day/time.









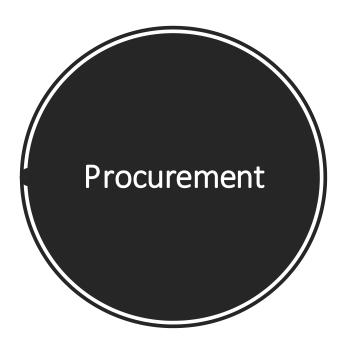


## Procurement

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training







How do you know a price is

Compare previous purchases, have

being purchased.

personal knowledge of the item being

purchased, or compare to similar items

### **Procurement**

### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

All purchasing of food, supplies, goods, and services with Program funds by Sponsors must comply with procurement standards prescribed in 2 CFR Part 200 and 7 CFR 225, as well as any more restrictive State and local standards that may be in place.

### **Procurement Methods**

### Micro-Purchase (up to \$10,000)

This is a purchase method that may be used when the price of the aggregate purchase does not exceed \$10,000. The purchase may be made without obtaining quotes from various vendors/suppliers providing that the price of the items being purchased is reasonable. Micro purchases must also be distributed equally among qualified vendors to the extent possible. This means the next time the same items are purchased; it should be done through a different qualified vendor.

### Small Purchase (between \$10,000 - \$250,000)

This is a simple and informal method of purchasing that allows for the sponsor to comparison shop for the best price on goods and services. Prices are to be obtained from an adequate number (3 suggested) of vendors prior to purchasing from one of them. Documentation of the price quotes is required and should include the date, the vendor contacted, and the quotes received (verbal or written). Store advertisements may be considered as documentation. It is important when obtaining quotes that all vendors are provided with the same information (specifications for the products/services you wish to buy). The purchase is made from the most responsive and responsible vendor with the lowest price.

### Large Purchase (over \$250,000)

This large, formal procurement method must be used when the dollar amount of the procurement has an estimated value equal to or greater than \$250,000. Sponsors may choose to utilize formal procurement even when the purchase is below \$250,000 if the formal procurement method will result in the organization receiving a more competitive price. The formal purchase methods include an invitation for Bid (FB) and Request for Proposal (RFP). Sponsors will need to determine which procedure, the IFB or RFP, is right for the situation. The formal procurement method should result in a purchase that is cost-effective, cost-justifiable, and defendable from a competitive procurement perspective. As with any procurement, it is important to allow for sufficient time and resources, this is particularly important when using a formal procurement method.

### **Procurement Ethics**

Sponsors are required to write a code of conduct to govern the performance of employees engaged in procurement. These written standards must prohibit employees from soliciting gifts and other incentives from prospective contracts, and also prohibit employees from

participating in the selection, award, or administration of any contract to which they have a personal or financial connection. The code of conduct must also provide for disciplinary action to be applied in the event the standards are violated.



### Options for Buying Meals

When a sponsor does not have the adequate facilities and/or staff to prepare their own meals for the Program, they can purchase meals from a vendor (school, hospital, nursing home, caterer, etc.) or hire a Food Service Management Company (FSMC) to do the job. In doing so, the prescribed procurement process must be followed with the exception of purchasing from a school.

### From a School

When purchasing meals from a school, the sponsor is not required to use the competitive bid procedures but should verify that the school has a comparable price and meal quality to commercial vendors that could potentially provide the meals. A written agreement with the school is required. A sample is provided in the SFSP Resources Packet.

### From a FSMC or Vendor

In the SFSP, this means purchasing meals from any commercial enterprise or nonprofit organization. If the expected contracted price is below \$250,000 the sponsor may use the prototype agreement for vended meals. If another agreement is used, submit to the SFSP Program Specialists for review prior to use. If the expected contract price is \$250,000 or more, contact the SFSP Program Specialists for more information.

### Details! Details! Details!

There are many required elements of a FSMC contract and the formal procurement process. To dig into the details, take a look at the SFSP Administrative Guidance Manual for Sponsors.

### Purchasing 'Local'

Summer brings new opportunities to source local foods. Sponsors may decide to target local products to include in their Program in order to improve the quality of the meals, provide opportunities for nutrition education to Program participants and to contribute to the local economy. Because Program requirements require fair and open competition, a sponsor may not require that a product come from a local source, however it can be communicated as a preference making sourcing local products possible.

### Use of Small, Minority, and Women's Businesses

All sponsors are encouraged to take affirmative steps to ensure that small, minority firms and women's business enterprises and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps may include placing such businesses on solicitation lists and ensuring that they are contacted whenever they are deemed as a potential source. When economically feasible, sponsors may wish to divide their total requirements into smaller tasks or quantities and adjust delivery schedules to permit maximum participation.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020





### What is Procurement?

- Procurement is the process of obtaining goods and services from vendors.
- It means getting the best value for the lowest price.
- An organization should use the SFSP funds wisely, to make the dollars stretch, yet not compromise on the quality of goods and services.
- It is important that SFSP organizations carefully procure goods and services to make the best use of their SFSP funds.





### **Procurement**



- Before making a purchase, an organization should check their budget to make sure that an item or service has been approved and is an allowable cost.
- If there are ANY questions concerning purchasing specific goods or services,
   CONTACT THE STATE AGENCY!



### **Procurement**

### Methods of procurement for purchasing goods and services:

- Micro-Purchase
- Small Purchase
- Competitive Sealed Bids
- Competitive Proposals
- Sole Source

PROCUREMENT CATEGORY	Previous Dollar Threshold	Revised Dollar Threshold	General Description
MICRO-PURCHASE	>\$3,500	>\$10,000	No competitive quotations     Entity must consider if the price is reasonable
SMALL PURCHASE	> \$150,000	> \$250,000	<ul> <li>Price or rate quotations must be obtained from adequate number of qualified sources</li> <li>Adequate number is not defined in guidance</li> <li>More informal and simple method of analysis</li> </ul>
SEALED BIDS	< \$150,000	< \$250,000	Generally for construction contracts Publicly solicited Pricing is main factor in award
COMPETITIVE PROPOSALS	< \$150,000	< \$250,000	<ul> <li>Formal Solicitation</li> <li>Fixed-price or cost-reimbursement contracts</li> <li>Utilized when sealed bids not appropriate</li> <li>Proposal evaluation method generally utilized</li> </ul>
SOLE SOURCE	N/A	N/A	<ul> <li>Unique</li> <li>No competition for the goods/services</li> <li>Public emergency making competitive proposal not suitable</li> <li>Requires approval from federal funding</li> </ul>



### Micro Purchase under \$10,000

### Procurement by micro-purchase is:

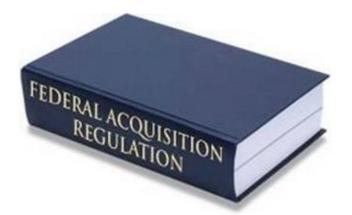
- acquiring supplies or services whose one-time transaction or pre-determined total cost does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold of \$10,000.
- Purchases must, to the extent practical, be equitably distributed among qualified suppliers.





### Small Purchase \$10,000 - \$249,999.99

- Small purchase procedures are relatively simple and informal for securing supplies, services, or other property whose one-time transaction or pre-determined total cost in similar food category, does not exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold of \$250,000.
- Price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources.





### **Invitation for Bid (IFB)**

### An Invitation for Bid (IFB) is:

 a competitive procurement method used when the best value is expected to result from a selection of the lowest evaluated prices and/or lowest offer based on representative sample of solicited items.





### Request for Proposal or RFP

### Request for Proposals (RFP) is:

 a procurement method used when the best value is expected to result from the selection of technically acceptable proposals, where the lowest evaluated price or lowest price is based on a representative sample of requested goods is not the most important factor of evaluation and when technical aspects are not clearly defined.

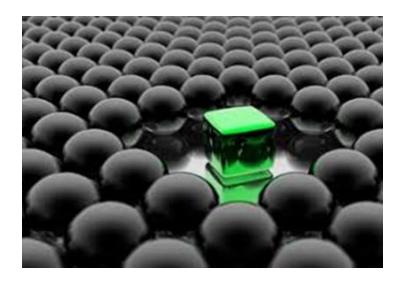




### **Sole Source**

### Sole source procurement involves:

- A lack of competition for goods or services
- Public emergency making competitive proposal not suitable
- Required approval from the State Agency





# Procurement Ethics

- Sponsors are required to maintain a written Code of Conduct to govern the performance of persons engaged in procurement.
- The Code of Conduct must also provide for disciplinary action to be applied in the event the standards are violated.





### **Purchasing Local**

Sponsors may decide to target local products to include in their Program in order to improve the quality of the meals, provide opportunities for nutrition education to Program participants and to contribute to the local economy.





### Use of Small, Minority, and Women's Businesses

Sponsors are encouraged to take affirmative steps to ensure that small, minority firms and women's business enterprises and labor surplus area firms are used when possible.

When economically feasible, Sponsors may wish to divide their total requirements into smaller tasks or quantities and adjust delivery schedules to permit maximum participation.





### **Options for Buying Meals**

- From a School
- From a FSMC



### **Options for Buying Meals**

### From a School

When purchasing meals from a school, the sponsor is not required to use the competitive bid procedures but should verify that the school has a comparable price and meal quality to commercial vendors that could potentially provide the meals.

A written agreement with the school is required.







# Training

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





### **Training**

#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Training is one of the major administrative responsibilities of a sponsor. An efficiently operated Program requires sponsors to provide training throughout the duration of the Program.

#### **Training Requirements for Sponsors**

Sponsors have a dual responsibility to both attend and provide annual training regarding the SFSP. Sponsors are not only required to attend annual training conducted by the State Agency (SA), but Sponsors are also required to provide training to all administrative and site level staff before any SFSP operations begin.

Provide Comprehensive Training --- Because different staff groups (administrative, site monitors, site level staff) have different program responsibilities, many sponsors prefer to offer different training sessions to focus on each group's specific function. Sponsors must maintain documentation from each training session (this includes dates, lists of attendees, and training topics covered). USDA has developed several checklists, templates, and documentation forms to assist sponsors with their training responsibilities. These resources are available in the Administrative Guidance Manual.

Check for Understanding --- Training does not have to be limited to one or two sessions at the beginning of the summer. Many sponsors implement weekly or bi-weekly meetings to provide additional training and to ensure that all meals are accurately counted, recorded, and eligible for reimbursement. A comprehensive and continuous training program can lead to improved site quality and maximize the benefit received by participating children.

Communicate --- The foundation of a good training program is communication, both internally and externally. Sponsors should be diligent to create open lines of communication with the SA, school vendors or FSMCs, administrative staff members, monitors that visit each site, and site level staff. Any point of contact (i.e. meetings or calls) with key personnel or external stakeholders can provide an opportunity to ask questions, discuss operations, identify problem areas, and provide training. Communication also enables every staff member, regardless of their position in the organizational chart, to understand their essential function in the SFSP.

Assess your Needs ---- The size and type of a sponsor's SFSP will dictate many of the sponsor's staffing and training needs. The sponsor must provide adequate personnel for overall program management and monitoring at each site. The larger the staff, the more rigorous the training program should be. Examples of specific duties and responsibilities for each staff position can be found in the Administrative Guidance Manual.

#### Sponsor Training of Administrative Staff

The training session offered for administrative staff will explain the responsibilities and duties of all personnel helping to administer the SFSP. These personnel may include the director, assistant director, office staff, school principals, area supervisors, and monitors.

The specific training needs of sponsor administrative staff will vary. Specific areas of the training may require greater depth with different employees. However, all training for administrative staff should cover the following:

#### Provide a general explanation of the program. emphasizing the following topics:

- Purpose of the Program
- Site Eligibility
- Recordkeeping requirements
- Organized site activity
- Meal requirements
- · Nondiscrimination compliance

#### Describe how the program will operate within the framework of the organization, including:

- · How meals will be provided
- The delivery schedule (if applicable)
- . What records are kept and what forms are used.
- Staff Responsibilities

#### Sponsor Training of Monitors

Monitors should be present at both the site and administrative training to ensure a comprehensive understanding of program operations at both levels.

The sponsor must provide monitors with thorough training because only those monitors knowledgeable in program requirements and duties will be able to provide meaningful feedback to the sponsor. Since the monitoring function is so important to proper program operations and full reimbursement, sponsors should conduct separate training sessions for monitors that highlight their specific functions. This training should outline the specific duties of monitors including:

- Sites for which they will be responsible
- Conducting site visits/reviews
- Monitoring schedules
- · Reporting/recordkeeping procedures
- Follow-up procedures

- Office procedures
- Local sanitation and health laws
- Civil rights
- · Reporting of race and ethnicity data
- Considerations for personal safety

Materials to use include the site visit and review forms, monitor mileage log, Monitor's Guidance Manual and ethnic/racial data form.

#### Sponsor Training of Site Staff

SFSP regulations require that no food service site may operate until personnel at the site have attended at least one of the sponsor's training sessions. This is an annual requirement.

Sponsors must document the attendance at site training sessions and schedule additional sessions for those staff that are absent. Regulations also require that at least one person who has been trained by the sponsor be present at each of the sponsor's sites during the time of the meal service. This means that if a site supervisor who has attended the sponsor's training session resigns during the summer, the sponsor is responsible for ensuring that the new site supervisor receives all necessary training before taking charge of the site. At a minimum, sponsors should be certain that they cover the following topics in the training session for site personnel:

#### Provide a general explanation of the Program, emphasizing the following topics:

- Purpose of the Program
- Site eligibility
- · Recordkeeping requirements
- Organized site activity Meal Pattern requirements
- · Civil Rights requirements

#### Describe how the site will operate:

- · Approved meal services, meal times, and delivery schedules
- Meal adjustments
- · Sponsor's contact information
- · Sponsor policy regarding adult meals,
- inclement, weather, trash removal, etc. Health and Sanitation standards

- **Explain Recordkeeping Requirements:** · Daily Recordkeeping requirements
- Delivery Receipts
- Meal Count Sheets
- · Daily Labor Records

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.

Sites may operate until site personnel have attended a SFSP site operations training session.





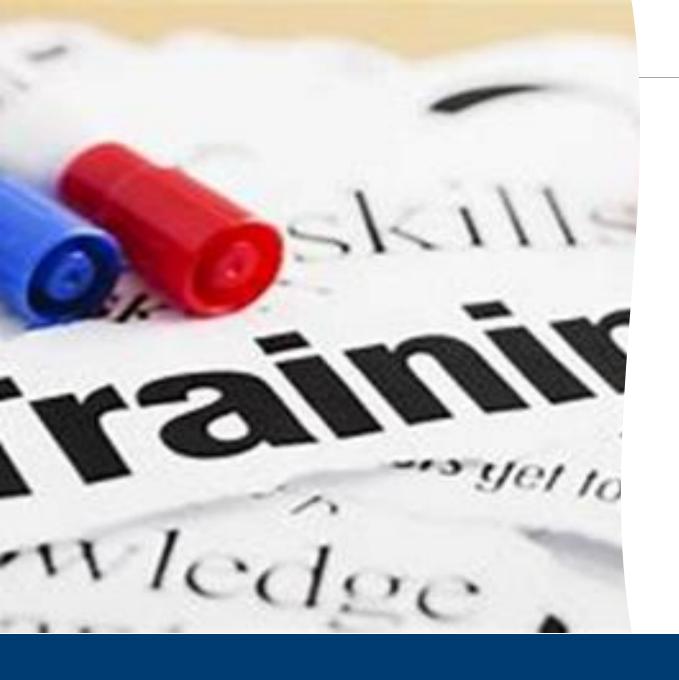


# Why is Training Important?

Training is one of the major administrative responsibilities of a sponsor.

An efficiently operated Program requires Sponsors to provide training throughout the duration of the Program.





## **Dual Responsibilities**

- Sponsors have a dual responsibility to both attend and provide annual training regarding the SFSP.
- Sponsors are also required to provide training to all administrative and site level staff before any SFSP operations begin.



## **Training Requirements for Sponsors**

### All site trainings should cover:

- Site type (open, closed etc.)
- Type of meal service
- The food safety rules and sanitation guidelines
- Types of meals served
- Serving a complete meal
- Trash removal service

- Method for meal count
- Meal pattern requirements
- Reporting issues
- Nondiscrimination Policy
- Congregate feeding policy & taking food off site
- Requirements for field trips



## **Sponsor's Training of Administrative Staff**

### General Information

- Purpose of the Program
- Site eligibility
- Recordkeeping requirements
- Necessity for accurate records
- Meal requirements
- Nondiscrimination compliance
- Completing the Menu book

### Monitor's Training Responsibilities

- Conducting site visits/reviews
- Sites for which they are responsible
- Monitoring schedule
- Reporting procedure
- Follow- up procedure
- Office procedures

### Civil Rights

All operational and administrative staff must be trained on Civil Rights.

- It is the sponsor's job to ensure all staff are trained on Civil Rights
- English:
   http://www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/SiteSupervsGuide.pdf
- Spanish:
   http://www.fns.usda.gov/sites/de
   fault/files/sp SiteSupervsGuide.pdf





## **Sponsor's Training of Operational Staff**

Provide a general explanation of the program, emphasizing the following topics:

- Purpose of the Program
- Site eligibility
- Recordkeeping requirements
- Necessity for accurate records
- Meal requirements
- Nondiscrimination compliance

Describe how the Program will operate within the framework outlined in this guide.

Use the meal schedule, sample delivery receipts, and sample daily reporting forms for sites, including:

- How meals will be provided
- Mealtimes
- What records are kept and what forms are used
- Completing the Menu book

### Training Site Supervisors:

- One person trained by the sponsor must be present at each of the sponsor's sites during time of meal service
- The sponsor is responsible for ensuring new site supervisors receive necessary training before taking charge of the site





## **Training Checklist for Monitors**

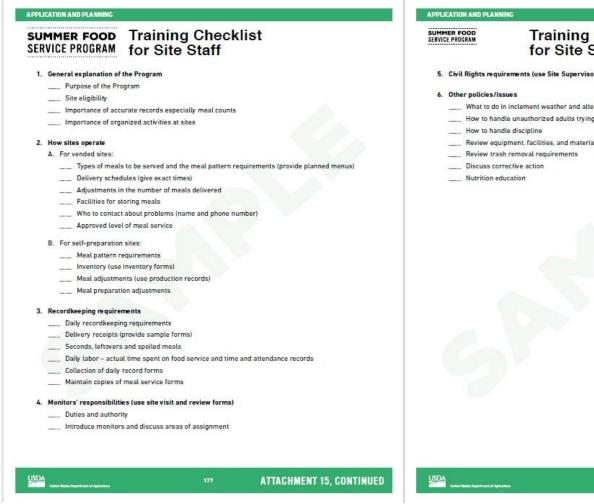
# Provided in USDA's Administration Guide





## **Training Checklist for Site Staff**

# Provided in USDA's Administration Guide



**Training Checklist** for Site Staff, Continued 5. Civil Rights requirements (use Site Supervisor's Guide) What to do in inclement weather and alternate service areas How to handle unauthorized adults trying to eat meals Review equipment, facilities, and materials available for recreational activities ATTACHMENT 15, CONTINUED



## **Training Checklist for Administrative Staff**

# Provided in USDA's Administration Guide

SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM	Training Checklist for Administrative S	Staff
Use this checklist for training secretaries, area supervisors,	g sponsor administrative staff, including office and monitors.	ce assistants, clerks, bookkeepers,
1. General explanation of	the Program:	
Purpose of the Pro	gram	
Site eligibility		
Recordkeeping rec	uirements	
Organized site acti	vity	
Meal requirements		
Nondiscrimination	compliance	
2. How the Program opera	ites:	
How meals will be	provided	
The delivery sched	ule, if applicable	
What records are i	ept and what forms are used	
3. Special duties of Monito	ers (include if separate training is not held for	monitors):
How to conduct sit	e visits and reviews	
Sites for which ear	h monitor is responsible	
Monitoring schedu	le	
Reporting procedu	res	
Office procedures		
Ann an te		
USDA	175	ATTACHMENT 1







## Lunch





# Monitoring In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





## **Monitoring Sites**



#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Monitoring is essential to making a Program successful. Having knowledgeable trained monitors will enable Program operations to comply with Program requirements and run more smoothly.

#### Monitor Responsibilities

Having an efficient and capable monitoring staff is one of the first steps towards successful operations. A monitor serves as a direct link between the Sponsor's administrative office and the actual food service sites. They are the "eyes and ears," providing valuable feedback about how the sites are operating by visiting sites on a regular basis and observing meal services. Establishing a proper monitoring system will help prevent problems from occurring and will make it easier to correct any problems that arise during the summer. The size of the monitoring staff will depend on the size of the sponsor's

To meet Program monitoring requirements, USDA recommends no less than one monitor for every 15 to 20 sites in urban areas. The number of monitors necessary for rural sites may increase depending upon the geographic area

The sponsor must ensure that the monitor's responsibilities and authority are clear to the monitoring staff, site supervisors and office personnel.

#### Visits and Reviews

Monitors are required to perform site visits and site reviews at various times throughout program operations. These reviews are an important part of the sponsor's responsibility to ensure the integrity of the Program. Site visits and reviews are defined

#### Site Visits:

Requires monitor to ensure that the food service is operating smoothly and that any apparent problems are immediately resolved.

#### Site Reviews:

Requires monitor to determine if the site is meeting all the various Program requirements. Monitors must observe a complete meal service from beginning to end, including delivery or preparation of meals, the meal service, and clean up after meals.

#### **Sponsor Monitoring Requirements**

Sponsors must ensure that the following minimum monitoring requirements are met:

#### Pre-operational Visits

Prior to operation, sponsors must certify that all sites have been visited and have the capability and the facilities to provide the meal service planned for the number of children anticipated to be served

#### Site Visits

Sponsors must visit each site at least once during the first week of operation to ensure the site is operating smoothly. However, the first week site visit requirement is waived for returning sites that successfully operated during the previous summer (or other most recent period of operation) and had no serious deficiency findings. Sponsors of these sites are still required to review the site within the first four weeks of operation.

Sponsors must conduct a review of the food service at least once in the first four weeks of Program operations. If a site operates less than four weeks, the sponsor must still conduct a review. A monitor must observe delivery or preparation of meals, service of meals, children eating the meals; clean up after meals, and completion of site meal count paperwork. During each review the monitor should discuss any concerns or problems with the site supervisor and other site staff. The monitor must also document everything on the site visit/review form, including technical assistance and training provided.

#### Follow-up Visits

Sponsors must conduct follow-up visits for any serious deficiencies that were identified during a site visit or review to ensure that permanent corrective action has been implemented

Refer to the Sponsor Monitor's Guide for detailed information on sponsor monitoring requirements.

#### **Conducting the Review**

#### What to know before you go:

- Site location and type of site
- Name of Site supervisor, were they trained?
- Dates of operation and approved meal service time
- Planned Menus
- Meal Delivery Schedule (if applicable)
- Meal Count history
- Planned field trips



Before Meal Service Begins:

- · Arrive prior to meal delivery or during preparation . Confirm type of site with the site supervisor
- · Observe food delivery or meal prep. Are the meals held at proper temperature, delivered on time, enough prepared for anticipated number of children.
- meet meal pattern requirements? For delivered meals, is there a delivery receipt or production information, are meals being counted
- Check for open site posting, if applicable, as well as other required postings - "And Justice for All" poster, menu and other postings required by the sponsor

#### During Meal Service:

- . Observe the entire meal service ... beginning to end
- Determine if meals are served within the approved meal service time and are being served in a safe and sanitary manner.
- Are children served complete meals, offer versus serve being handled appropriately, if applicable, one meal per child, eaten on site?
- If non-Program adults are being served, do the adults pay for the meals or are non-program funds used to pay for the meals? Is there a system in place for collecting and storing payment?
- Are meals counted correctly by category and at the point of service?
- Determine if meals are served to all attending children, regardless of the child's race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability. Assure all children have equal access to services and facilities at the site.

#### After Meal Service:

- · Check your meal count to see if it matches the site supervisor's count.
- . Review daily records kept by the site. Are they complete and accurate?
- Complete the Monitor review form. Discuss any issues with the site supervisor and the action to be taken to correct them.
- Provide technical assistance and training as needed to the site supervisor.

#### **Monitoring Reports**

All visits and reviews must be documented. Records of visits and reviews will help sponsors assess the operation of sites. Records are only useful when they are carefully reviewed by sponsor personnel and when follow-up monitoring is scheduled to ensure that any corrective actions have been taken to improvesite operations.

Each sponsor should design a tracking system for handling monitor reports. Sponsors should have a system that will ensure that monitors return reports frequently - if possible every day. The reports should be immediately reviewed by a specific member of the sponsor's staff who

is responsible for following up on any problems. The staff member should:

- Review any problems found by the monitor Call the site supervisor, if necessary
- Document corrective action taken at the site
- Schedule a follow-up review, if necessary
- Sign and date the report
- Determine if site changes are required, report to OCN

The Sponsor review official should base the timing of follow-up reviews on the severity of the problem.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. January 2020





# Why is Monitoring Important?

Monitoring is essential to making your Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) successful.

Having efficient, capable, trained monitors will ensure that Program operations comply with federal and state laws.



## **Monitoring Sites**

### Monitor's Responsibilities are:

To participate in annual training and understand Program requirements, including Civil requirements

To ensure that sites operate according to Program guidelines

To carry a supply of all necessary forms during site visits and reviews

To provide training for all site personnel

To spend enough time at each site to ensure proper Program operations



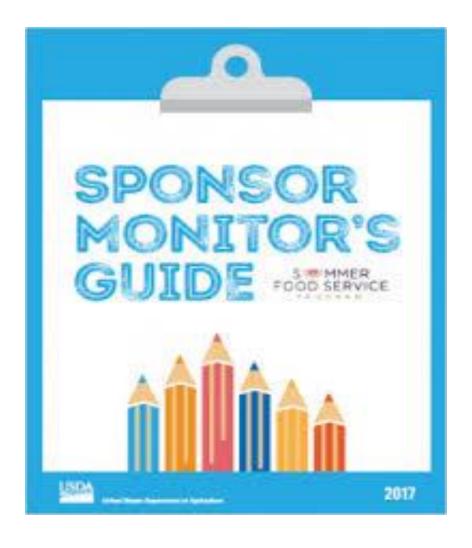


# Visits and Reviews

- Monitors are required to perform site visits and site reviews at various times throughout program operations. These reviews are an important part of the sponsor's responsibility to ensure the integrity of the Program.
- Refer to the SFSP Resource Packet for detailed information and sample forms.



## **Sponsor's Monitor Guide**







## **Site Visits**

- Ensure food service operation is operating smoothly
- Resolve problems immediately





## **Site Reviews**

- Determine if the site is meeting Program requirements
- Observe a complete meal service from beginning to end
- Observe delivery or preparation of meals



# Sponsor's Monitoring Requirements

Sponsors must ensure that the following monitoring requirements are met:

- Pre-operational Visits
- Site Visits
- Site Reviews
- Follow up visits



## Sample Pre-Operational Visit Form

S⋘MMER
FOOD SERVICE
PROGRAM

## Sample Pre-Operational Visit Form

Site name:	Site number:	
Site address:		
Site telephone number:		
Person to contact for use of site:		
Type of site (check appropriate type):		
Recreation center Residential camp School Play street Church Playground Park Settlement house	☐ Healthcare ☐ Other ☐ Libraries ☐ Rural Development (RD)/Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	
Estimated number of children the site could serve:		_
Are the present facilities adequate for an organized meal serv If answer is no, comments:		
For the estimated number of children, does the site have: Shelter for inclement weather? Adequate cooking facilities (if applicable)? Adequate storage for prepared or delivered food? Storage space for records at site? Adequate refrigeration?	Yes No	
Access to a telephone?  Is this site for-profit?	Lhis site?	
		_
Improvements or corrective actions needed before site operat	tes:	_
Did the site have any deficiencies in the previous summer?		_
Monitor's Signature	Date	
riorintor o organizatione		





## **Site Visits**

- Sponsors must visit each site at least once during the *FIRST WEEK* of operation.
- These visits are required to make sure the food service operation is running smoothly and to verify information such as the site address, storage, holding and preparation facilities, and serving capacity.



## Sample First Week Visit Form

Date of site visit:

## FOOD SERVICE Sample First Week Visit Form

Departure Time:

Monitor's arrival time:

Site name:	Site address:
Discussion with site staff (list names):	
Areas of Discussion	Notes and Observations
Has the site supervisor attended training session?	
Are meals being counted and signed for?	
Are all required records being completed?	
Are meals served as second meals excessive?	
Do meals meet meal pattern requirements?	
Is there proper sanitation/storage?	
Is the site supervisor following procedures establish meal order adjustments?	ed to make
Are meals served at the time approved by the State a	agency?
Are all meals served and consumed on-site? (Note if State agency and sponsor allow fruits/veget; grains to be taken off site).	ables/
Is each meal served as a unit?	
Are there any problems with delivery?	
Is there documentation of children's income eligibility, if	applicable?
Is there an "And Justice for All" poster, provided by the on display in a prominent place?	he sponsor,
List any problems that were noted, and any correct	tive actions that were initiated to eliminate the problems:
Monitor's Signature	Date



## **Site Reviews**

1

Sponsors must conduct a review of the food service at least once in the first *FOUR WEEKS* of Program operations.

2

If the site operates less than four weeks, the sponsor must still conduct a review. 3

After this initial period, Sponsors must conduct a "reasonable" level of monitoring.





## **Conducting the Site Review**

- ✓ Before the Meal Service Begins
- ✓ Observe Meal Preparation
- ✓ Observe the Meal Service
- ✓ Civil Rights
- ✓ Meal Counts
- ✓ Before Leaving the Site



## Sample Site Review Form

### FOOD SERVICE Sample Site Review Form

NOTE: To be completed during first f	our weeks of opera	ation			
Sponsor:					
Site Contact Name:		Title:_			
Site Address:			Telepho	ne:	
Date of site visit:M	onitor's arrival time	e:	Departu	re Time:	
Site Supervisor:					
☐ Open site ☐ Camp site	Average daily p	participation (if	applicable): _		
Today's attendance:	Ap	proved meal s	ervice time:_		
Types of meals reviewed:   Br  Approved level of service:	eakfast				
Day of visit	Breakfast	AM Snack	Lunch	PM Snack	Dinner
# Meals delivered (if applicable)					
# Meals/milk from previous day					
Time meals delivered (if applicable)					
Time meals served					
# First meals served to children					
# Second meals served to children					

# Meals served to Program adults

# Meals served to non-Program adults

Discarded meals (dropped, spoiled, incomplete meal, test meal\*, etc.)

# Meals leftover

\*Test meal cannot be claimed for reimbursement but should be recorded.

#### FOOD SERVICE Sample Site Review Form, Continued

	Site Review Questions	Yes	No	Explain any "No" answers below:
1	Does the staffing pattern correspond to that listed on the approved site sheet?			Explain any no answers second
2	Has the site supervisor attended training session?			
3	Does the site have sufficient food service supervision?			
4	Are meals counted/checked before signing delivery receipt?			Program Violations
5	Are accurate meal counts taken of meals served?			Adult meals included in count of meals served
6	Are meals served as second meals excessive?			
7	Are records of adult meals being kept?			Offsite consumption. (Do not include fruits/vei if allowed by State agency and sponsor).
8	Do meals meet approved menu?			3 More than one meal served at one time to chil
9	Do meals meet meal pattern requirements?			
10	Are meals checked for quality?			4 Meal pattern not met (specify):
11	Is there proper sanitation/storage?			5 Meals not served as a unit.
12	Is the site supervisor following procedures established to make meal order adjustments?			6 Meal serving times not met.
13	Are meals served within approved time frames?			7 Other Program violations (specify):
14	Are all meals served and consumed on-site? (Note if State agency and sponsor allow fruits/vegetables/grains to be taken off-site.)			Check and explain if any of the following apply:
15	Does site have a place to serve children meals in case of inclement weather?			□ No records Explanation:
16	Is each meal served as a unit?			☐ Incomplete records Explanation:
17	Is the meal delivery schedule followed?			Poor sanitation Explanation:
18	Are there provisions for storing or returning excess meals?			Other Explanation:
19	Is there documentation of children's income eligibility, if applicable?			curer Explanation
20	Is there an "And Justice for All" poster, provided by the sponsor, on display in a prominent place?			Corrective action discussed with (Name and Tit
21	Are meals served to all attending children regardless of the child's race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability?			Corrective action taken:  Site supervisor's comments:
22	Do all children have equal access to services and facilities at the site regardless of the child's race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability?			Further action needed by (date):
23	Is informational material concerning the availability and nutritional benefits of the Program available in appropriate languages and translations are accurate?			I certify that the above information is correct:
24	Are there reasonable modifications in policies and procedures to ensure individuals with disabilities have equal access and effective communication when accessing the Program?			Monitor's Signature Di
25	Are there reasonable steps in place to ensure meaningful access to services for limited English proficient persons by providing information in the frequently encountered, non- English languages of individuals eligible to be served or likely to be affected by the program?			Sponsor Representative's Signature Da

#### SOMMER FOOD SERVICE Sample Site Review Form, Continued

Explain any No answers below.		
Drogram Violations	Actual Count	Tune of Mont

	Program Violations	Actual Count	Type of Meal
1	Adult meals included in count of meals served to children.		
2	Offsite consumption. (Do not include fruits/vegetables/grains if allowed by State agency and sponsor).		
3	More than one meal served at one time to children.		
4	Meal pattern not met (specify):		
5	Meals not served as a unit.		
6	Meal serving times not met.		
7	Other Program violations (specify):		

☐ No records	Explanation:		
☐ Incomplete records	Explanation:		
Poor sanitation	Explanation:		
Other	Explanation:		
Corrective action discussed with (Name and Title):			
Corrective action taken:			
Site supervisor's comments:			
Site supervisor's commer	nts:		
	(date):		

*	
***	MISSISSIPPI
	DEPARTMENT OF

Site Supervisor's Signature



## **Monitoring Reports**

- All visits and reviews must be documented. Sponsors should carefully review this documentation to assess the operation of its sites.
- Sponsors must develop a tracking system for monitoring reports. This system should ensure that monitors submit reports frequently.
- Reports should be reviewed by a designated member of the Sponsor's staff who is responsible for following up on any identified problems.





## **Monitoring Reports**

The staff member should:

- Review any problems found by the monitor
- Call the Site Supervisor, if necessary
- Document corrective action taken at the site
- Schedule a follow-up review, if necessary
- Sign and date the report



## Reviewing Monitoring Reports

Sponsors should pay close attention to the quality of the monitor's reports. There are **indicators** that may suggest additional training is needed for a monitor.







# Reviewing Monitoring Reports

Additional training is appropriate if the monitor:



Did not answer all questions on the report, or if the responses are incomplete



Rarely notes problems and does not include comments in the remarks section of the report



Observes that the number of meals delivered/served and the number of children who are in attendance are always the same but does not follow-up on this suspicious pattern





# Reviewing Monitoring Reports

- Recommends a corrective action and fails to note the action taken or fails to initiate correction of the problems
- Fails to recommend adjustments in orders when the number of meals exceeds attendance
- Arrives at site late or does not stay for the entire meal service





## **Follow-Up Visits**

Sponsors must conduct *follow-up visits* of sites if serious deficiencies that were identified during a visit or review to ensure that permanent corrective action has been implemented.



## **Administrative Reviews of Sponsors**



 The State Agency will complete an administrative review of each Sponsor's Program operations.

 The review will consist of an inspection of the Sponsor's records.





# ho will receive an Administrative Review?

**New Sponsors** 

Problematic Sponsors

Biennial Sponsors

Aggregate Reimbursement Ten Percent (10%) or One





# SFSF Administrative Reviews

The following Sponsor level records will be reviewed by the Program Monitor:

- ☐ Program application, agreement, and supporting documentation
- ☐ Administrative and site training documentation
- ☐ Site monitoring records
- ☐ Financial Records
- ☐ Invoices and receipts
- ☐ Daily meal count records for each site
- ☐ Menus and other food service records
- ☐ Meal Delivery receipts
- ☐ Health, safety, and sanitation inspections
- ☐ Documentation of corrective action from prior review, if applicable



#### **SFSP Administrative Reviews**

The following Site level records will be reviewed by the Program Monitor:

- Meal Count Sheets
- Menus and Menu Books
- Delivery Slips
- Time and Attendance Records
- Health, Safety and Sanitation Records



#### **Violations**



- Findings of non-compliance with Program requirements may result in withholding or recovery of reimbursements, corrective action or termination, and exclusion from future Program participation.
- If the violations are severe, the organization may be declared seriously deficient.



### **Common Program Violations**

Including but not limited to:

Failure to maintain adequate Sponsor or site records

Claiming meals that were not served to eligible children

Submission of false information to the State Agency

Failure to have a trained site supervisor at each site during the meal service

**Using Program funds for unallowable costs** 



### **Common Program Violations**

Including but not limited to:

Meal count consolidation errors

Failure to meet training and monitoring requirements

Failure to conduct point of service meal counts

Serving meals that do not meet meal pattern requirements

Children eating complete meals off-site





#### **Corrective Action Plans**

- Upon receipt of a Findings letter from the State Agency, each Sponsor must provide a written Corrective Action Plan (CAP).
- The CAP must address each finding and include the actions being implemented to *permanently* correct the identified deficiency.



### **Developing a CAP**

#### A corrective action plan must include:

- **Who** will be responsible for correcting the issue
- *What* will be done to correct the problem
- *How* the organization will ensure continued compliance
- When these actions will take place
- Where the supporting documentation will be maintained





#### If the CAP is Accepted:

- When a corrective action plan is received from an organization, it is evaluated to ensure that it is complete and that each finding has been adequately addressed.
- If the CAP is satisfactory, the State Agency will issue a letter to the institution indicating that its response was acceptable, and the review is closed.



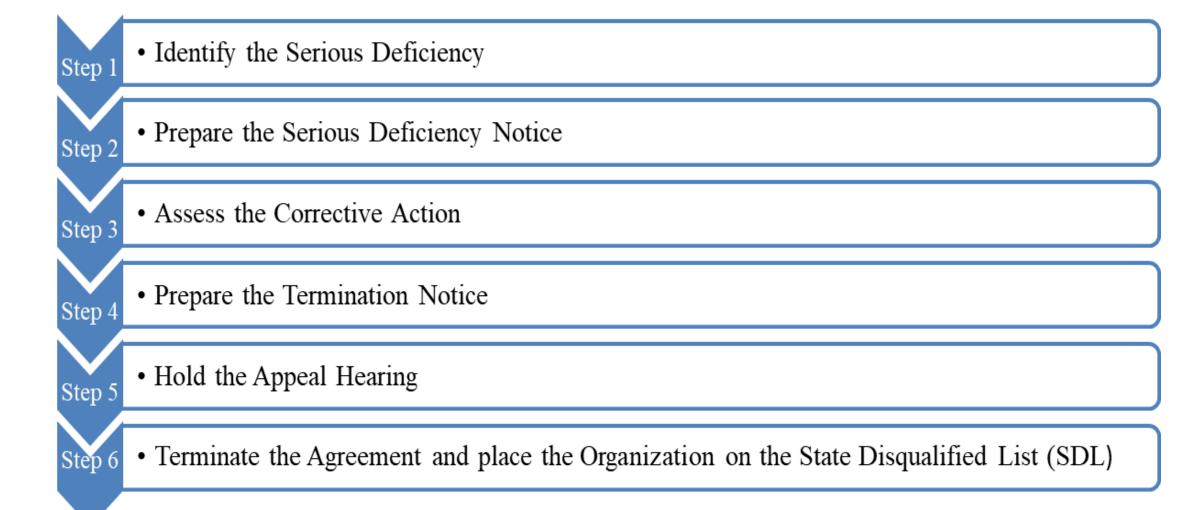
# the CAP is NOT Accepted:

If the corrective action plan is *incomplete*, the organization will be informed of all outstanding items and allowed additional time to submit the remaining documentation.

If the corrective action plan is not submitted and/or the additional documentation is inadequate, the State Agency must proceed to declare the organization *seriously deficient*.



### The Serious Deficiency (SD) Process









# Financial Management

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





# Financial Management

IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Sponsors participating in the Summer Food Service Program are required to demonstrate financial viability, maintain a non-profit food service account, and manage funds according to federal and state requirements.

#### The Budge

The SFSP Application requires that sponsors submit an administrative plan that includes a budget. A budget assists the sponsor with planning the Program, helping to ensure enough funds are available to pay for food, supplies, transportation, food service staff, the administrative staff and the overhead it takes to operate a well-run Program.

#### Elements of the Budget

#### Revenue - income received to operate the program

Prior Year Carry-Over - Since sponsors are reimbursed for the number of meals served to children, it is possible that the actual cost of providing the meals is less than the total reimbursement received. If federal funds remain at the end of the Program year, these must either be retained for Program use the following year OR transferred into another Child Nutrition Program account (i.e. school bunch, school breakfast, CACFP At-Risk, etc.) administered by the same sponsor.

Estimated Reimbursement - Determined by the estimated number of meals served, by type (breakfast, lunch, supper, snack). Reimbursement rates are updated annually and will be provided by the State Agency. Cash Donations, Grants - Occasionally, sponsors may receive private donations or grants to assist in funding the SFSP. These are considered income to the Program.

Other - Should the expected revenue not cover all allowable SFSP expenses, the Sponsor must show revenue from another source to off-set the cost of operating the Program.



#### Operational Expenditures - costs related directly to the day to day operation of the program

Food - must be creditable in order to be considered an allowable expense. Documentation sources: receipts, invoices, receiving reports, inventory reports.

Non-Food - includes paper goods, cleaning supplies, etc. Documentation sources: receipts, invoices, and receiving reports.

Labor - Food prep, service, delivery, clean-up.

Documentation sources: timesheets, payroll records.

Rental - Costs for building and food service equipment

Documentation sources: rental agreements, invoices, cost allocation method.

Transportation - Food and/or children for meal service only. Documentation sources: mileage logs, receipts, cost allocation method.

Utilities - Kitchen, storage areas. Must be based on total cost of operating the building and square footage of kitchen/storage area used for SFSP. Documentation sources: utility bills and calculation of allocation.

Support documentation for all program expenses must be maintained on file for 3 years, plus the current year.



#### Administrative Expenses - costs related to managing the program

Labor - time spent planning and organizing the Program, contract completion, monitoring sites, claim consolidation & submission, bookkeeping. Documentation sources: Time sheets, payroll records.

Office Supplies - postage, printing, etc.

Documentation sources: receipts, invoices.

Rent - office equipment, space. Documentation sources: rental agreements, invoices, cost allocation method.

Transportation - travel for site monitoring, training.

Documentation sources: mileage logs, receipts, cost allocation method.

Utilities - Administration office use. Must be based on total cost of operating the building and square footage of office space used for SFSP. Documentation sources: utility bills and calculation of allocation.

#### Cost Allocations

Sometimes sponsors may operate more than one Child Nutrition Program at a time. When this happens, costs such as food, supplies, and food service labor, and possibly food transportation costs may need to be allocated between Programs. It is allowable to allocate shared costs based on the number of meals prepared for each of the Programs. However, if there are items specifically purchased for one program or another, and proper documentation is available, these items should be direct expensed (i.e. infant formula purchased for CACFP).

No supporting documentation? Then, do not use SFSP funds to pay for it.

#### **Unallowable Costs 101**

Spending SFSP funds appropriately requires consideration - is the cost necessary, reasonable and allocable? Some items considered to fall into the 'no' or unallowable category include: Entertainment and fundraising costs (i.e. social activities, amusements, food that is purchased for use outside of the SFSP and/or is not creditable (ii.e. coffee, ice cream, pudding), costs associated with meals served to any adult not directly working with the operation of the Program, fines or penalties resulting from the failure to follow federal, state, and or local laws and regulations, repairs that materially increase the value or useful life of a building, etc. If unallowable costs are identified, the costs must be returned to the SFSP account. Be proactive and have a system in place to review invoices and allocable costs appropriately. A separate bank account is not required but is highly recommended.

#### **Excess Funds**

Occasionally, sponsors may have funds leftover at the end of the Program. As a general rule, if the funds are more than one third of the Sponsors total budget, the amount is considered an "excess". Sponsors with excess funds should develop a spending plan to reduce the excess. Improving meal quality and program access are key areas that should be the priority for expending these funds.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.

#### Receiving Donated Meal Components?

Documentation of the donation must be recorded using the State Agency's Donation Form template, along with a copy of proof of purchase. In either case the documentation should specify the date of the donation, item description, quantity, and the source.



### **Financial Management**

Sponsors participating in the Summer Food Service Program are required to demonstrate *financial viability*, maintain a *non-profit food service* account, and *manage funds* according to federal and state requirements.









### The Budget

SFSP participation requires
Sponsors to submit an
application, including a budget.



### **Elements of the Budget**

- Revenue is income received to operate the program.
- Operational Expenditures are costs related directly to the day-to-day operation of the program.
- Administrative Expenses are costs related to managing the program.



### **Budget Calculation**

#### OPERATIONAL & ADMINISTRATIVE INCOME PROJECTIONS

1. Add last year's ADP or the anticipated ADP for each meal type.

Breakfast 50 Lunch 50 Supper \_\_\_\_ Snack \_\_\_

2. Total Days of Operation 20

3. To obtain total meals, multiply number in #1 times the number in #2.

Breakfast 1000 Lunch 1000 Supper \_\_\_\_ Snack \_\_\_

To obtain the total projected income, write the total meals in the charts below, then multiply them by the reimbursement rates.

**ADP (Average Daily Participation)** 





# Budgets in the MARS SFSP Application

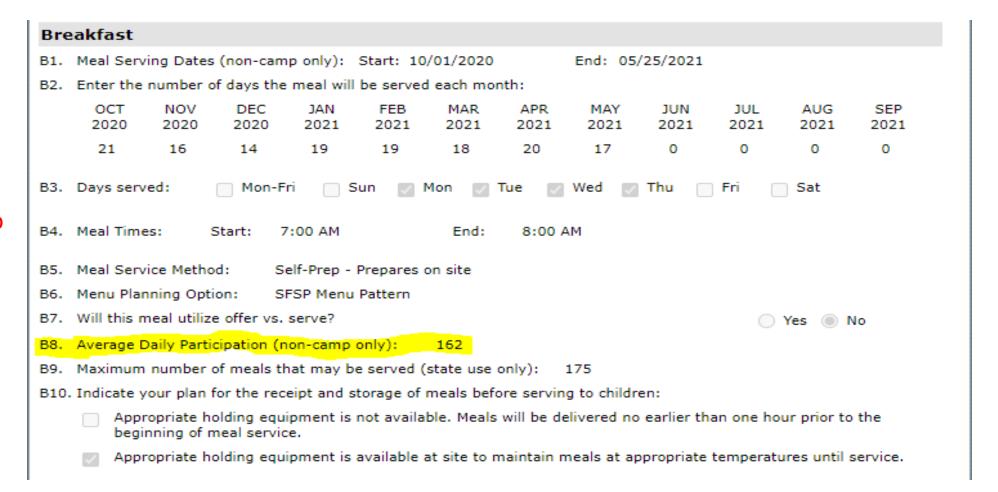
How is the budget derived in MARS?

- Question "8" on the Site Application
- The budget should be the **LAST** thing you done when completing the MARS application, because it is pulling numbers from other places. If Sponsors, do it first, the budget won't make sense!



### **Example of a Site Application in MARS**

Your ADP is going to pull into your budget in the form of a projected reimbursement.





### **Example of a Budget in MARS**

#### 2020 - 2021 SFSP Budget Detail

Status: Active
SCHOOL DISTRICT

Type of Agency: Educational Institution
Type of SFSP Organization: School Food Authority

**Budget Version:** Original

#### **Operating Reimbursement**

Meal	Sites	Total Meals	Total
Breakfast	4	121,248	\$261,895.68
Lunch	4	121,248	\$455,892.48
Snack	0	0	\$0.00
Supper	0	0	\$0.00

Sub Total

\$717,788.16

#### **Administrative Reimbursement**

Meal	Sites	Total Meals	Total	
Breakfast	4	121,248	\$26,068.32	
Lunch	4	121,248	\$47,589.84	
Snack	0	0	\$0.00	
Supper	0	0	\$0.00	
		Sub Total	\$73,658.16	



### **Example of a Budget in MARS**

Total SFSP Costs			\$1,097,480.00
Total SFSP Reimbursement  Excess SFSP revenue amount from the prior program year or previous participation in SFSP		\$791,446.32	
		\$	19.61
Amount from other funding re	esources (e.g. grant, donations)	\$	311,510.22
Other funding resources	Extra Federal Funding District Maintenance	e Fund	
		Balance	\$5,496.15



#### **SFSP Costs**

- Necessary
- Reasonable
- Properly Allocated
- Approved in the Budget
- Documented





### **Allowable Operating Costs**

- Food Costs
- Non-food supplies used in the Food Service
- Space for the Food Service







#### **Allowable Administrative Costs**

- Planning
- Organizing
- Administering



#### **Unallowable Costs**

- Spending SFSP funds appropriately requires consideration - is the cost necessary, reasonable and allocable.
- If unallowable costs are identified, the costs must be returned to the SFSP account.



 Be proactive and have a system in place to review invoices and allocate costs appropriately.



### **Types of Unallowable Costs**

- Cost for excess meals
- Meals not meeting program requirements
- Cost to purchase food used outside of SFSP
- Repayment of over-claims or other Federal debts
- Costs of meals served to adults not in the operation of the food service
- Entertainment and fundraising costs









### **Documenting Costs in SFSP**

- Supporting documentation for all program expenses must be maintained on file for three years, plus the current year.
- No supporting documentation? Then,
   do not use SFSP funds to pay for it.



### **Donated Meal Components**

 Documentation of donated meal components must be recorded using the State Agency's *Donation Form template*, along with a copy of *proof of purchase*.

• In either case the documentation should specify the date of the donation, item description, quantity, and the source.







#### Afternoon Break





# Civil Rights

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





# Civil Rights Requirements



#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

All participating sponsors must inform potential participants of the availability of the SFSP. In addition, all sponsors and their sites are required to:

Display the "And Justice for All" poster developed by USDA in a prominent place at the site and in the sponsor's office. Contact the State Agency for posters.

Make Program information available to the public upon request.

Take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to services for limited English proficient persons by providing information in the frequently encountered, non- English languages of individuals eligible to be served or likely to be affected by the program.

Ensure that translations are accurate concerning the availability and nutritional benefits of the Program.

Make reasonable modifications in policies and procedures to ensure individuals with disabilities have equal access and effective communication when accessing the Program.

Include the nondiscrimination statement, and instructions for filing a complaint, in the public release and in any Program information directed to parents of participants and potential participants. Shortened version may be used only if the print material is a page or less and there isn't enough room for the full version. "This institution is an equal opportunity provider."

Ensure that meals are served to all attending children, regardless of their race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability.

Ensure that all children have equal access to services and facilities at the site regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability.

#### RACE AND ETHNICITY DATA

Each year, every sponsor must determine the number of potentially eligible participants by racial/ethnic category for the area served and submit it within the contract application. This information may be obtained from census data or public school enrollment data.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

The sponsor also must collect race and ethnicity data each year by ethnic/racial category for each of the sponsor's sites. Sponsors of residential camps must collect and maintain this information separately for each session of camp. For all other sites, the sponsor must count the participating children at least once during the site's operation. The sponsor may use visual identification to determine a participant's racial/ethnic categories.

To provide flexibility and ensure data accuracy, separate categories must be used when collecting and reporting race and ethnicity. Ethnicity must be collected first. Participants may be counted in one or more racial designations. A sample Race and Ethnicity Data Form can be found in the Administration Guide.

#### **NEWS MEDIA RELEASE**

As part of the public notification requirement, each sponsor must submit a media release to its local newspaper prior to operation each year. It is recommended that sponsors use the prototype media releases found online the Administration Guide. The purpose of the media release is to announce the availability of free meals, the nondiscrimination policy and complaint filing procedures.

All staff who work with the USDA Child Nutrition Programs must receive training on all aspects of civil rights compliance annually. Topics to be included in the Civil Rights training:

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- What is Discrimination?
- Collecting/recording racial/ethnic data
- Where to display posters
- What is a Civil Rights complaint?
- How to handle a Civil Rights complaint



#### NON-DISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA) its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities: may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made a validable in languages other than English.

To file a program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, (AD-3027) found online at: http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint.filing.cust.html, and at any USDA office, or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866)

632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by:

 mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;

fax: (202) 690-7442; or

email: program.intake@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020.

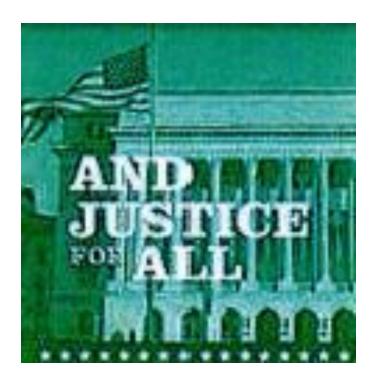




### Civil Rights Requirements

All participating Sponsors must inform potential participants of the availability of the SFSP. In addition, all Sponsors and their sites are required to:

- Display the "And Justice for All" Poster
- Make information available to the public upon request
- Ensure meaningful access to services for limited English proficient persons
- Accurate translations concerning availability and nutritional benefits of the Program
- Reasonable modifications for person with disabilities
- Non-Discrimination Statement (short or long versions)
- Equal access to meals to all attending children
- Equal access to services and facilities





# Race and Ethnicity Data

- Determine the number of potentially eligible participants by racial and ethnicity category.
- For each site, record racial and ethnic data at least once during the site's operation.
- Use the Race and Ethnicity Data Form.





#### News Media Release

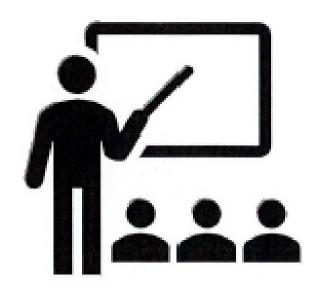
Annual Media Release

Use prototype media releases

Announces availability of free meals, the nondiscrimination policy, and complaint filing procedures



### **Civil Rights Training**



All staff who work Child Nutrition Programs must receive training on all aspects of Civil Rights compliance annually. Topics to be included are:

- What is discrimination?
- Collecting/recording racial/ethnic data
- Displaying AJFA posters
- Civil Rights complaints







# Program Reimbursements

In The Summer Food Service Program

2022 SFSP Training





#### **Program Reimbursements**

#### IN THE SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM

Payments made to sponsors are based on the number of meals served to children. USDA determines the rates of reimbursement on a nanual basis. All money received through the SFSP are federal funds, passed through the State Agency to the sponsor.

#### Non-camp programs

Base eligibility on area using free/reduced or census

Can receive reimbursement for up to 2 meals per day in any combination other than lunch and supper on the same day.

Receive reimbursement for ALL eligible 1st meals served.

Can receive reimbursement for 2nd meals that do not exceed 2% of the total 1st meals served.

#### Records needed to file a claim

- Daily meal count documentation for all meals served at approved sites.
- Number of sites that operated during the claim period.
- Maximum number of days of operation during
   slaim period.
- Production documentation verifying reimbursable meals were served.

#### Camp programs

Base eligibility on the income level of the specific children that are served.

Can receive reimbursement for up to 3 meal services per day, in any combination.

Receives reimbursement for eligible 1st meals by type (breakfast, lunch, supper, snack) served to children determined to be low income or 'needy'.

#### Records needed to file a claim

- Daily meal count documentation for all meals served at approved sites, by session.
- Number of children enrolled, by session. Number of children determined Needy by session (see Participant Eliaibility for more information).
- Production documentation verifying reimbursable meals were served.

#### Determining the Claim Period and Deadline for Filing Claims

The number of days of operation by month will determine how many claims should be filed and ultimately, when they are due. Once it is known how many days the Program will operate, determine what claims will need to be filed and put the due dates on a callendar to nesure claims are filed on time.

#### Guidelines for determining claim period

- If there are 10 days or less during the initial month of operation, the claim data for the initial month can be combined with the following month.
- If there are 10 days or less during the final month, the claim data from the final month can be combined with the prior month.
- . If there are 10 days or less in both the initial and final month, all counts can be combined onto one claim.
- If there are LESS than 10 days in the final month, counts from the final month MUST be combined
  with the prior month. The only instance this will not work is when there in it an immediate prior
  month (i.e. the sponsor only operated in June and August). In that case, the final month must be
  signed to the decision of the prior of
- Claims are due 60 days from the end of the claim period. When the final claim is combined with the
  prior month, it is due 60 days from the last day of operation.

#### The Reimbursement Process

- Log into the Mississippi Application & Reimbursement System (MARS) using the assigned username and password: https://cnms.mdek12.org/prod/Splash.aspx.
- 2. Enter the claim following the step-by-step instructions provided in the MDE-Overview of SFSP Claim handout.
- 3. After submitting a claim, a message will appear on the screen that it has been successfully submitted.
- Processed claims will appear within MARS. To view a claim, log back into MARS, go to the SFSP claim area as instructed in the MDE-Overview of SFSP Claim handout.

Payments are direct deposited once Paymode is processed through Bank of America. Please note that only one account is allowed per organization, so if an agency operates multiple Child Nutrition Programs, the organization will need to decide on one account for all deposits. For more information regarding the direct deposits, go to <a href="http://portal.paymode.com/ms">http://portal.paymode.com/ms</a>.



#### How are sponsors reimbursed?

A sponsor submits monthly claims in order to receive reimbursement. The SFSP reimburses sponsors by the number of eligible meals served multiplied by the current reimbursement rate, regardless of the sponsor's administrative and/or operating expenses.



#### Figuring the ADP

The ADA is calculated at the site level. Identify the primary meal service for each site, calculate the ADA (total meals divided by days of service for the site), always round up, and sum the ADAs for each site to get the total ADA to enter on the claim.

#### Tips for an accurate claim

Collect and review meal count forms for sites on a weekly basis. Look for errors in reporting - serving more meals than what was delivered, including 2nd meals or adult meals in the 1st meal count etr.

	Number of Operating Days during Claim Pariod	Number of Breakfast Served	Number of Lunches Served	Number of Snacks Served	ADA
ite 1	15	1,125	1,861*	0	125
ite 1	15	1,125	1,861	U	143
ite 2	10	0	2,009°	1,257	201
ite 3	7	343	0	798*	114
iponsor otal ADA					440

\*Primary meal service

- Contact sites to clarify questionable meal counts; document contact info and any changes on your copy of the forms.
- Establish a procedure where another person reviews the claim for accuracy prior to submission.
- √ If using a spreadsheet to consolidate and summarize meal count data, make sure formulas are accurate!

Sponsors may request Advance Payments when applying for the Program.

Any funds advanced to a sponsor are deducted from the amount earned when the reimbursement claim is filed.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. Updated January 2020





#### Advance Payments 7 CFR 225.9 (c)

- Sponsors may request advanced payments for program costs.
- Organizations may request advanced payments thirty (30) days before federally prescribed payment dates.



#### **Advanced Payments**



- Sponsor's must be financially sound.
- Advanced payments are based on a percentage of projected meals served during the requested month.





## Advance Payment Calculation (Self-Prep)

Example: The amount calculated by MARS is \$28,746 for Operational and \$1,496.88 for Administrative

Operational -  $$28,746 \times 65\% = $18,684.90$ , divide by 2 = \$9,342.45

Administrative -\$1,496.88 x 33% =  $\frac{$493.97}{}$ , divide by 2 =  $\frac{$246.98}{}$ 



#### **Key Advance Information**

- Advanced payment requests will be considered upon the approval of the SFSP application in MARS.
- Recovery of all or part of an advance will be received by MDE/OCN through submitted claims for reimbursement.
- If advance funds are still owed after the final claim, the State Agency will initiate collection efforts to recover the remaining balance.





#### **Advanced Payment Scenarios**

The following scenarios are actual examples of Sponsors receiving and returning advance payments to the State Agency.





#### **Advance Scenario #1**

Organization: ABC School District

Advance request: \$1,200 for the month of June 2020

Claim for June 2020: \$1,250

#### **Amount Paid to Sponsor:**





Organization: Eat! Eat! Eat!

Advance request: \$12,000 for the month of July 2020

Claim for July 2020: \$14,000



#### **Amount Paid to Sponsor:**



Organization: Yummy Tummy, LLC



Advance request: \$33,000 for the month of July 2020

Claim for July 2020: \$25,000

#### **Amount Sponsor must** *Return* **to the State Agency:**







## How May Sponsors Use Advanced Payments?

Advanced payments may be used by Sponsors for:

- Operating Costs (food, non-food supplies, labor, etc.)
- Administrative Costs (labor, office supplies, etc.)

These costs must be approved in the Budget and allowable SFSP expenses!





#### **Limits**

7 CFR 225.9 (c) (4) *Limit.* The sum of the advance operating and administrative costs payments to a sponsor for any one month shall not exceed \$40,000 unless the State Agency determines that a larger payment is necessary for the effective operation of the Program and the sponsor demonstrates adequate administrative and managerial capability to justify a larger payment.



Complete Question 43 in the SFSP Organization Application.

#### Will the Organization be requesting Advance Payments?

Ger	neral Questions						
41.	Does your agency provide year round public services to the community(ies)	○ No					
	If No, which of the following circumstance applies?						
	f Other, please describe.						
42.	Describe the on-going year round service your organization provides to the community that would be served by SFSP.						
	Counseling Services, Food Pantry and Religious Services						
43.	Will the Organization be requesting Advance Payments?	Yes No					
44.	Was your organization ever terminated or determined to have been seriously deficient in its operation of the SFSP or any other Child Nutrition Program?	Yes  No					



Select Applications, then click on Advance Requests





To add an Advance Request, select Add next to the selected month.

Action	Advance Month	Advance Type	Advance Amount	Outstanding Balance	Status	Date Processed
Add	Oct 2019				n/a	
Add	Nov 2019				n/a	
Add	Dec 2019				n/a	
Add	Jan 2020				n/a	
Add	Feb 2020				n/a	
Add	Mar 2020				n/a	
Add	Apr 2020				n/a	
Add	May 2020				n/a	
Add	Jun 2020				n/a	
Add	Jul 2020				n/a	
Add	Aug 2020				n/a	
Add	Sep 2020				n/a	



Select the type of advance being requested by the Sponsor.

Advance Date: Apr 2020					
First Advance Request					
	Operating				
	Administrative				



After reading the Acknowledgement Statement, click the box.

I understand that any advance payment received will be deducted from future reimbursement payments. Further I understand that the sponsor will be responsible for repayment of any part of the advance that exceeds the amount reimbursed to the sponsor for the number and types of meals actually served during the operation of the Summer Food Service Program.



#### **Submitting Requests for SFSP Advanced Payments in MARS** 234

#### Step 6

Click Save.



#### Step 7

Select Finish.

The Advance Detail has been saved.





#### **Key Reminders**

- To be eligible for an advance, the Sponsor must operate at least ten
   (10) days in the month.
- Advanced payments will be recovered from the claim for reimbursement for the applicable month.
- If advanced funds are still owed after the final claim, the State Agency will initiate collection efforts to recover the remaining balance.



#### Warning!

- Be conservative when projecting the number of meals your organization plans to serve.
- Daily Participation and the Number of Operating Days may be lower than anticipated for sites.

Please keep this in mind when requesting an Advance Payment!





# esponsium

## Claim for Reimbursement

- Sponsors assume responsibility for all the information submitted on the claims.
- The claim must reflect **only** meals that meet SFSP requirements and are **served** to eligible children.
- Based on number of meals multiplied by administrative and operating rates.



#### Records Needed to File a Claim

- Daily Meal Count Forms
- Weekly Consolidated Forms
- Consolidated Forms of First and Second Meals Served
- Production documentation verifying the service reimbursable meals
- Number of operating days for each site
- Number of sites operating





#### Non-Reimbursable Meals



Sponsors may claim reimbursement only for those meals that meet SFSP requirement.

#### Reimbursement <u>may not</u> be claimed for :

- Meal patterns and types not approved by the State Agency
- Meals served outside approved timeframes or approved dates of operation
- Meals not served as a complete unit, except offer versus serve
- Meals consumed off-site, except approved field trips



#### **Questions?**





## Civil Rights Compliance and Enforcement

mdek12.org





#### The purpose of FNS Instruction 113-1 is to:

- Establish and convey policy;
- Provide guidance and direction; and
- Ensure compliance with and enforcement of the prohibition against discrimination.



#### **Civil Rights Training**

- Training is required so that people involved at all levels of administration of programs that receive Federal financial assistance understand civil rights related laws, regulations, procedures, and directives.
- State agencies are responsible for training local child nutrition administrators on an <u>annual basis</u>.
- Local agencies are responsible for training their managers and staff who interact with applicants or participants on an annual basis.



#### **Required Topics**

The annual training <u>must</u> include, but not be limited to, the following training topics in the FNS Instruction 113-1:

□Collection and Use of Data ☐ Effective public notification systems □ Complaint procedures □ Compliance review techniques ☐ Resolution of noncompliance □ Requirements for reasonable modifications for persons with disabilities □ Requirements for language assistance □ Conflict resolution □Customer service



#### Defined as:

- Any person or group of people who have characteristics for which discrimination is prohibited based on a law, regulation, or executive order.
- What are the protected bases?





#### **Protected Bases**

#### Child Nutrition protected bases are:

- 1. Race
- 2. Color
- 3. National Origin
- 4. Age
- 5. Disability
- 6. Sex



#### "And Justice for All" Poster

 MUST be displayed where benefits are issued/received.

- Reproductions must be at equal size (11x17)
- If copied as black & white, use Form AD-475-A Revised September 2019





 https://www.mdek12.org/sites/default/files/docum ents/OCN/usda-nondiscrimination-statement.pdf



This institution is an equal opportunity provider.



#### **Collection and Use of Data**

State and Local agencies are required to obtain data by race and ethnicity.

Self identification or self-reporting is the preferred method of obtaining characteristic data.

Applicants/participants may not be required to furnish information on their race or ethnicity.

Where an applicant/participant does not provide this information, the collector shall through visual observation secure and record the data.





#### **Effective Public Notification System**

The purpose of the public notification system is to inform applicants, participants, and potentially eligible persons of:

- Program Availability
- Complaint Information
- Non-discrimination statement
- Provide appropriate information in alternative formats for persons with disabilities and in the appropriate language(s) for Limited English Proficiency (LEP) persons.



#### **Complaint Procedures**

Right to File — anyone alleging discrimination has the right to file a complaint within 180 days of the alleged discriminatory action. The Secretary of Agriculture or his designee may waive the 180-filing deadline for good cause. The reason justifying the waiver must be documented in writing in the complaint file.

Acceptance – complaints, written or verbal, must be forwarded to the appropriate FNS Regional Civil Rights
Director within 5 working days.

Anonymous complaints will be handled as any other to the extent feasible based on available information.

Forms – any Office of Civil Rights (OCR) may develop complaint forms, <u>but</u> the use of such forms must not be a prerequisite for acceptance of a complaint.



## **Complaint Procedures**

**Verbal Complaints** – the person to whom the allegations are made must write up the elements of the complaint for the complainant. Every effort should be made to have the complainant provide the following information:

Complainant Name, address & phone (email or other contacting means)

Specific location and name of Agency delivering the service or benefit

Nature of the incident or action that led the complainant to feel discriminated

The protected base (prohibited basis or protected class) the complainant feels discriminated against

Names, phone numbers, titles, addresses of persons who may have knowledge of the discriminatory action

The date which the alleged discriminatory actions occurred or the duration of such actions



## **Complaint Procedures**

https://www.usda.gov/oascr/complaint-resolution



## **Compliance Reviews**

Must advise the reviewed entity in writing of findings and recommendations

Federal or State reviewer must secure information as necessary to make the determination of compliance

Routine reviews conducted as required by program regulations.

#### Indicators of possible Civil Rights concerns may include:

- -unusual fluctuations of racial / ethnic groups in service area
- -number of discrimination complaints filed against the Agency
- -unresolved findings from previous reviews
- -information from grassroots orgs, advocacy State officials, etc.



## Resolution of Noncompliance

**Noncompliance** - factual finding that a Civil Rights requirement is not being adhered to

Achieving Voluntary Compliance – if found noncompliant, immediate steps to become compliant must be taken

Termination / Suspension of Assistance – any action must be limited to the Agency found noncompliant and limited to the particular program which noncompliance was found



## Requirements for Reasonable Modifications for Persons with Disabilities

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 and the ADA Amendments Act of 2008 prohibit discrimination and ensure equal opportunity for persons with disabilities in employment, State and local government services (Title II), public accommodations, commercial facilities, and transportation (Title III).

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 also prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicap in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.



# Requirements for Language Assistance

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and its regulations require recipients of federal financial assistance, i.e., SAs, local agencies, or other sub-recipients, to take reasonable steps to ensure "meaningful access" to information and services they provide for individuals with limited English proficiency (LEP).



## Reasonable Steps: Factors

- The number or proportion of LEP persons eligible to be served or likely to be encountered by the program or grantee
- The frequency with which LEP individuals encounter the program
- The nature and importance of the program, activity, or service provided by the program to people's lives
- The resources available to the grantee/recipient and costs



## Meaningful Access

Meaningful access is accomplished by providing reasonable, timely, appropriate, competent/qualified, accurate and effective language services to individuals with LEP when accessing recipient programs and activities.



## Limited English Proficiency (LEP)

Federal regulations also prohibit discrimination of LEP persons on the ground of national origin (7 CFR Part 15).

USDA LEP Policy Guidance can be found at:

https://www.fns.usda.gov/cr/limited-English-proficiency-lep



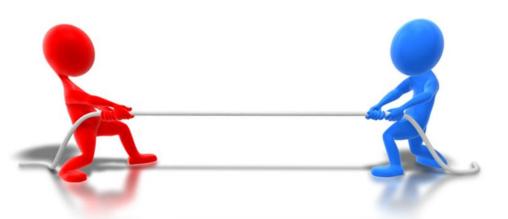
<u>Conflict</u> - when one or both parties are not able to secure what they need or want and are actively seeking their own goals.





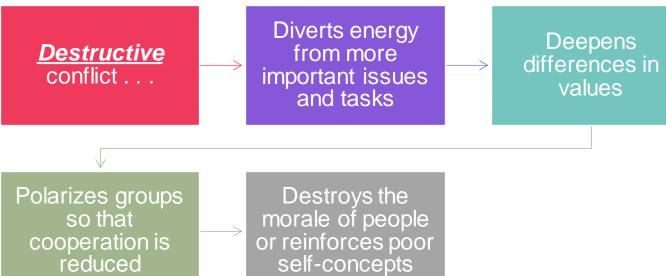
#### **Causes of Conflict:**

- Misunderstanding
- Personality clashes
- Competition for resources
- Authority Issues
- Lack of cooperation
- Differences over methods of style
- Low performance
- Value or goal differences











**Constructive** conflict . . .

Reveals issues of importance, resulting in issue clarification

Builds cohesiveness as people learn more about each other

Causes reassessment by allowing for examination of procedures or actions

Increases individual involvement





Conflict resolution refers to resolving the dispute to the approval of one <u>or</u> both parties. If both parties:

- Remain calm and approachable
- Enter the process with an open mind
- Don't prejudge others
- Don't overreact!
- Attack the problem, not the person and listen to understand their concerns.



## **Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR)**

#### Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR)

Use of a neutral 3<sup>rd</sup> party to resolve informally a complaint of discrimination using various techniques (e.g., fact finding, mediation, facilitation, etc.)





#### **Customer Service**



- Be professional.
- Be courteous.
- Listen intently and take notes if needed.
- Repeat back what you have been told to ensure correctness.
- Follow up with corrective action if required.
- Remember . . You <u>are</u> providing a service!







# Guidance Handout and Resource Packet

2022 SFSP Training





Office of Child Nutrition Scott Clements Director

#### Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) Regulation, Guidance, and Handbooks

The Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSP) was created to serve nutritious meals to children when school is not in session. To ensure all children receive proper nutrition throughout the year, SFSP reimburses organizations that prepare and serve meals to eligible children during the summer.

#### Regulation

- 7 CFR 225: Summer Food Service Program
  - https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=9a204059a02f38af6ec6f40aa14d0741&mc=true&node=pt7.4. 225&rgn=div5#sp7.4.225.a

#### Guidance

- FNS Instruction 796-4, Rev. 4: Financial Management-SFSP
  - https://squaremeals.org/Portals/8/files/SFSP/FNS%20Instruction%2 0796-4 %20Financial%20Management%20-%20SFSP%20for%20Children.pdf
- · FNS Instruction 113-1: Civil Rights Compliance and Enforcement
  - https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/113-1.pdf

#### Handbooks

- Administration Guide Summer Food Service Program

  - prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/sfsp/AdminGuideSponsors.pdf
- The Summer Food Service Program Monitor's Guide
   <a href="https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/MonitorsGuide.pdf">https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/MonitorsGuide.pdf</a>
- SFSP Nutrition Guide
  - https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/resource-files/USDA\_SFSP\_NutritionGuide.pdf

Fact Sheets and Tip Sheets

- FNS-101: Summer Food Service Program
  - https://fus-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/resource-files/FNS-101-SFSP.pdf
- Assessing Costs in the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP)
  - https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/sfsp/SFSP11-2015a.pdf



500 Greymont Avenue, Suite F P.O. Box 771 Jackson, MS 39205-0771

Phone (601) 576-5000 Fax (601) 354-7595 www.mde.kaa.ms.us





#### **SFSP Resource Packet**

- Requirements and Deadlines One-Pager
- Lunch ADP and F/R Meal Data (2019)
- Application for Participation Memorandum
- Permanent Agreement (New)
- Signature Amendment (Returning)
- Site and Central Kitchen Inspection Request Form
- Agreement to Furnish Food for the SFSP
- Organization Staffing Pattern
- Procedures for Appeals
- SFSP Rate Notice Memorandum
- Advance Requests Handout
- Assessing Cost in the SFSP
- Food Allergy & Anaphylaxis Emergency Care Plan

#### SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM





RESOURCE PACKET (N)

- HACCP-Based SOPS
  - Washing Hands
  - Hot and Cold Holding Time/Temperature Control
  - Serving Safe Food to Children with Allergies
  - Transporting Food to Satellite Sites
  - Using Suitable Utensils





#### Stage 1:

- Review the SFSP Application Memorandum
- Gather all required documents
- Submit the documents to the State Agency

#### Stage 2:

One-on-One Pre-Operational Visit

#### Stage 3:

• Completion of the Electronic Application in MS Application Reimbursement System (MARS) beginning March 1, 2022.



## Non-Discrimination Statement 27

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

Full Non-Discrimination Statement link:

https://mdek12.org/sites/default/files/documents/oc n/usda-nondiscrimination-statement.pdf

form or letter must be submitted to USDA by:

U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Weshington, D.C. 20200-0410; or

(NSI) 200-1005 or (200) 010-7442;

program intakurikunda.gov.

This institution is an equal apportunity provider

de Derechos Civilee (ASCPI, por sue eights en inglês) sobre la neturaliza y la facha de la presunta viciación de los derechos sinites. La certa o el formulario AD-2027 completeiro debe envianse al USEA per medio de

correc postal: U.S. Separtment of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Cini Rights 1463 Independence Assisse, SW Weenington, D.C. 26250-aero, o'

feet (\$10) 200-1000 o' (\$100) 600-7442; correo electrónico: program intakailunda gov

Esta restitución obsess igualdad de opertunidades



## Susie Q. Evans-Gater

Director, CACFP/SFSP

susie.evans@mdek12.org

mdek12.org



